

## REPORT PREPARED

9 October 2025





# SITE RECORD

ADDRESS	213 Badimara Street Fisher
CLIENT	Bhartendu & Urvashi Rajput
OCCUPANCY STATUS	occupied - the dwelling was furnished at the time of inspection

INSPECTOR - Adam Macie	<b>INSPECTION DATE</b> - 9 September 2025	WEATHER CONDITIONS - Fine
JOB REFERENCE - 44353	BLOCK - 8	SECTION - 8

# **INSPECTION DATA SUMMARY**

YEAR OF DEVELOPMENT (APPROX. ISSUE OF FIRST CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY)	<ul> <li>no Certificate of Occupancy or survey exists for the original ex government built residence due to government requirements at time of construction</li> </ul>
AREA DETAILS (APPROX. SQM)	<ul> <li>Residence - 105sqm</li> <li>Granny Flat - 87sqm</li> <li>Garage - 46sqm</li> <li>Block size - 817sqm</li> </ul>
WALL CONSTRUCTION	<ul> <li>brick veneer construction. For more information: visit residentialreports.com.au, click on 'resource library' and refer to the publication - Brick Veneer Walls</li> </ul>
ROOF CONSTRUCTION	timber truss construction concrete tile roof covering
FLOOR CONSTRUCTION	timber bearers and joists with tongue and groove flooring
ENERGY RATING	• 2 stars
CONSTRUCTION	<ul> <li>the dwelling is of adequate construction and structural workmanship for this type of residential development and its condition is commensurate with the era of construction, design, age and use</li> </ul>
MAINTENANCE	<ul> <li>there are maintenance items detailed in this report, please read the entire report</li> </ul>
TIMBER PEST REPORT	<ul> <li>please review the entire report, including the <i>Timber Pest Overview</i> and <i>Recommendations</i> section, for complete details and context</li> <li>no evidence of active subterranean termites (live species) was found at the time of our inspection</li> </ul>
COMPLIANCE REPORT	For details on structures in this block and section, see the compliance report

IMPORTANT: This report is intended to be read in its entirety. You must carefully read the full document including Detailed Inspection Information, Warranty & Use and Scope & Limitations prior to making any critical decisions. The above Data Summary is supplementary to the Report and should not be used as a standalone reference. It is imperative to review the complete Report and in the case of any discrepancies between the Report and the above comments, the information in the detailed Report is the final authority. The reader is requested to immediately contact us if any content is not fully understood and requires clarification or further explanation. We value the opportunity to work on this inspection project and wish you all the best as you evaluate this property.

Signed on behalf of:

Residential Reports Pty Limited ABN 38 609 880 122



Adam Macie

**Building & Timber Pest Assessor** 



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# **INSPECTION SCOPE - INTRODUCTION FOR THE READER**

The reader must refer to the comprehensive Warranty & Use and Scope & Limitations at the end of this report. This report is written with reference to the Australian Standards outlined in our Scope & Limitations and is the result of a largely visual inspection only as required by the Standards. The inspection has been conducted to identify notable defects, insofar as an inspector can reasonably identify them and considering the building's age. Comments are provided primarily for items that could impact property value, normal wear and tear for an older building may not be detailed. If there are any discrepancies between the "Summary" and the Detailed Report, the Detailed Report should be relied upon. Where testing is undertaken and there are adverse findings, details will be noted. We do not inspect features such as electrical appliances, utilities, or swimming pool/s and equipment; qualified technicians should be consulted. This report does not quantify ongoing maintenance, upgrades, cosmetic works, or minor defects. If present, significant defects will be noted, and further investigation may be recommended. Where reference has been made to termites (live species, activity or prior activity) and maintenance or defects of significance, we strongly advise that prior to making any critical decisions, that the services of a suitably qualified tradesperson be engaged to quantify remedial action. Report comments may seem repetitive to emphasise that all inspected elements have been reviewed and a summary of inspection items is included at the end of the report for your reference.



### STANDARD INDICATORS EXPLAINED

Our Inspector uses the terms below to describe the condition of building elements. The inspection is visual and conducted under normal lighting. These terms consider factors like the building's age, construction quality and type. Keep in mind that what is considered "good" may vary between an older and a modern building. There are no estimates for repair costs reported, as these depend on your service provider and chosen action:

GOOD	The feature is generally in good condition and does not require major repairs. Minor imperfections in the finish or structure may be present. For elements like windows and doors, the observation refers to a visual inspection only, focusing on substantial defects affecting the property, not operational issues.
FAIR	The feature is functional but has deteriorated and would benefit from cosmetic or remedial repair work.
POOR	The feature in the inspector's opinion, requires remedial action. Repairs or replacement are considered necessary rather than discretionary.
NO SIGNIFICANT DEFECTS	This condition is applied when no significant structural or functional defects are observed. Minor issues may be present, and any remedial action is discretionary.
DEFECTS HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED	This condition is applied where the inspector has identified defects that require remedial action or investigation considered necessary rather than discretionary.









### **BUILDING & TIMBER PEST REPORT**

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE**

Your inspector has conducted a comprehensive visual site assessment following Australian Standards for the Building Report and Timber Pest Report. Whilst the reports are considered separate, we've organised all the data for each area into a single table for your convenience. For example, when commenting on fences, you'll find information on both building maintenance and pest considerations in the one table. Where suspected water leakage, termite activity, active or latent, or building defects have been identified in this report, we strongly suggest further investigation. The reader must refer to the comprehensive Warranty & Use and Scope & Limitations contained in this report as it contains important advice for intending purchasers and for the owner of this building. A proactive approach to building maintenance and timber pest management is essential to the upkeep of the property.

#### **GENERAL REPORT NOTES:**

generally, window frames would benefit from repainting in some areas

# INTERIOR

Entrance	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good

Bedroom One	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	fair to good • the windows require adjustment to ensure smooth operation

Bedroom Two	
ceilings and cornices	<ul> <li>fair</li> <li>the ceiling lining is stained in some areas, we are unable to determine the cause, however the area was dry at the time of inspection. While no current signs of leakage were found, we recommend monitoring for any changes</li> <li>some of the screws in the plasterboard ceiling are visible</li> </ul>
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	fair to good • the windows require adjustment to ensure smooth operation



Bedroom Three	
ceilings and cornices	<ul> <li>fair to good</li> <li>the ceiling lining is stained in some areas, we are unable to determine the cause, however the area was dry at the time of inspection. While no current signs of leakage were found, we recommend monitoring for any changes</li> </ul>
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	<ul> <li>fair to good</li> <li>there are visible repairs to the door. This was considered to be of cosmetic significance only. Further repairs are discretionary</li> </ul>

Bathroom and Toilet	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good
vanity/hand basin	good
shower screen	good
ventilation	ceiling fan unit (with heat lamps)
	<ul> <li>one or more of the heat lamps are not working or missing</li> </ul>
toilet suite	good
water leakage	<ul> <li>no water leakage detected in accessible areas</li> </ul>
wall tiles	good
floor tiles	good
fit-out	good
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good

Laundry / Shower Room	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
doors and windows internal	good
vanity/hand basin	good
toilet suite	good
shower screen	good
water leakage	<ul> <li>no water leakage detected in accessible areas</li> </ul>
ventilation	<ul> <li>ceiling fan unit (with heat lamps)</li> </ul>
wall tiles	good
floor tiles	good
fit-out	good



Kitchen	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	<ul> <li>fair to good</li> <li>there is some minor movement cracking to the wall lining - this is a cosmetic matter and repairs required are minimal</li> </ul>
doors and windows internal	<ul><li>fair to good</li><li>the windows require adjustment to ensure smooth operation</li></ul>
sink	good
splashback	good
ventilation	<ul> <li>ventilation is provided by an externally ducted range hood</li> </ul>
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good
kitchen fit-out	good

Dining Room	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	fair
	<ul> <li>the window winder requires some repairs</li> </ul>

Living Room	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good

Hallway	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	<ul> <li>fair to good</li> <li>there is some minor movement cracking to the wall lining - this is a cosmetic matter and repairs required are minimal</li> </ul>
doors and windows internal	good

Interior/Main Dwelling	
termites - interior	<ul> <li>no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
wood decay - interior	<ul> <li>no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
borers - interior	<ul> <li>no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection</li> </ul>



Roof Cavity	
insulation	<ul> <li>the roof cavity is insulated with fibreglass batts</li> </ul>
sarking	<ul> <li>no sarking has been installed in the roof cavity</li> <li>For more information: visit residentialreports.com.au, click on 'resource library' and refer to the publication - Sarking</li> </ul>
roof construction	timber truss construction
termites - roof void	<ul> <li>no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
wood decay - roof void	<ul> <li>no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
borers - roof void	<ul> <li>no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection</li> </ul>

# EXTERIOR

Inspection Items		
roof exterior	<ul> <li>no significant defects</li> <li>concrete tile roof covering</li> <li>the condition of the tiled roof covering is commensurate with the age of construction, on older roofs over time, tiles and pointing can crack and there may be corner breakages, sometimes flashings may need to be repositioned. No leakage was detected at the time of inspection</li> </ul>	
gutters and downpipes	<ul> <li>defects have been identified</li> <li>there is leakage occurring at some gutter section joins. Remedial action may include sealing of the leak with an appropriate sealant. Monitoring and maintenance of guttering is recommended to ensure optimum performance</li> </ul>	
eaves, fascia and barge ends	no significant defects	
wall construction exterior	no significant defects • brick veneer construction	
doors and windows external	no significant defects	
floor construction	<ul> <li>defects have been identified</li> <li>timber bearers and joists with tongue and groove flooring</li> <li>there is no evidence that the floor has any significant defects, floor coverings prohibit a visual inspection so it is possible that some minor defects may be concealed</li> <li>water stains were observed to the underside of the laundry and bathroom areas from the subfloor. It is not possible to determine when the stains occurred, however, no leakage or elevated moisture levels were detected at the time of our inspection</li> </ul>	
driveway	no significant defects	
paths and paving	defects have been identified  there is some cracking in the concrete pathways	
steps and stairs external	no significant defects	
grounds	no significant defects	
fences and gates	no significant defects	



Subfloor		
subfloor access and general	our inspection was restricted by low clearances	
subfloor drainage & ventilation	<ul> <li>whilst we are not plumbers, our inspection indicates that the subfloor drainage and ventilation is generally fair, inadequate drainage can lead to an environment conducive to timber pests, and improvement options such as vent airflow should be considered</li> <li>there was some surface moisture present at the time of our inspection. Moisture levels should be monitored to determine if this is an ongoing condition. Remedial action should include a review of surface and subsurface drainage, garden bed location, garden watering and run-off from hard surfaces to ensure that moisture is directed away from the subfloor. Elevated humidity levels contribute to creating an environment that is conducive to timber pest infestation. Additionally, saturated footings can create conditions that may compromise their structural integrity</li> <li>efflorescence is present on the wall surface, efflorescence occurs when excess salts within the masonry are leached to the surface due to water transfer. It is typically seen as white salt deposits on the surfaces of concrete pavement or mortar between bricks or tiles. Efflorescence is typically only of aesthetic concern and does not pose any structural threat to the concrete or mortar</li> </ul>	
termites - subfloor	<ul> <li>no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>	
wood decay - subfloor	<ul> <li>no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>	
borers - subfloor	<ul> <li>visible evidence of borer damage was found in, but not necessarily limited to, the areas noted below;</li> <li>a joist below bedroom three</li> <li>damage in the area/s noted appears to be slight</li> <li>the species of borer is believed to be Lyctus brunneus, no treatment of the area is required</li> </ul>	

Patio	
patio construction	good • tiled floor construction
balustrades and handrails	good
drainage	<ul> <li>good</li> <li>drainage appears to be directed away from the dwelling, however, this was not tested at the time of inspection</li> </ul>



Garage	
description	detached brick garage
roof exterior	good
	<ul> <li>metal roof covering</li> </ul>
gutters and downpipes	good
wall construction exterior	fair to good
	brick construction
	<ul> <li>there is flaking paint from moisture in some areas</li> </ul>
floor construction	good
	concrete slab construction
doors	good
	two tilt doors have been fitted
doors and windows internal	fair
	• the side door is damaged in some areas, repair or replacement may be a consideration
walls	good
termites - garage	<ul> <li>no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in</li> </ul>
	the areas accessible at the time of inspection
wood decay - garage	<ul> <li>no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas</li> </ul>
	accessible at the time of inspection
borers - garage	• no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time
	of the inspection



# TIMBER PEST - OVERVIEW & RECOMMENDATIONS

Overall risk - pest	
	<ul> <li>considering all of the relevant factors, it is our opinion that the overall degree of risk of timber pest infestation to the property is MODERATE to HIGH - we strongly recommend that regular inspections are undertaken</li> </ul>
Evidence of timber pests	<ul> <li>no evidence of active subterranean termites (live species) was found at the time of our inspection</li> </ul>
Evidence of a termite nest	no, please read the report in full
Evidence of a pest treatment	<ul> <li>we found no evidence of any recent termite treatment or durable notice at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
Pest treatment required?	<ul> <li>considering there is no evidence of a pest treatment, we recommend that a regular pest management program in accordance with Australian Standard 3660.1 to prevent subterranean termites from infesting the property be implemented. A proactive approach to Timber Pest Management will offer the highest protection for the building. A management proposal can be obtained by contacting our office on 6288 0402, or please contact your regular inspector.</li> </ul>
We recommend pest inspections are conducted every:	6 to 12 months
Drainage and ventilation	<ul> <li>whilst we are not plumbers, our inspection indicates that the subfloor drainage and ventilation is generally fair, inadequate drainage can lead to an environment conducive to timber pests, and improvement options such as vent airflow should be considered</li> </ul>
Mould	<ul> <li>mould was not observed at time of inspection</li> <li>Mould on walls and ceilings etc; is an indicator of high moisture or very poor ventilation. If reported you should commission further investigation by a builder or an Industry Hygienist as its presence may indicate a water leak, wood decay or termites behind the wall or ceiling sheeting.</li> </ul>
Weep holes	Were the weep holes clear allowing the free flow of air?
	<ul> <li>not applicable, suspended timber floor construction</li> <li>Weep holes are small openings that allow water to drain from within an assembly. Weeps are located at the bottom of the building to allow for drainage. It is important that soil, lawn, concrete paths or pavers do not cover the weep holes. Sometimes they have been covered during the rendering of the brick work. They should be clean and free flowing. Covering the weep holes in part or in whole may allow undetected termite entry.</li> </ul>
Slab edge exposure	Is the slab edge exposed?
	• not applicable, suspended timber floor construction Where external concrete slab edges are not exposed there is a high risk of concealed termite entry. In some buildings built since July 1995 the edge of the slab forms part of the termite shield system. In these buildings an inspection zone of at least 75mm should be maintained to permit detection of termite entry. The concrete edge should not be concealed by render, tiles, cladding, flashings, adjoining structures, paving, soil, turf or landscaping etc. Where this is the case, you should arrange to have the slab edge exposed for inspection. Concealed termite entry may already be taking place but could not be detected at the time of the inspection. This may result in concealed timber damage.



#### In our opinion the termite shields appear to be: Termite shields (ant caps) cont. • inadequate, a builder or other building expert should be consulted Termite Shields should be in good order so termite workings are exposed and visible. This helps stop termites gaining undetected entry. Joins in the shielding should have been soldered or sealed with an approved sealant as per AS 3660 during the installation. Whenever it is observed that the joins in the shielding have not been soldered then the shielding must be reported as inadequate. It may be possible for a builder to repair the shielding. If not, a chemical treated zone may need to be installed to deter termites from gaining concealed access to the building. Missing, damaged or poor shields increase the risk of termite infestation. Other physical shield systems are not visible to inspection and no comment is made on such systems. Units that release water alongside or near to building walls need to be connected to a drain. If Hot water, air conditioning this is not possible then their water outlet needs to be piped several meters away from the building, as the resulting wet area is highly conducive to termites. and water tanks Is there a need for work to be carried out? not applicable to this property General As this property is located in an area where subterranean timber pests are commonly recommendations found we strongly recommend that you have regular inspections carried out no later than every 6 - 12 months (or as specifically recommended above) to ensure that there is no termite activity present in your buildings and structures. Any untreated timbers in direct contact with the soil are very conducive to attack from subterranean termites. These should be removed and replaced with a material not conducive to attack such as brick, stone, concrete or treated timber. The timber off cuts/stored timbers/cardboard in the subfloor should be removed. Large trees (particularly eucalypt variety) are regular nesting sites for the most common termite species found in our region. Trees on the property have been visually inspected up to a height of 2 metres, where possible and practicable for signs of termite activity. It is however, very difficult and generally impossible to locate a termite nest visually as they are underground and evidence in trees is usually well concealed. Drilling and testing of large trees is recommended to determine if they are harbouring a termite nest.

It should be noted that if the risk factor specified in this report is considered to be high it is encouraging awareness that increased vigilance is warranted. Any recommendations regarding reducing conditions that are conducive to timber pests or frequency of inspections must be observed. If termite activity, active or latent, has been identified in this report, we strongly suggest an invasive inspection is carried out. To safeguard against potential timber pest attack, we recommend that a full inspection be undertaken every 6-12 months at a minimum or as specifically recommended above. We strongly encourage the property owner to consider implementing a Timber Pest Preventative Management Plan, which includes periodic Termite Inspections. A proactive approach will help ensure the ongoing protection of the property. Please call our office on 6288 0402 for advice and information or to arrange a customised schedule for this building or contact your regular inspector.





# SITE RECORD - Granny Flat

ADDRESS	213 Badimara Street (Granny Flat) Fisher
CLIENT	Bhartendu & Urvashi Rajput
OCCUPANCY STATUS	unoccupied - the dwelling was unfurnished at the time of the inspection

INSPECTOR - Kiel Chapman	INSPECTION DATE - 9 September 2025	WEATHER CONDITIONS - Fine
JOB REFERENCE - 44384	BLOCK - 8	SECTION - 8

# **INSPECTION DATA SUMMARY – Granny Flat**

YEAR OF DEVELOPMENT (APPROX. ISSUE OF FIRST CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY)	• 2023
AREA DETAILS (APPROX. SQM)	• granny flat – 87 sqm
WALL CONSTRUCTION	<ul> <li>brick veneer construction. For more information: visit residentialreports.com.au, click on 'resource library' and refer to the publication - Brick Veneer Walls</li> </ul>
ROOF CONSTRUCTION	timber truss construction corrugated metal roof covering
FLOOR CONSTRUCTION	concrete slab construction
CONSTRUCTION	<ul> <li>the dwelling is of adequate construction and structural workmanship for this type of residential development and its condition is commensurate with the era of construction, design, age and use</li> </ul>
MAINTENANCE	<ul> <li>there are maintenance items detailed in this report, please read the entire report</li> </ul>
TIMBER PEST REPORT	<ul> <li>please review the entire report, including the <i>Timber Pest Overview</i> and <i>Recommendations</i> section, for complete details and context</li> <li>no evidence of active subterranean termites (live species) was found at the time of our inspection</li> </ul>
COMPLIANCE REPORT	For details on structures in this block and section, see the compliance report

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Signed on behalf of:

Residential Reports Pty Limited ABN 38 609 880 122

Kiel Chapman

Kiel Chapman

**Building & Timber Pest Assessor** 

Pest Management Technician Licence No: 5105324



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GOOD	The feature is generally in good condition and does not require major repairs. Minor imperfections in the finish or structure may be present. For elements like windows and doors, the observation refers to a visual inspection only, focusing on substantial defects affecting the property, not operational issues.
FAIR	The feature is functional but has deteriorated and would benefit from cosmetic or remedial repair work.
POOR	The feature in the inspector's opinion, requires remedial action. Repairs or replacement are considered necessary rather than discretionary.
NO SIGNIFICANT DEFECTS	This condition is applied when no significant structural or functional defects are observed.  Minor issues may be present, and any remedial action is discretionary.
DEFECTS HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED	This condition is applied where the inspector has identified defects that require remedial action or investigation considered necessary rather than discretionary.









### **BUILDING & TIMBER PEST REPORT**

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#### **GENERAL REPORT NOTES:**

• there are minor imperfections to the wall linings in some areas of the dwelling. This was considered to be of cosmetic significance only and further repairs are discretionary

## **INTERIOR – Granny Flat**

Bedroom One	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	fair to good
doors and windows internal	good

Bedroom Two	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good

Bedroom Three	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	<ul><li>fair to good</li><li>the door is damaged in some areas, repair or replacement may be a consideration</li></ul>



Ensuite	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	fair to good
	<ul> <li>the latchset requires minor adjustment</li> </ul>
vanity/hand basin	good
shower screen	good
	<ul> <li>a metal object is lodged under the base of the shower screen and has</li> </ul>
	begun to rust due to prolonged exposure to moisture
	<ul> <li>the shower screen door is not closing fully, adjustment or repair is</li> </ul>
	required
toilet suite	good
ventilation	<ul> <li>ceiling fan unit (with heat lamps)</li> </ul>
water leakage	<ul> <li>no water leakage detected in accessible areas</li> </ul>
wall tiles	good
floor tiles	fair to good
	<ul> <li>replacement of the seal at the intersection between the wall and floor</li> </ul>
	tiles in the shower is recommended
fit-out	good
	<ul> <li>the toilet roll holder is loose</li> </ul>
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good

Bathroom and Toilet	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	<ul><li>fair to good</li><li>the door hardware is not operating correctly and requires repair or replacement</li></ul>
vanity/hand basin	<ul> <li>fair</li> <li>there is excessive movement of the upright tap stem, repair is required to minimise further damage in future</li> </ul>
shower screen	good
ventilation	<ul> <li>ceiling fan unit (with heat lamps)</li> </ul>
toilet suite	good
water leakage	<ul> <li>no water leakage detected in accessible areas</li> </ul>
wall tiles	good
floor tiles	good
fit-out	good • the toilet roll holder is loose
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good



Laundry	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good
laundry tub	good
water leakage	<ul> <li>plumbing and drainage not tested as washing machine hoses need to be connected before turning stop-cocks on</li> </ul>
ventilation	<ul> <li>ventilation is provided by a ceiling mounted exhaust fan</li> </ul>
wall tiles	good
floor tiles	<ul> <li>fair</li> <li>patching and sealing around the laundry floor waste is recommended to inhibit moisture ingress to the flooring substrate and concrete slab</li> </ul>
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good

Kitchen and Dining Area	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good
sink	good
splashback	fair to good
	<ul> <li>resealing is required between the splashback and the worktop</li> </ul>
ventilation	<ul> <li>ventilation is provided by an externally ducted range hood</li> </ul>
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good
kitchen fit-out	good

Hallway	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good

Roof Cavity	
insulation	<ul> <li>the roof cavity is insulated with fibreglass batts</li> </ul>
sarking	<ul> <li>insulated sarking has been installed in the roof cavity</li> </ul>
roof construction	<ul> <li>timber truss construction</li> </ul>
termites - roof void	<ul> <li>no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
wood decay - roof void	<ul> <li>no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
borers - roof void	<ul> <li>no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection</li> </ul>



Interior/Main Dwelling	
termites - interior	<ul> <li>no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
wood decay - interior	<ul> <li>no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
borers - interior	<ul> <li>no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection</li> </ul>

# EXTERIOR – Granny Flat

Inspection Items	
roof exterior	no significant defects
	<ul> <li>corrugated metal roof covering</li> </ul>
gutters and downpipes	no significant defects
	<ul> <li>gutters should be cleared of silt and debris to ensure that maximum roof drainage occurs in all weather conditions. Additionally, silt and debris may be concealing rust or defects</li> <li>leaf litter and vegetation should be removed from the rainwater tank</li> </ul>
	inlet
eaves, fascia and barge ends	no significant defects
wall construction exterior	no significant defects
	<ul> <li>brick veneer construction. For more information: visit</li> </ul>
	residentialreports.com.au, click on 'resource library' and refer to the publication - Brick Veneer Walls
doors and windows external	no significant defects
floor construction	no significant defects
	concrete slab construction
	<ul> <li>there is no evidence that the floor has any significant defects, floor</li> </ul>
	coverings prohibit a visual inspection so it is possible that some minor
	defects may be concealed
driveway	no significant defects
	<ul> <li>a condition has not been applied to the common driveway</li> </ul>
paths and paving	no significant defects
steps and stairs external	no significant defects
retaining walls	no significant defects
grounds	no significant defects
solar unit	<ul> <li>solar panels have been installed; the solar installation is not included in this inspection therefore, we do not comment on any aspect of its</li> </ul>
	operation. Where solar panels have been installed, we are unable to
	apply a condition to the area of roof covering beneath due to restricted access
fences and gates	defects have been identified
	<ul> <li>impact damage was evident to some areas of the metal fencing, repair is</li> </ul>
	considered discretionary



Garage	
description	detached brick garage
roof exterior	good • metal deck roof covering
gutters and downpipes	<ul> <li>fair to good</li> <li>some downpipes are not connected to the stormwater drains or have been vented (holes cut in them). Where stormwater is not directed into the drainage system, care should be taken to ensure that stormwater is directed away from the building</li> </ul>
wall construction exterior	good • brick construction
floor construction	good • concrete slab construction
doors	good • one tilt door has been fitted
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good
termites - garage	<ul> <li>no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
wood decay - garage	<ul> <li>no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
borers - garage	<ul> <li>no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection</li> </ul>

Alfresco	
patio construction	good • tiled floor construction
doors and windows internal	good
termites - patio	<ul> <li>no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
wood decay - patio	<ul> <li>no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection</li> </ul>
borers - patio	<ul> <li>no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection</li> </ul>



# TIMBER PEST - OVERVIEW & RECOMMENDATIONS (Granny Flat)

Overall risk - pest	<ul> <li>considering all of the relevant factors, it is our opinion that the overall degree of risk of timber pest infestation to the property is MODERATE to HIGH - we strongly recommend that regular inspections are undertaken</li> </ul>
Evidence of timber pests	<ul> <li>no evidence of active subterranean termites (live species) was found at the time of our inspection</li> </ul>
Evidence of a termite nest	• no, please read the report in full
Evidence of a pest treatment	<ul> <li>a termite management system would have been compulsory at the time of construction, we would recommend further enquiries in regards to which termite system has been installed</li> </ul>
Pest treatment required?	<ul> <li>considering there is no evidence of a pest treatment, we recommend that a regular pest management program in accordance with Australian Standard 3660.1 to prevent subterranean termites from infesting the property be implemented. A proactive approach to Timber Pest Management will offer the highest protection for the building. A management proposal can be obtained by contacting our office on 6288 0402, or please contact your regular inspector.</li> </ul>
We recommend pest inspections are conducted every:	6 to 12 months
Drainage and ventilation	not applicable, slab on fill construction
Mould	<ul> <li>mould was not observed at time of inspection</li> <li>Mould on walls and ceilings etc; is an indicator of high moisture or very poor ventilation. If reported you should commission further investigation by a builder or an Industry Hygienist as its presence may indicate a water leak, wood decay or termites behind the wall or ceiling sheeting.</li> </ul>
Weep holes	Were the weep holes clear allowing the free flow of air?
	• yes Weep holes are small openings that allow water to drain from within an assembly. Weeps are located at the bottom of the building to allow for drainage. It is important that soil, lawn, concrete paths or pavers do not cover the weep holes. Sometimes they have been covered during the rendering of the brick work. They should be clean and free flowing. Covering the weep holes in part or in whole may allow undetected termite entry.
Slab edge exposure	Is the slab edge exposed?
	• no, not applicable as construction is an infill slab Where external concrete slab edges are not exposed there is a high risk of concealed termite entry. In some buildings built since July 1995 the edge of the slab forms part of the termite shield system. In these buildings an inspection zone of at least 75mm should be maintained to permit detection of termite entry. The concrete edge should not be concealed by render, tiles, cladding, flashings, adjoining structures, paving, soil, turf or landscaping etc. Where this is the case, you should arrange to have the slab edge exposed for inspection. Concealed termite entry may already be taking place but could not be detected at the time of the inspection. This may result in concealed timber damage.



Termite shields (ant	In our opinion the termite shields appear to be:				
caps) cont.	<ul> <li>not applicable, concrete slab construction</li> <li>Termite Shields should be in good order so termite workings are exposed and visible. This helps stop termites gaining undetected entry. Joins in the shielding should have been soldered or sealed with an approved sealant as per AS 3660 during the installation.</li> <li>Whenever it is observed that the joins in the shielding have not been soldered then the shielding must be reported as inadequate. It may be possible for a builder to repair the shielding. If not, a chemical treated zone may need to be installed to deter termites from gaining concealed access to the building. Missing, damaged or poor shields increase the risk of termite infestation. Other physical shield systems are not visible to inspection and no comment is made on such systems.</li> </ul>				
Hot water, air conditioning and water tanks	Units that release water alongside or near to building walls need to be connected to a dra this is not possible then their water outlet needs to be piped several meters away from the building, as the resulting wet area is highly conducive to termites.  Is there a need for work to be carried out?				
	• yes - hot water and air conditioning unit				
General recommendations	<ul> <li>As this property is located in an area where subterranean timber pests are commonly found we strongly recommend that you have regular inspections carried out no later than every 6 - 12 months (or as specifically recommended above) to ensure that there is no termite activity present in your buildings and structures.</li> </ul>				
	regular timber pest inspections				

It should be noted that if the risk factor specified in this report is considered to be high it is encouraging awareness that increased vigilance is warranted. Any recommendations regarding reducing conditions that are conducive to timber pests or frequency of inspections must be observed. If termite activity, active or latent, has been identified in this report, we strongly suggest an invasive inspection is carried out. To safeguard against potential timber pest attack, we recommend that a full inspection be undertaken every 6-12 months at a minimum or as specifically recommended above. We strongly encourage the property owner to consider implementing a Timber Pest Preventative Management Plan, which includes periodic Termite Inspections. A proactive approach will help ensure the ongoing protection of the property. Please call our office on 6288 0402 for advice and information or to arrange a customised schedule for this building or contact your regular inspector.





### **COMPLIANCE REPORT**

Plan No. (if applicable)	Description	Date of COU Approvals (Certificate of Occupancy)	Comments
	ex government residence		<ul> <li>no Certificate of Occupancy or survey exists for the original ex government built residence due to government requirements at time of construction - there is no government site plan available</li> </ul>
84374/A+/B	garage	21/11/1994	
B20222096/A+/B	secondary residence & alfresco	12/05/2023	
	internal alterations to laundry and bathroom area		building or development approval is not required
	dividing yard fence		approval is not required
	granny flat alfresco		approval is required
	enclosure		glazing wider than 2m

## **COMPLIANCE REPORT NOTATION**

IMPORTANT NOTE - We obtained a Building File from Access Canberra to complete this Compliance Report This report relates to Building and Development approvals only. The building file may contain floor plans, elevations, Certificates of Occupancy & Use, index, survey reports, and drainage plans. Our report is based on examining these documents and conducting a visual inspection, focusing on compliance matters from the provided file. Please be aware that if plan details are unclear or compromised, we are not liable for any omissions or errors. Refer to more details about Compliance in our Scope & Limitations. For information regarding current dimensions and approvals you can visit: planning.act.gov.au/topics/design\_build/da\_assessment/exempt\_work

**EASEMENTS** - An easement is a section of land registered on your property which gives another party the right to access it for a specific purpose. An example is a section of the property that contains municipal services such as electricity, or drainage infrastructure. If a structure requires approval and is located on an easement the appropriate utility provider is consulted during the certification process and it is they who determine if an application for approval will be supported.

TCCS, PLUMBING & ELECTRICAL APPROVAL - If this report notes structures or alterations that require Transport Canberra & City Services (TCCS), Plumbing or Electrical Approval or cites plumbing and electrical additions and or alterations, please note that approval may have been granted, however, documentation is not provided in the building file. The Environment & Planning Directorate or the owner may have further information.

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL - If this report identifies structures that require Development Approval, information relating to the status of Development Approvals will be shown on the Lease Conveyancing Enquiry provided by the solicitor. This will be included in the Conveyancing Contract for Sale. The status of a pending Development Approval is not contained within the building file we receive. SWIMMING POOLS & SPAS - The ACT Government has introduced reforms to home swimming pool safety, with a focus on swimming pool safety barriers. The reforms commence on 1 May 2024, with a four-year transition period. The scheme imposes requirements for information about the safety standard of a regulated swimming pool to be disclosed on the sale of a property. Owners must provide prescribed information including: exemption certificate, compliance certificate, swimming pool disclosure statement, certificate of occupancy for the pool and safety barriers that is not older than 5 years and 'Pool Owners Guidance Material' which outlines the obligations on owners of premises on which a regulated swimming pool is located. If this information is not provided in this report, you must request a copy. For more information on the reforms visit the ACT Government's Planning website. EXTENSIONS - Where an extension or addition has been made to a property, it can create a potential gap or discontinuity in the termite barrier system. This gap occurs between the original structure and the new addition. Termite barriers are critical in aiding the prevention of undetected subterranean termites from entering the dwelling, and any interruption in the barrier can compromise its effectiveness. We are unable to report on the existence, condition or continuity of the termite barrier system between the existing dwelling and additions or alterations.



# PROPERTY ACCESS - Main Residence

Restricted access caused by stored goods, furnishings, window treatments, floor coverings, security devices, vegetation, duct work, confined spaces, insulation and other impediments will limit the scope of this inspection. Whilst every effort has been made to conduct a comprehensive roof cavity and subfloor inspection there are limitations relative to safe access requirements which include low clearances, the availability of safe walk-ways and work-safe temperatures, which when applicable, will limit the inspection. The roof exterior is inspected when accessible from a 3.6 metre ladder, or from ground level where there are height restrictions. Only structures, fences and/or trees within 30m of the building but within the property boundaries were inspected. No inspection was made, and no report is submitted with respect to inaccessible areas. These include, but may not be limited to, cavity walls, concealed frame timbers, eaves, flat roofs, fully enclosed patios, subfloors, soil concealed by concrete floors, wall linings etc. Where a property is furnished at the time of the inspection the furnishings and stored goods may be concealing evidence of Timber Pest Activity. This evidence may only be revealed when the property is vacated. A further inspection of the vacant property is strongly recommended in this case. Please note where a complete inspection of any area was not possible, timber pest activity and/or damage may exist in these areas. Prior to making any critical decisions, further inspections are strongly recommended to areas where reasonable access is unavailable, obstructed or restricted or a high risk of possible timber pests and /or damage exists.

213 Badimara Street Fisher					
Area	Restrictions				
INTERIOR	access during inspection of the interior of the property was restricted by: - furniture and stored goods including in cupboards and under sink units - window treatments and floor coverings - stored goods within the dwelling				
SUBFLOOR	access in the subfloor was restricted by: - low clearances - building materials/debris - plumbing/pipe installation				
ROOF CAVITY	our inspection of the roof cavity was restricted by: - low clearances - insulation covering the ceiling framing - inspection around the eaves was restricted due to low pitch and clearances				
ROOF EXTERIOR	roof exterior: - safety harness anchors and edge restraints were not available. Work Health and Safety regulations required a top of ladder inspection				
GROUNDS & EXTERNAL STRUCTURES	access to the inspection of grounds/external structures was restricted by: - vegetation restricted visual inspection to some areas				



# PROPERTY ACCESS - Granny Flat

Restricted access caused by stored goods, furnishings, window treatments, floor coverings, security devices, vegetation, duct work, confined spaces, insulation and other impediments will limit the scope of this inspection. Whilst every effort has been made to conduct a comprehensive roof cavity and subfloor inspection there are limitations relative to safe access requirements which include low clearances, the availability of safe walk-ways and work-safe temperatures, which when applicable, will limit the inspection. The roof exterior is inspected when accessible from a 3.6 metre ladder, or from ground level where there are height restrictions. Only structures, fences and/or trees within 30m of the building but within the property boundaries were inspected. No inspection was made, and no report is submitted with respect to inaccessible areas. These include, but may not be limited to, cavity walls, concealed frame timbers, eaves, flat roofs, fully enclosed patios, subfloors, soil concealed by concrete floors, wall linings etc. Where a property is furnished at the time of the inspection the furnishings and stored goods may be concealing evidence of Timber Pest Activity. This evidence may only be revealed when the property is vacated. A further inspection of the vacant property is strongly recommended in this case. Please note where a complete inspection of any area was not possible, timber pest activity and/or damage may exist in these areas. Prior to making any critical decisions, further inspections are strongly recommended to areas where reasonable access is unavailable, obstructed or restricted or a high risk of possible timber pests and /or damage exists.

213 Badimara Street (Granny Flat) Fisher					
Area	Restrictions				
INTERIOR	access during inspection of the interior of the property was restricted by: - window treatments and floor coverings				
SUBFLOOR	there is no subfloor, the dwelling is constructed on a concrete slab				
ROOF CAVITY	our inspection of the roof cavity was significantly restricted by: - low clearances - insulation covering the ceiling framing - sarking				
ROOF EXTERIOR	roof exterior: - safety harness anchors and edge restraints were not available. Work Health and Safety regulations required a top of ladder inspection				
GROUNDS & EXTERNAL STRUCTURES	access to the inspection of grounds/external structures was restricted by: - vegetation restricted visual inspection to some areas - access to some external structures is restricted by the neighbouring property				



## **WARRANTY & USE OF OUR REPORTS**

This report is intended to be read in its entirety. The report is written solely for the use and benefit of:

The Client named in this report

#### The Purchaser of the property

No liability or responsibility in contract or tort or statute is accepted to any Other Party who may rely on the report wholly or in part. Any Other Party acting or relying on this report, wholly or in part, does so at their own risk. Additionally, no liability or responsibility will be accepted if the invoice for this report is not paid on or before settlement of the sale contract or within one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date of inspection.

No liability shall be accepted on account of failure of the report to notify any termite activity and/ or damage present at or prior to the date of the report in any areas of the subject property physically inaccessible, or to which access for inspection is denied by or to the Inspector including but not limited to any areas so specified by the Report. Furthermore, we do not assume liability for any omissions, errors, or inaccuracies in documents provided by external agencies, the client, or their representative. The report is only an opinion of Residential Reports and is valid for one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date of inspection as per the Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Act. No liability will be accepted or claims considered after the expiration of this period of liability.



Before the property exchange, you will have the opportunity to attend a pre-settlement inspection to conduct your due diligence. Carefully consider the building's age and its impact on elements like windows, doors, and cupboards. Our inspectors do not assess ongoing maintenance, and as such you or your representative should personally appraise relevant building elements. If it is claimed that there is an omission relating to this report, Residential Reports must be notified in writing before any action is taken. No liability shall be accepted where any costs (including for remedial action or professional advice) are incurred by the claimant prior to Residential Reports receiving written notification along with evidence of the defect or omission, being given a reasonable opportunity to re-inspect the property, obtain professional advice and propose a resolution or arrange for rectification work to be undertaken. Unless costs are specified and agreed to in writing, no liability will be accepted. No liability shall be accepted for any costs incurred in excess of the reasonable costs required to rectify the defect or omission claimed. This report supersedes any other report, verbal or written, given to you by this company in respect of this property. If you have questions or do not understand any part of this document and require clarification, please contact us prior to acting on this report. Copyright remains with Residential Reports, the report content, style and presentation is not to be copied or reproduced without written authority of the Company.

## **SCOPE & LIMITATIONS OF OUR INSPECTION**

This report has been prepared as a result of a largely VISUAL INSPECTION ONLY with limited operational testing conducted as required by Australian Standard AS 4349.0-2007 Inspection of Buildings (General requirements), AS 4349.1-2007 Inspection of Buildings (Prepurchase inspections - Residential Buildings) and AS 4349.3 - 2010 Inspection of Buildings Part 3: Timber Pest Inspections. It is limited to the condition of those areas of the property that were fully accessible (see Safety and Reasonable Access) and visible to the inspector at the time of inspection. In the case of a Strata type property, our inspector only undertakes an examination of the interior of the unit. You must read the entire report and Scope & Limitations sections before reaching any conclusions regarding our opinion of the property's condition. Any person relying on this report acknowledges the following clauses, which define the Scope and Limitations of the inspection and form an integral part of the report.

# **LIMITATION OF LIABILITY**

This report is valid on the date of inspection. Responsibility is not accepted for any matter that is not evident, or, for any deterioration of the property that occurs after the date of the inspection. The inspection is a visual assessment only.

The operation/working condition of limited features may have been commented on during the course of our inspection. Operational testing is limited, where testing occurs and a defect is identified, this defect may be noted in the Report if it is a major defect and may be investigated further to provide more detail. However, this does not impose on the inspector any further obligation to test each same item, nor does it impose an obligation to make note if in the inspector's reasonable view, the defect is not a major defect. There is no guarantee



that items referenced will operate as intended at a later date. Prior to purchase, the purchaser must conduct their own due diligence most particularly where defects have been documented in this report so that they are able to quantify the extent and cost of required remedial action. The Purchaser acknowledges that they should not solely rely on this Report as to the exact condition of the property and that they should obtain independent advice from a qualified technician relative to required remedial actions.

Concealed areas are not reported on. Concealed defects may include, but are not limited to:

- · Breakage, blockage or interference with concealed pipes, concealed window and door mechanisms
- Defective service installations
- · Any part of the structure which is underground or concealed e.g. footings, wall and ceiling framing, concealed floor structures
- Areas concealed by furnishings, fixtures and fittings or stored goods, low clearances or where safe access is not possible.

Responsibility is not accepted for defects which are latent or otherwise not reasonably detected in a visual inspection without interference with, removal or breaking apart of any of the structure including fixtures, fittings, furniture, insulation or stored items within and around the building. The inspector notes that some defects may be concealed, obstructed and/or inaccessible at the time of the inspection. The reader should be aware that various features of the property such as large and heavy furniture, as well as electrical goods including washing machines and fridges may obstruct the view of the inspector and/or make possible defects inaccessible such that their visibility to the inspector is limited and they may not be identified. The Purchaser acknowledges that Residential Reports will not accept any liability for concealed, obstructed and/or inaccessible defects that the inspector does not identify.



# **EXCLUSION OF ITEMS FROM INSPECTION**

AS 4349.1 – 2007 excludes reporting of the following items: Footings below ground, concealed damp-proof course, electrical installations, operation of smoke detectors, light switches and fittings, TV, sound and communications and security systems, concealed plumbing, adequacy of roof drainage as installed, gas fittings and fixtures, air-conditioning. automatic garage door mechanisms, swimming pools and associated filtration and similar equipment, the operation of fireplaces and solid fuel heaters, including chimneys and flues, alarm systems, intercom systems, soft floor coverings, electrical appliances including dishwashers, incinerators, ovens, ducted vacuum systems, paint coatings, except external protective coatings, health hazards (e.g., allergies, soil toxicity, lead content, radon, presence of asbestos or urea formaldehyde), timber and metal framing sizes and adequacy, concealed tie-downs and bracing, timber pest activity, other mechanical or electrical equipment (such as gates, inclinators, soil conditions, control joints, sustainable development provisions, concealed framing-timbers or any areas concealed by wall linings/sidings, landscaping, rubbish, floor covers, furniture and accessories, stored items, insulation, environmental matters (e.g., BASIX, water tanks, BCA Environmental Provisions), energy efficiency, lighting efficiency.

# WHAT THE INSPECTOR EXAMINES TO PREPARE A PROPERTY REPORT...

#### ..AND IMPORTANT NOTES ABOUT THESE AREAS

The following outlines aspects of the property that can be examined through visual inspection, derived from the Australian Standard AS4349.1–2007. Comments are generally provided only if significant issues are found. The inspector didn't move or remove any coverings or furnishings, which could hide defects. Damage to concealed structures or pest activity may not be visible due to foliage or other obstructions. This report is a guide for potential buyers and should complement your own inspection and due diligence. Some aspects are subjective, so consider factors like presentation, past maintenance, and construction age when forming opinions.

DOORS & DOOR FRAMES - Defective hardware - significant, rotting/corroded frames, loose/badly fitting doors, damage.

EXTERNAL ROOF COVERING, FASCIAS, GUTTERS & DOWNPIPES - Tiles/slates, sheet roofing, flashing, skylights, vents, downpipes, valleys, guttering, eaves, fascia boards, barge ends. Roof waterproof integrity and roof drainage is not tested during our inspection therefore it is not possible to determine the effectiveness of the roof cover and drainage system under all conditions. It is important to note that a visual inspection of the roof covering may not identify roof leakages. Roof design can have a significant impact on roof drainage. Low pitched construction can, in adverse weather conditions lead to flooding of the roof cover. Effective roof drainage is absolutely critical for a flat framed or low pitch roof. Flooding of the roof cover can result in water ingress within the building envelope. Roof drainage and the stormwater systems are not tested at the inspection. Inadequate, blocked or non-existent stormwater drains are often accountable for problems relating to roof drainage. Repainting of timber can mask the existence of timber rot. We cannot guarantee that all timbers are sound. A visual inspection may not, in some circumstances, detect roofing timbers affected by rot.



EXTERNAL WALLS & NON-STRUCTURAL RETAINING WALLS - Bricks, mortar, render, cracking/movement, dampness, visible flashing, weep holes, joint sealants, perpends, decay. Settlement cracks, if present, need to be monitored over a period of time to determine if an ongoing structural problem exists. If any reference has been made in this report to cracking, settlement and or movement, it should be noted that we are not experts in this area and further advice, if considered necessary, should be obtained from a Structural Engineer.

FENCES & GATES - Palings/panels, rails, posts, sagging, timber decay (rot).

FLOORS - TIMBER: Springy or squeaky boards/sheeting, timber decay (rot), out of level - significant, undulations - significant, dampness/water damage; CONCRETE: cracking, out of level - significant; HARD FLOORING: cracking, loose or drummy units, dampness/water damage

INTERNAL ROOF SPACE - Framing, insulation, sarking, party walls (if applicable). Sarking is a foil insulation/vapour barrier. Used in conjunction with bulk insulation, sarking provides an ideal insulation system for the control of heat and condensation. Sarking can only be installed during construction.

KITCHEN - Fit out, sealants, ventilation, taps, leakage, sink, drummy/cracked/missing tiles, grout defects. This report does not cover any matters relating to the operation of electrical or gas appliances. Any comments made in this regard are from a general observation only.

PAINTWORK - The condition of painted surfaces is often a subjective matter. Areas that appear to be acceptable when furnished may not always be considered so when devoid of obstructions. Paint work is normally not considered in Property Inspections. To prevent wood decay of timber surfaces and deterioration of metal components, the condition of these surfaces should be monitored, and repainting carried out regularly. Corrosion of any metal roof sheeting should be repaired, treated and painted to avoid water leakages. Painted surfaces can mask areas where timber has deteriorated. Our visual inspection may not detect instances where this has occurred. The opinions provided here are of a general nature only, given that there can be significant differences in the condition of painted surfaces in each area of the property. The reader of this report is urged to conduct their own detailed inspection before reaching a conclusion regarding the acceptability of painted surfaces

PATHS, PAVING & DRIVEWAY - Cracking, movement, uplifting, sinking, alignment, roof penetration.

SPECIAL PURPOSE REPORTS - Improvements such as swimming pools and spas are subject to a Special Purpose Report and are not included in our inspection and reports. We recommend that a qualified technician be engaged to report on these items and to advise on current regulations relating to safety fencing and equipment.

STAIRCASES - Stringers, handrails, balustrades, newel posts, treads (goings), risers

SUB FLOOR -Dampness, debris, drainage, ventilation, cracked or leaking pipes; TIMBER CONSTRUCTION: bearers & joists, framing, piers/stumps; SUSPENDED CONCRETE FLOOR CONSTRUCTION: concrete condition, cracking. If moisture is noted, it is recommended that the sub-floor area be monitored to ensure that surface and sub-surface moisture ingress is not an ongoing issue. If the area remains damp, consideration should be given to upgrading subterranean and surface drainage systems to ensure that moisture is directed away from the building foundations and the sub-floor area is kept dry. A qualified drainage expert should be consulted with regard to drainage issues.

Foundation problems are caused by reactive soil types and trees and gardens being planted too close to the building. Generally, clay soils which are common in the ACT, are reactive soils. Large trees use vast amounts of water and can quickly draw moisture out of the ground during dry periods, this results in destabilised moisture content of the soils around the building and ultimately may cause a foundation problem. Over watering gardens close to the building may have the opposite effect, especially with clay soil. Over watering increases the moisture content of the soil which can result in "heaving" of the foundations adjacent to the garden. When watering close to the building you should avoid 'pooling' of water in a particular area, as this also affects the moisture content of the soil which in turn can cause damage to footings and foundations. Too much or too little water near the perimeter of the building may cause serious problems with foundations and footings and damage can cause major structural problems, resulting in costly repairs.

#### HINTS FOR AVOIDING PROBLEMS AND COSTLY REPAIRS:

- Water gardens evenly close to the building and do not over water
- Ensure the ground is graded away from the walls of the building and that the property has adequate drainage
- Promptly repair broken downpipes, leaking taps, sewerage pipes and other water services
- Hot water system overflows should be directed away from the area immediately adjacent to the foundations and the services maintained to ensure excessive leakage does not occur
- Garden beds should not be located against the house



TIMBER PESTS - Our visual inspection is undertaken to identify the following timber pests: Subterranean termites, Borers, Timber decay (rot) fungi. Where applicable and where there is reasonable access, the following areas are examined: interior and exterior of structures, roof cavity, subfloor, garage or carport, garden and storage sheds/outbuildings, retaining walls and garden borders, pergolas and decks, structures, fences and trees within 30m of the building within the boundaries of the property. Water leaks: especially in the subfloor or against external walls e.g. leaking taps, roofs or down pipes, increases the likelihood of termite attack. Leaking showers or leaks from other 'wet areas' also increase the likelihood of concealed timber pest attack. Where evidence of termite activity was found in the grounds then the risk to buildings is very high. A treatment to eradicate the termites and to protect the building(s) should be immediately carried out. Where the evidence of termite workings (including dormant mud leads) was found in the grounds or the building(s) then the risk of a further attack is very high. If live termites or any evidence of termite workings or damage was reported within the building(s) or in the grounds and fences then it must be assumed that there may be concealed termite activity and/or timber damage. This concealed activity or damage may only be found when alterations are carried out such as when wall linings, cladding or insulation are removed or if you arrange for an invasive inspection. In situations where visual evidence of termite activity or damage is reported, but no live termites were observed during the inspection, it's important to recognise that termites might still be active in the immediate vicinity, potentially causing further damage. Determining whether the infestation is active or inactive requires multiple inspections over time, as various factors, such as prior disturbances, climatic conditions, or the termites finding an alternative food source, can influence their presence during a single inspection. To safeguard against potential termite-related issues, we recommend continued, regular inspections. An invasive inspection is also an option for a more comprehensive assessment. We strongly encourage the property owner to consider implementing a Timber Pest Preventative Management Plan, which includes periodic Termite Inspections. This proactive approach will help ensure the ongoing protection of the property against potential termite threats. Please call our office on 6288 0402 for information and to arrange a customised schedule for this building or contact your regular inspector.

WALL CONSTRUCTION - Distortion (significant), nail popping, defective lining, dampness/water damage, cracking, defective or damaged plaster/render. Settlement cracks, if present, need to be monitored over a period of time to determine if an ongoing structural problem exists. If any reference has been made in this report to cracking, settlement and/or movement, it should be noted that we are not experts in this area and further advice should be obtained from a Structural Engineer.

#### WATERPROOFING - A VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE AREA CANNOT PROVIDE CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE THAT THE AREA IS WATERPROOF.

Compliance with Australian Standard AS 370-2004 Waterproofing of Wet Areas is critical to meeting waterproofing requirements. Should conclusive evidence be required regarding the integrity of waterproofing of wet areas, in particular shower areas, we recommend that a qualified technician be engaged to complete a comprehensive test to include:

- Capping the shower rose and leaving the water reticulation system under pressure and then checking for evidence of water leakage
  around tap spindles etc. (the sound of escaping air when the shower rose cap is removed indicates a watertight system). The technician
  may be engaged to complete a comprehensive pressure test of the entire water reticulation system.
- Plugging the floor drain of the shower cubicle and filling the base with water to the maximum level. Allowing the water to remain in the
  base for an extended period and checking that the level has not dropped. If the water has diminished it is most likely that the
  waterproofing system has failed.

WET AREAS - Fixtures and fittings, ventilation, cistern/pan, taps, basins, tubs, leakage, sealants, drummy/cracked/missing tiles, grout defects, vanity, shower leakage, broken/cracked glass. If a wet area was not in service prior to and or at the time of inspection and no elevated moisture readings were recorded, or there was no visible evidence of current water leakage, then it is possible that an existing water leak will remain undetected.

WINDOWS - Putty/glazing sealant, broken glass, rotting frames (timber), corrosion (metal), sills, fittings/hardware, damage. In most cases access to windows is restricted by window treatments, furniture or security locks. Older style timber windows can sometimes bind with the frame. This is viewed as a general maintenance issue. Sash windows sometimes require maintenance to the window balance mechanism or sash cords. A visual inspection cannot provide a guarantee that windows will operate smoothly. Sometimes window runners, sashes and balance mechanisms will require maintenance or replacement.





### SAFETY & REASONABLE ACCESS

Australian Standard 4349.1 – 2007 3.2.2 The extent of accessible areas shall be determined by the inspector at the time of inspection, based on the conditions encountered at the time of inspection. The inspector shall also determine whether sufficient space is available to allow safe access. The inspection shall include only accessible areas and areas that are within the inspector's line of sight and close enough to enable reasonable appraisal. The Australian Standard 4349.3 defines reasonable access as "areas where safe, unobstructed access is provided and the minimum clearances are available; or, where these clearances are not available, areas within the consultant's unobstructed line of sight and within arm's length. NOTE: Reasonable access does not include removing screws and bolts to access covers." Reasonable access is determined in accordance with the provisions of the following WHS requirements;

Area	rea Access Manhole MM Crawl Space MM		Height	
Subfloor	500 x 400	VERTICAL CLEARANCE - Timber Floor: 400* Concrete Floor: 500	Height	
Roof Interior	400 x 500	600 x 600	Accessible from a 3.6 m ladder	
Roof Exterior			Accessible from a 3.6 m ladder	

<sup>\*</sup> To underside of bearer, joist or other obstruction to access.

#### **ROOF COVER INSPECTION**

Work Health and Safety requirements determine that an inspector accessing a roof cover must be protected by harnessed safety lines and or edge protection. These safety measures are not practical during a presale inspection, therefore, this report is restricted to a "top-of-ladder" inspection. This report is not a guarantee that defects and/or damage do not exist in any part of the property not specifically seen and described by the inspector. This report is not a warranty against problems that may develop in the future.

#### **CEILING CAVITY INSPECTION**

Work Health and Safety requirements determine that an inspector entering a ceiling cavity or similar space must have direct access to properly constructed walkways (sometimes referred to as catwalks) to eliminate the possibility of falling through the ceiling lining to the floor below, a fall that could result in serious injury. Generally, walkways are limited in a ceiling cavity so invariably sections of the roof structure will be inspected from a distance with the inherent limitations associated with limited access and often an impaired line-of-sight. Safety requirements prevent the inspector from traversing a ceiling cavity where safety elements are not available This report is not a guarantee that defects and/or damage do not exist in in inaccessible areas.

#### **WORK HEALTH & SAFETY ACT 2011**

A non-residential building and the common property of some group residential buildings will fall within the definition of a workplace for the purposes of the Work Health and Safety Act 2011, The owners of workplaces must ensure that:

- Premises are safe and without risk
- · Plant and substances are used without risk
- Workers are trained in WHS, are aware of their obligations and do, in fact, act in a safe manner

A pre-purchase building inspection may identify some safety issues in the common area but it is not an audit conducted for that specific purpose. It is essential that every Owners' Corporation or Company consult an appropriately qualified specialist to ensure it meets its legislative obligations.

#### SAFE WORKING TEMPERATURES FOR THE INSPECTOR

When the temperature of a workspace (for example a ceiling cavity) exceeds the level considered to be safe according to WHS guidelines, the inspector will complete a risk assessment and the inspection will be limited accordingly. In the event that the inspector determines that the temperature exceeds safe working limits, generally, the inspection will be limited to the area immediately adjacent to the access for inspection.

#### PROPERTY REPORT

This report does not and cannot make comment upon: defects which may have been concealed; the assessment or detection of defects (including rising damp or leaks) which may be subject to the prevailing weather conditions; whether or not services have been used for some time prior to the inspection and whether this will affect the detection of leaks or other defects; the presence or absence of timber pests; gas fittings; environmental concerns; the proximity of the property to flight paths, railways, or busy traffic; noise levels; health and safety issues; heritage concerns; security concerns, fire protection; site drainage (apart from surface water drainage). The operation of swimming pools and spas; detection and identification of unapproved building work; detection and identification of illegal or inadequate plumbing or electrical work: durability of exposed finishes; neighbourhood problems; document analysis; any matters solely regulated by statute; any area or item that could not be inspected by the inspector. Unless otherwise specified, no examination has been made of any documentation of any type. We have not referred to statutory authority records nor have we examined any survey or water and sewerage service diagram, or any other document prepared by any statutory authority or other party. Stock images in the report are for presentation purposes only and are not images of the subject property.



**PURPOSE OF THE REPORT** - The purpose of this report is to identify major defects in the building, decks, pergolas, garages and other similar significant improvements insofar as a property inspector can reasonably identify those defects. Structures, not limited to but including, garden sheds, play equipment, garden trellis', swimming pools and spas are not inspected or included in this report. A Special Purpose Report may be commissioned for these types of improvements. This report contains numerous observations but is not intended to list every defect. Defects are common to all structures and generally are commensurate with the age of the construction and use. Ongoing maintenance, upgrading or replacement requirements, cosmetic works and minor defects or faults are subjective and have not been included.

**CONCEALED SURFACES** - The inspection did not include breaking apart, dismantling, removing or moving objects, including but not limited to foliage, mouldings, roof insulation or sisalation, floor or wall coverings, sidings, ceilings, floors, furnishings, equipment, appliances, or personal possessions. The inspector cannot see inside walls, between floors, inside skillion roofing, behind stored goods or any other areas that are concealed or obstructed. The inspector did not dig, gouge, force or perform any other invasive procedures. Visible timbers have not been destructively probed or hit. In an occupied property, furnishings or household items may be concealing defects. Some defects may only be visible once furniture and other items have been removed from a property or when alterations are carried out. Built-in cupboards are usually filled with personal items and clothing. Some exterior surfaces may be obscured due to overgrown vegetation. Therefore, we cannot comment on the condition of the surfaces obscured or concealed by these or other items.

WATER PENETRATION & ROOF DRAINAGE - Some water penetration problems and/or dampness within a building do not become apparent and may not be detected unless there has been recent heavy rain or prolonged periods of rain. If moisture has been identified by the inspector using electronic testing equipment, then it will be noted in the report. Roof drainage is not tested. Therefore, no guarantee is given or implied that the roof will remain weatherproof in all weather conditions. If there is reference in the report to water stains within the interior of the property this may be evidence that the roof and or drainage system has previously leaked. We recommend that you contact a suitably qualified roofing expert to discuss the probability of ongoing water leakages in the building. Particularly with respect to older properties and where the roof has a low pitch, engaging the services of qualified roof plumber to provide an expert opinion should be considered. The very best roof drainage systems can fail in extreme weather conditions sometimes impacted by conditions not related to the property under review. (Blocked or impaired stormwater drains for example).

FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT & ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS - These are not covered by this report and these matters should be checked with the statutory authority. Any fire protection equipment has not been tested, e.g. smoke detectors etc.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS & CONTAMINATION - Our inspection and report does not cover any hazardous materials or prior use of the land and building or any chemicals applied to land and buildings, which may have caused contamination.

**RETAINING WALLS & STRUCTURAL COLUMNS** - We are not engineers. Comment in respect of large and/or structural retaining walls and columns are beyond the scope of this report. It is not possible to determine from a visual inspection whether a retaining wall or column has been built in accordance with sound engineering principles and, even if it has, whether it is or will remain sound. An engineer should be consulted in any case where there are large, or structural, retaining walls, columns or similar building elements.

INTERNAL WALLS & CEILINGS – Movement cracking in ceiling and wall linings are common to most structures particularly older developments. Mostly they are cosmetic and generally have no structural implications. Reparation is usually undertaken during routine maintenance. Undulations in ceiling linings are often associated with older structures and are a result of the deterioration of the adhesive used to fix plasterboard to the ceiling battens. Typically, this is a cosmetic defect, however, in some circumstances the plasterboard may require refixing to the battens.

CRACKING/SETTLEMENT/MOVEMENT & STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY - Where reference has been made in this report to cracking, settlement, movement or an opinion has been provided on structural integrity, it is important to note that we are not experts in this area and our advice is limited accordingly. If considered necessary, further advice should be obtained from a Structural Engineer before critical decisions are made. Any cracking reported should be monitored for further movement. If further movement is noted, a Structural Engineer should be consulted at the earliest opportunity. Cracking of masonry walls is very common in the ACT, particularly where there are volatile clay soils. There may be some superficial or hairline cracks that we consider have no structural implications which have not been identified.

**ELECTRICAL, GAS & OTHER SERVICE INSTALLATIONS -** We are not licensed electricians, gas fitters or mechanical engineers. This report does not cover any matters relating to electrical and gas installations or any apparatus operated by electronic, mechanical or hydraulic means. This report does not cover any matters relating to the operation of electrical or gas appliances. Any comments made in this regard are from a general observation only. You should satisfy yourself as to the operation and condition of any appliances or other installations. Any comments made in this regard are from general observation only. There has been no electrical, data, security or fire detection system testing or investigation.

**PLUMBING & DRAINAGE** - We are not licensed plumbers and a specialist inspection of the water service, plumbing and drainage system including roof drainage is excluded from this report. We recommend an inspection by a licensed plumber and drainer to identify any plumbing faults or drainage problems.

**TIMBER PESTS** - If this report does not include one, we strongly recommend that an independent inspection and report be obtained from an accredited Pest Inspector to determine whether the property is free from infestation (whether active or dormant).

**BOUNDARIES** - Unless otherwise stated, the inspector has not gained access to any neighbouring properties and is therefore unable to comment upon the external state of any boundary fences and walls. The common areas of unit developments are not inspected. Any comments made in relation to common areas are strictly observational.



**RURAL PROPERTY INSPECTION** - This inspection and report relates to the residential structure; rural improvements on the property are not inspected or reported on, any comments contained in this report relative to rural improvements are strictly observational.

**AREAS AND DIMENSIONS** - Whilst every care has been taken to accurately quantify dimensions referenced in this report, we accept no responsibility for inaccuracies as supplying this information exceeds the requirements of a standard building inspection as per Australian Standard 4349.1-2007. In many instances scale plans are not available and therefore the reader should not rely on this report when making critical decisions relating to dimensions.

**ELEVATED STRUCTURES** - Where reference has been made in this report to an elevated structure such as a deck balcony or veranda, it is important to note that we are not Structural Engineers and accordingly our advice is limited. Any opinion relating to structural integrity is relative to weight loadings typical of a normal household event. Prior to loading the structure beyond normal, which may occur at a larger gathering, we recommend that professional advice be obtained to determine that the structure will safely cope with the weight loading. Additionally, the structure should be regularly inspected to ensure that structural integrity is maintained.

SPECIAL PURPOSE REPORTS - This Property Report does not contain any assessment or opinion in relation to any item which is the subject of a Special Purpose Property Report, or any matter where the inspection or assessment of which is solely regulated by Statute. Special Purpose Property Reports include comment on the following: common property areas, environmental concerns such as sunlight, privacy, streetscape and views, proximity of property to flight paths, railways and busy traffic or other neighbourhood issues; noise levels; WHS issues including, but not limited to the presence of asbestos, lead or other hazardous materials; heritage concerns; security or fire protection systems; climate control or water heating systems; analysis of site drainage apart from surface water drainage; swimming pools and spas; detection and identification of illegal and unauthorised plumbing work; durability of exposed finishes.

## **COMPLIANCE REPORT**

The information within this report relies on the plans, survey reports, certificates of occupancy and other relevant documents supplied by the Environment & Planning Directorate (EPD), the appropriate local council or Directorate, the client or their agent. Our company or its employees are not responsible for any omissions or errors where incomplete, inaccurate or illegible information is supplied. It is the responsibility of the property owner to resolve any file discrepancies with the relevant authority. Documentation of any plumbing or electrical alterations is not included in the building file. If required, this documentation can be obtained by the title holder from the relevant utilities provider. If the subject property features a second driveway or verge crossing, Transport Canberra & City Services approval may be required. This information is not supplied in the building conveyancing file. If this report confirms that certification is 'pending' for an unapproved structure, it is important that you are aware that this process can take weeks and involve more than one agency including but not limited to the Environment & Planning Directorate, Icon & Transport Canberra & City Services. Whilst it is rare, in some instances throughout the approvals process an application may be rejected. The Compliance Report relies on documentation provided in the Building File. Residential Reports Inspectors are not Building Surveyors. Certifications included in the file are not cross referenced with the Building Code of Australia (BCA) applicable at the time of construction to confirm that the improvements are compliant with the BCA. This is the responsibility of the Building Surveyor prior to issuing a Certificate of Occupancy. No attempt is made in this inspection and reporting process to confirm that the existing improvements on the subject property are in strict accordance with approved plans. There may be variations in design, features and dimensions that conflict with each other. Additionally, there is no quarantee given that improvements are in accordance with the current Building Code of Australia. In most circumstances, there is no requirement to upgrade specifications to the current Building Code.

SWIMMING POOLS & SPAS - The ACT Government has introduced reforms to home swimming pool safety, with a focus on swimming pool safety barriers. The reforms commence on 1 May 2024, with a four-year transition period. The scheme imposes requirements for information about the safety standard of a regulated swimming pool to be disclosed on the sale of a property. Owners must provide prescribed information including: exemption certificate, compliance certificate, swimming pool disclosure statement, certificate of occupancy for the pool and safety barriers that is not older than 5 years and 'Pool Owners Guidance Material' which outlines the obligations on owners of premises on which a regulated swimming pool is located. If this information is not provided in this report, you must request a copy. For more information on the reforms visit the ACT Government's Planning website.

## **TIMBER PEST REPORT**

This report is the result of a VISUAL INSPECTION ONLY. Inspection of the property and this report has been completed with reference to AUSTRALIAN STANDARD AS 4349.3 - 2010 Inspection of buildings Part 3: Timber Pest Inspections. In all instances throughout this report the inspector is referring to accessible areas only. Areas that were not accessible at the time of inspection or were concealed from view are not covered by this report. The inspector does not imply that inaccessible or partly inaccessible areas of the property were not, or have not been, infested by Timber Pests. This Report is not a guarantee that an infestation or future infestation and/or damage does not exist in any inaccessible or partly inaccessible areas of the property. This inspection DID NOT include breaking, removing or moving objects, floor and wall coverings, roof insulation, foliage, furniture, appliances stored goods and personal possessions - these all limit the scope of inspection. The inspector does not have access to the inside of walls, between flooring, inside eaves and skillion roofing. This Report is confined to reporting infestation and/or damage caused by white ants (subterranean and damp wood termites), borers of seasoned timber and timber pests (wood decay fungi), present on the date of the Inspection. The Inspection did not cover any other pests and this Report does not comment on them. Dry wood termites and European House Borer (Hylotrupes bujulus Linnaeus) are excluded from the inspection due to the extreme difficulty in locating the small colonies. Some species of termite and house borers, if discovered, will be reported (by law) to Government Authorities.



TERMITE RECOMMENDATIONS - Where evidence of termite activity or workings was found in any structure then the risk to buildings is very high and the risk of further attack is also high. A treatment to eradicate the termites and to protect the building(s) should be carried out. If live termites or any evidence of termite workings or damage was reported within the building(s) or in the ground and fences then it must be assumed that there may be concealed termite activity and/or timber damage. This concealed activity or damage may only be found when alterations are carried out such as when wall linings, cladding or insulation are removed or if you arrange for an invasive inspection. We claim no expertise in engineering or building. We strongly recommend that you have a qualified person such as a Builder, Engineer, Architect or other qualified expert in the building trade determine the full extent of the damage, if any. This may require an invasive inspection. We take no responsibility for the repair of any damage whether disclosed by this report or not.

Where visual evidence of termite workings and/or damage is reported but no live termites were present at the time of inspection, you must realise that it is possible that termites are still active in the immediate vicinity and the termites may continue to cause further damage. It is not possible, without benefit of further investigation and a number of inspections over a period of time, to ascertain whether any infestation is active or inactive. Active termites may simply have not been present at the time of inspection due to a prior disturbance, climatic conditions, or they may have been utilising an alternative feeding source. Continued, regular, inspections are essential. Unless written evidence of a termite protection program in accord with "Australian Standard 3660" with ongoing inspections is provided, you must arrange for a treatment in accord with the standard to be carried out immediately to reduce the risk of further attack.

Where the evidence of live termite or termite damage or termite workings (mudding) was found in the building (s) then the risk of a further attack is very high. Where evidence of live termites or termite damage or termite workings was found in the grounds but not in the buildings then the risk to buildings is very high.

If evidence of drill holes in concrete or brickwork or other signs of a possible previous treatment is reported then the treatment was most likely carried out because of an active termite attack. Extensive structural damage may exist in concealed areas. You should have an invasive inspection carried out and have a builder determine the full extent of any damage and the estimated cost of repairs as the damage may only be found when wall linings etc are removed. Normally if a termite treatment has been carried out then a durable notice should be located in the meter box indicating the type of termite shield system, treated zone or combination has been installed.

BORER RECOMMENDATIONS - Borer activity is usually determined by the presence of exit holes and/or frass. Since a delay exists between the time of initial infestation and the appearance of these signs, it is possible that some borer activity may exist that is not discernible at the time of inspection. If borers are identified replacement of all susceptible timbers is always preferred since, in the event of selling the property in the future it is probable that an inspector will report the borers as active. A chemical treatment to control and/or protect against Furniture beetle and/or Queensland pine beetle can be considered as a less effective, lower cost option. Before considering this option You should consult with a builder to determine if the timbers are structurally sound. Following the initial treatment, a further inspection is essential in twelve months' time to determine if further treatment is needed. Treatments over a number of consecutive years may be required. The Lyctus brunneus (powder post beetle) is not considered a significant pest of timber. Damage is confined to the sapwood so treatment or timber replacement is not usually required. However, you should have a building expert investigate if any timber replacement is required. Anobium punctatum (furniture beetle) and Calymmaderus incisus (Queensland pine beetle) must always be considered active, unless proof of treatment is provided, because, unless the timber is ground up, one cannot determine conclusively if activity has ceased. Total timber replacement of all susceptible timbers is recommended. A secondary choice is treatment. However, the evidence and damage will remain, and the treatment may need to be carried out each year for up to three years.

HIGH MOISTURE READINGS, DRAINAGE & VENTILATION - High moisture readings can be caused by any one of the following: poor ventilation, ineffective drainage, leaking pipes, leaking roofs, defective flashing or by concealed termite activity. The areas of high moisture should be investigated by way of an invasive inspection. High moisture levels also increase the likelihood of termite attack and may also be conducive to borer activity and wood decay. If high moisture was reported then you must have a building expert investigate the moisture and its cause and determine the full extent of damage and the estimated cost of repairs.

If drainage is considered inadequate, a plumber or other building expert should be consulted, and remedial measures should be taken. Ventilation of the sub-floor region is important in minimising the opportunity for subterranean termites to establish themselves. Consideration should be given to installing high air flow vents and/or improve the cross flow of air within the subfloor to produce ventilation equivalent to 8400 sq mm net ventilation area per lineal metre on external and internal walls.

INFILL AND CONCRETE SLABS - Any building or part of a building that is constructed on a concrete slab is always more susceptible to termite attack because of possible concealed termite entry. A very high proportion of termite attacks are over the edge of both infill and other concrete slab types. If the edge of the slab is concealed by concrete paths, patios, pavers, garden beds, lawns, foliage, etc then it is possible for termites to conceal their entry into the property. Termites can then cause extensive damage to concealed framing timbers. Even the most experienced inspector may be unable to detect their presence due to concealment by wall linings. Only when the termites attack timbers in the roof void, which may in turn be concealed by insulation, can their presence be detected. Infill slab type construction has an even higher risk of concealed termite ingress as the slab edge is concealed due to the construction design and is not exposed. The type of slab may only be determined by assessment of the construction plans by a qualified person such as a Builder, Certifier or Architect. Construction Plans may be obtainable by your conveyancer. Termite activity and or damage may be present in concealed timbers of the building. We strongly recommend frequent regular inspections



in accordance with AS 3660.2. Where the slab edge is not fully exposed, or the slab is an infill slab or the slab type cannot be determined then we strongly recommend inspections every 3 to 6 months in accordance with AS 3660.2. Infill slab: A slab on the ground cast between walls. Other slabs should be in accordance with AS 2870 - 1996 and AS 3660.1-2000.

TIMBER (FUNGAL) DECAY - We claim no expertise in building and if any evidence of fungal decay or damage is reported you should consult a building expert to determine the full extent of damage and the estimated cost of repairs or timber replacement.

**DETERMINING EXTENT OF DAMAGE** - This Report is NOT a structural damage report. You agree that we are not responsible or liable for the repair of any damage, whether disclosed by our report or not. Our inspectors are not necessarily specialised builders and any inexpert opinion provided with respect to timber damage cannot be relied upon. The Report will not state the full extent of any timber pest damage; rather, we may provide comment on the damage for your information. If evidence of Timber Pest activity and/or damage is reported in the structure(s) or the grounds of the property, then you must assume that there may be further concealed structural damage within the building(s). This concealed damage may only be found when invasive procedures are applied to reveal previously concealed timbers. In the case of Timber Pest activity and/or damage WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND an invasive Timber Pest Inspection is undertaken and a qualified person such as a Builder, Structural Engineer, or Architect be engaged to carry out a structural inspection to determine the full extent of the damage and repairs that may be required.

MOULD - Mould (also referred to as Mildew and non-wood decay fungi) is not considered a Timber Pest. This report does not extensively cover the inspection of Mould. If evidence of mould was observed during the inspection, it may be noted for your information. If you are concerned as to the possible health risk resulting from the presence of mould, then you should seek advice from your local State or Commonwealth Government Health Department expert.

## **IMPORTANT INFORMATION**

This Report reflects the condition of the property existing at the time of the inspection date and may not reflect the current state. Timber Pests, particularly termites, may have gained entry to the property since the inspection date. Termites can, in a relatively short period, cause significant damage to both structural and non-structural timbers within and around the buildings of the property. Termites are difficult to detect and much of the damage caused may not be readily visible, if damage exists, it may be costly to repair. If the Report indicated the presence of termites, termite damage, previous activity or treatments, or recommends a treatment, you should obtain copies of the treatment proposal, any certificates of treatments carried out, details of all repairs including copies of quotations, invoices and any other reports. It is strongly recommended that you arrange for an inspection in accordance with AS 4349.3 to verify that the treatment has been successful and carried out in accordance with AS 3660.2 and arrange for a further building inspection in accordance with AS 4349.1. The person carrying out the inspection and this company will have no liability to you for any damage or loss you may suffer as a result of your entering the contract to purchase the property or in connection with completing the purchase of the property as a result of your failure to heed the advice given in this report and may use such failure in defence of any claim that you may later make against any of them.

Where a property is furnished at the time of inspection, you will appreciate that the furnishings, floor coverings and stored goods may be concealing any evidence of Timber Pest Activity which may only be revealed when the items are moved. Where fences are obscured by foliage, overgrowth or structures, evidence of timber pest activity or damage may be concealed. Poor subfloor drainage increases the likelihood of termite attack. If the risk factor stated in this report is high, this is the opinion of the inspector and should encourage awareness that increased vigilance is warranted and that recommendations for the reduction of unfavourable conditions that increase the chances of termite activity must be strictly observed. It is strongly recommended that a comprehensive timber pest inspection by a qualified timber pest inspector is under-taken every 6-12 months (or more frequently if specified in the report). Regular inspections DO NOT prevent timber pest attack. Regular inspections increase the chance of the early detection of timber pest activity thereby limiting the structural damage that may occur. The overall degree of risk of Timber Pest Infestation cited in this report is a subjective assessment by the inspector at the time of the inspection, taking into account many factors which include, but are not limited to, location and proximity to bushland and trees and/or other timber structures, evidence of timber pest damage or activity close to the inspected structure or within the inspected structure, conducive conditions that raise the potential of timber pest attack, such as timbers in contact with soil, inaccessible areas, slab on ground construction, or other factors that, in the inspector's opinion, raise the risk of future timber pest attack.

A more thorough INVASIVE INSPECTION is available. Where any current visible evidence of Timber Pest activity is found it is strongly recommended that a more invasive inspection is performed. Trees and stumps on the property with a diameter in excess of 100mm have been visually inspected for evidence of termite activity to a height of 2m where access was possible and practical. It is very difficult, and generally impossible to locate termite nests since they are underground and evidence in trees is usually well concealed. We therefore strongly recommend that you arrange to have trees test drilled for evidence of termite nests.

### **RESOURCE LIBRARY**

Where reference is made to the Residential Reports Resource library, you may access this content by clicking here.



## **ENERGY EFFICIENCY RATING FACT SHEET**

### **QUICK FACTS**

- Sellers of residential properties are required to provide an Energy Efficiency Rating (EER) to potential buyers. (This is known as mandatory energy efficiency disclosure.)
- The EER forms part of the Sale Contract and must be published in all advertising material.
- The EER rating system uses computer simulations to assess the potential thermal comfort of your home.
- The more stars, the less likely the occupants need cooling or heating to stay comfortable.
- The ACT Government has two systems in place for Energy Ratings:

One is for established homes (1st Generation Software)

One is for new homes (2nd Generation Software)

Residential Reports (and all other companies preparing reports for the sale of a property on an existing Canberra home that has been previously occupied) are required to use 1st Generation Software.

- The consumption of energy in the home for heating, cooling, hot water or lighting and other appliances IS NOT considered in the application of 1st generation software when calculating the EER rating.
- Many aspects of solar passive designs are also not able to be accounted for in 1st Generation Software.

#### WHAT IS RATED?

The rating is dependent on:

- Layout of the home
- Construction of its roof, walls, windows and floor
- Wall, floor and ceiling insulations
- Orientation of windows and shading of the sun's path and local breezes
- Influence of the local climate

### WHY IS THERE A DISCREPANCY BETWEEN MY OLD EER AND MY NEW EER?

 Increasingly, in a number of circumstances particularly where new homes have been rated using 2nd generation software and are now being offered for sale where the rating must be conducted using 1st generation software, there can be a significant variation between the two ratings:

1st generation software rates to 6 stars

2nd generation software may rate up to 10 stars

 ACT Legislation currently PROHIBITS Inspectors from assuming insulation values which may have been the case previously. Documented proof or visual sighting is now required to verify the existence and rating of insulation.

Your Energy Rating is calculated using software approved by the ACT Government.





#### Certificate of Currency

Policy Number BP20200022

Item 1 The Insured: Residential Reports Pty Ltd

Item 2 Address: 35 Poynton Street

HUGHES ACT 2605

Item 3 Professional Services covered by this policy:

Pre Purchase Building Inspections (AS4349.1)

Special Purpose Building Inspections

Energy Rating Reports Urban Pest Management

Termite Management including inspections - existing buildings and structures (AS3660.2)

Timber Pest Inspections (AS4349.3)

Item 4 Description of the Policy: Professional Indemnity & Broadform Liability (CGU PIB 03-17)

Item 5 Period of Insurance: From 20/07/2025 To 4.00 pm on 20/07/2026

Item 6 Particulars of Risk:

Civil Liability Professional

Indemnity

6.1 The Policy Limit is \$5,000,000 which includes all policy sections

6.2 The Policy Excess is \$20,000 6.3 The Retroactive Date is 20/07/2020

Public Liability

6.4 Sum Insured \$20,000,000 6.5 Excess \$2,500

Date and Place of Issue 21/07/2025 Melbourne, Victoria

Signed for and on behalf of Insurance Australia Limited ABN 11 000 016 722

BUSE

Najibi Bisso, Manager

This Certificate of Currency Indicates policy cover effective as at the date of Issue only



YOUR HOUSE ENERGY RATING IS: \*

2 STARS

Bhartendu & Urvashi Rajput

SCORE: **-39 POINTS** 

Ref No: 44353

Block 8 Section 8 **House Title:** 

in Climate: 24

Name:

Date: 09-09-2025

Address: 213 Badimara Street

> Fisher 2611

Reference: C:\REPORTS\...\BADIMARA STREET FISHER 213

## **IMPROVING YOUR RATING**

The table below shows the current rating of your house and its potential for improvement.

	PO	OR	AVERAGE		GOOD		V. GOOD
Star Rating	0 Star	*	**	***	****	****	*****
Point Score	-71	-70 -46	-45 -26	-25 -11	-10 4	5 16	17
Current	-39						
Potential	39						

Incorporating these design options will add the additional points required to achieve the potential rating shown in the table Each point represents about a 1% change in energy efficiency. This list is only a guide to the range of options that could be used.

Design options	Addit	ional points
Change added wall insulation	R 2.5	46
Change added floor insulation	R 2.5	12
Change glass to Double Glazing	100 %	10
Change curtain to	Heavy Drapes & Pelmets	9
Weather strip entry door	• .	5

FirstRate Mode	
Climate: 24	

RATING SUMMARY for: Block 8 Section 8, 213 Badimara Street, Fisher

Assessor's Name: Lindsay Collison

Assessor's Nar		isay Collison			Points				
Feature							Winter	Summer	Total
CEILING							7	1	7
Surface Area:	0	Insulation:		8					
WALL							-43	0	-43
Surface Area:	-20	Insulation:	-2	23 Ma	ass:	0		1	
FLOOR	FLOOR			"			-3	0	-3
Surface Area:	0	Insulation:	-	3 Ma	ass:	0			
AIR LEAKAG	AIR LEAKAGE (Percentage of score shown for each element)								-1
Fire Place		0 %	Vented S	Vented Skylights 0 %					
Fixed Vents 0 %			Windows	3		21 %			
Exhaust Fans 6 %			Doors			65 %			
Down Lights		0 %	Gaps (ar	ound fram	nes)	8 %			
DESIGN FEAT	TURES						0	1	1
Cross Ventilation	า	1							
ROOF GLAZI	NG						0	0	0
Winter Gain		0	Winter Lo	oss		0			
WINDOWS							-6	-13	-19
VA/SI	А	rea		Poir	t Scores				
Window Direction	m2	%NCFA	Winter* Loss	Winter Gain	Summer Gain	Total			
NE	11	12%	-19	20	-7	-6	1		
SE	3	3%	-5	2	-1	-4			
<b>SW</b> 5 6% -8 3 -3				-7					
NW 2 2% -4 4 -2 -1									
Total	20	24%	-36	30	-13	-19			

<sup>\*</sup> Air movement over glazing can significantly increase winter heat losses. SEAV recommends heating/cooling duct outlets be positioned to avoid air movement across glass or use deflectors to direct air away from glass.

The contribution	of heavyweight materials to th	e window score is -1 points	Winter	Summer	Total
RATING	**	SCORE	-46	-12	-39*

<sup>\*</sup> includes 19 points from Area Adjustment

#### **Detailed House Data**

#### **House Details**

ClientName Bhartendu & Urvashi Rajput

HouseTitle Block 8 Section 8
StreetAddress 213 Badimara Street

Suburb Fisher Postcode 2611

AssessorName Lindsay Collison FileCreated 09-09-2025 Comments

#### **Climate Details**

State
Town Canberra
Postcode 2600
Zone 24

#### Floor Details

<u>ID</u>	<u>Construction</u>	Sub Floor	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Shared</u>	<u>Foil</u>	Carpet	Ins RValue	<u>Area</u>
1	Timber	Enclosed	No	No	No	Float T	imb	
							R0.0	51.5m <sup>2</sup>
2	Timber	Enclosed	No	No	No	Carp	R0.0	40.4m <sup>2</sup>
3	Timber	Enclosed	No	No	No	Tiles	R0.0	3.3m <sup>2</sup>

#### **Wall Details**

ID	Construction	<u>Shared</u>	Ins RValue	Length	<u>Height</u>
1	Brick Veneer	No	R0.0	40.5m	2.4m

#### **Ceiling Details**

ID	<u>Construction</u>	<u>Shared</u>	Foil	<u>Ins RValue</u>	<u>Area</u>
1	Attic - Standard	No	No	R5.0	95.2m <sup>2</sup>

#### **Window Details**

									Fixed &	Fixed	Head to
ID	Dir	Height	Width	Utility	Glass	Frame	Curtain	Blind	Adj Eave	Eave	Eave
1	NE	2.1m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	2.1m	2.1m	0.0m
2	NE	2.1m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
3	NE	2.1m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
4	NE	2.1m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
5	NE	2.1m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
6	SE	1.4m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
7	SE	1.4m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
8	SW	1.4m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
9	SW	1.4m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
10	SW	0.8m	0.8m	Yes	SG	TIMB	HB	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
11	SW	0.8m	0.8m	Yes	SG	TIMB	HB	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
12	SW	1.0m	0.9m	No	SG	TIMB	HB	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m
13	NW	2.1m	1.0m	No	SG	TIMB	HD	No	0.7m	0.7m	0.0m

#### **Window Shading Details**

				Obst	Obst	Obst	Obst	LShape	LShape	LShape	LShape
<u>ID</u>	Dir	<u>Height</u>	Width	<u>Height</u>	<u>Dist</u>	<u>Width</u>	Offset	Left Fin	Left Off	Right Fin	Right Off
1	NE	2.1m	1.0m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	1.5m	1.5m

#### **Zoning Details**

#### Air Leakage Details

Location	Suburban
Is there More than One Storey?	No
Is the Entry open to the Living Area?	Yes
Is the Entry Door Weather Stripped?	No
Area of Heavyweight Mass	0m²
Area of Lightweight Mass	0m²

Chimneys Vents Fans Downlights Skylights Utility Doors	<u>Sealed</u> 0 0 1 0 0	<u>UnSealed</u> 0 0 0 0 0 2
Utility Doors External Doors	0 0	2 2

Unflued Gas Heaters 0
Percentage of Windows Sealed 98%
Windows - Average Gap Small
External Doors - Average Gap Small
Gaps & Cracks Sealed Yes

#### Rater Comments

#### **House Details**

ClientName Bhartendu & Urvashi Rajput

HouseTitle Block 8 Section 8 StreetAddress 213 Badimara Street

Suburb Fisher Postcode 2611

AssessorName Lindsay Collison FileCreated 09-09-2025

#### **Rater Comments**

#### MEASUREMENTS USED IN THIS ASSESSMENT

The Energy Rating recorded in this assessment is determined by assessing many elements of the structure and interior treatments including window and floor coverings. The area of external walls and windows, ceiling and floors are part of the assessment.

Some measurements used in this assessment may be nominal. Every effort is made by the assessor to accurately calculate the dimensions of property. However, often accurate and comprehensive plans indicating all dimensions of an existing property, particularly following alterations and extensions are not always available. The reader of this report should not rely on the accuracy of any dimensions used when making critical decisions relating to those dimensions. The assessor will not accept any liability should any discrepancy be revealed.

#### **DESIGN OPTIONS**

The design option suggestions to improve this energy rating may be additional to elements already in place. For example, the option to install 'Heavy Drapes and Pelmets' will take into account windows that already have Heavy Drapes and Pelmets installed. Insulation recommendations will take into account existing insulation values.

Some recommendations for improvement will not be practical in all circumstances. For example, if the dwelling is built on a concrete slab, it will be possible to install floor insulation.

#### DOOR SEALS AND WEATHER STRIPS

A wooden framed door is only considered to be sealed when a draft extruding device is fitted to the bottom of the door AND sealing tape or felt is fitting to the timber frame around the door opening.

#### WINDOW GLAZING RATIOS

Glazing areas in one direction greater than 25% of the nett conditioned floor area will reduce the Energy Efficiency Rating.

#### **CONVEYANCING BUILDING FILE INDEX**

UBURB:	FISHER	SECTION:	8	BLOCK:	8	UNIT:	N/A	EX GOV:	YES	
--------	--------	----------	---	--------	---	-------	-----	---------	-----	--

COU ISSUED Y/N	PLAN NUMBER	FOLIO NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	AMEND	DETAILS	PERMIT NUMBER	COU PLAN NO. & DATE
Υ	84374/A	-	GARAGE				
		-				84374/A	
Υ	84374/B	-		Y			
		-					84374/A+/B 21/11/1994
Υ	B20222096/A	-	SECONDARY RESIDENCE AND ALFRESCO			B20222096/A	
Υ	B20222096/B	-		Y			
		-					B20222096/A+/B 12/05/2023

For any incomplete approvals please email acbuildingconveyance@act.gov.au for further information on how to complete.

Drainage Plan Number: 15394

Survey: N

Comments: ORIGINAL RESIDENCE IS EX-GOVERNMENT - NO SURVEY ON FILE.

ORIGINAL EX GOVERNMENT HOUSE PLANS ARE WITH LEITH & BARTLETT.





#### **CONVEYANCING PART 2**

No information is provided in respect of electrical, drainage or sewer matters and or to the location of overhead power lines or underground cables in relation to the building.

		<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
1.	(a) Is this a government or ex government house?		
	(b) If yes, is there a building file with approvals on it?		
2.	Is there any record of incomplete building work on the building file?  If yes - file copies attached		
3.	Are there any records on the building file of current (within 5 years) housing Indemnity insurance policies for building work? <b>If yes</b> - file copies attached	/ 🔀	
4.	Are there any records on the building file showing building applications still being processed? (Current within 3 years) <b>If yes</b> - file copies attached		
5.	Are there any records on the building file in relation to loose-fill asbestos insulation?		
	If available, copies of the following documents are provided:		_
	Certificate/s of Occupancy and Use		
	Survey Certificates		
	<ul> <li>Unit Plan/Unit Entitlements (if property is unit titled)</li> </ul>		
	Approved Building Plans		
	Ex- government Building Plans*		
	If requested:		_
	Drainage Plan(s)	$\boxtimes$	
You shou insulatio www.asl	Government is not able to guarantee the accuracy of the information in this report.  uld make your own enquiries and obtain reports (from a licensed Asbestos Assessor) in relation to in (and other forms of asbestos) on the premises. For more information go to the Asbestos Awar bestos.act.gov.au	eness Web	site –
part of a	<b>ote:</b> Development Approval plans will not be included in this report (We do not receive Developm Building Approval in which case they become Building Approval Plans), if development approval evelopment Approval plans from <a href="mailto:ACEPDcustomerservices@act.gov.au">ACEPDcustomerservices@act.gov.au</a> .		
Initial bu Certifica The first	<b>lote:</b> Building approvals that have been generated via eDevelopment will be issued with a project illding approval documentation will be identified with project number B20XXXXX only but will be it to of Occupancy and Use. Any amendments to the original approval will be issued with the project amendment will be identified as B20XXXX/B, the second amendment B20XXXX/C etc. Not all eDeplan number.	referenced ct number a	as B20XXXX/A on the and an alphanumeric digit.
	ernment plans: Plans are typical and not specific to each residence. There may be slight changes to required to be approved.	o the layou	ut or window locations
Search	officer comments (if any?)		
Search	officer initials: Rebecca Cost of application: \$ 144.79 Date com	ipleted:	08/09/2025

### Residential Builders' Warranty Insurance Certificate of Insurance

QBE Insurance (Australia) Ltd Level 18, 388 George St. Sydney Act 2000 Phone: PHONE:8275 9999 Fax: 02 8275 9330 ABN: 78 003 191 035 AFS License No: 239545



Policy Number 180072558BWI-128

URVASHI & BHARTENDU RAJPUT 213 BADIMARA STREET FISHER 2611 Name of intermediary AON HIA (NSW/ACT) GPO BOX 2188 CANBERRA ACT 2601

Account number 180006684 Date issued 26/05/2022

#### Policy schedule details

#### Certificate in respect of insurance

Residential Building Work by Contractors

A contract of insurance complying with the Building Act 2004 and Regulations has been issued by QBE Insurance (Australia) Limited ABN 78 003 191 035, in respect of Residential Building Work as described in the Schedule herein

In respect of ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS STRUCTURAL

At BLOCK 8 SECTION 8

213 BADIMARA STREET

FISHER ACT 2611

Carried out by BUILDER

TURNKEY CREATIONS PTY LTD

ABN: 67 155 832 732

Declared contract price\$332,811.00Contract date09/08/2021Builders registration no.2012767

Building owner / Beneficiary URVASHI & BHARTENDU RAJPUT

Subject to the Building Act 2004, Regulations and the conditions of the Insurance contract, cover will be provided to the Building Owner/ Beneficiary named in the domestic building contract and to the successors in title to the Building Owner/Beneficiary or the immediate successor in title to the builder or developer who did the work and subsequent successors in title.

For and behalf of QBE Insurance (Australia) Limited.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE:**

This certificate must be read in conjunction with the Policy Wording and kept in a safe place. These documents are very important and must be retained by you and any successive owners of the property for the duration of the statutory period of cover.

To confirm the registration of this document, please visit the QBE Certificate Register via <a href="https://www.qbe.com/au/home-insurance/builders-insurance">https://www.qbe.com/au/home-insurance/builders-insurance</a>. By matching the details on this certificate with the details included in the register, it confirms your Certificate of Insurance was issued by QBE.



# Department of Urban Services ACT Building Control

GPO Box 158, Canberra ACT 2601

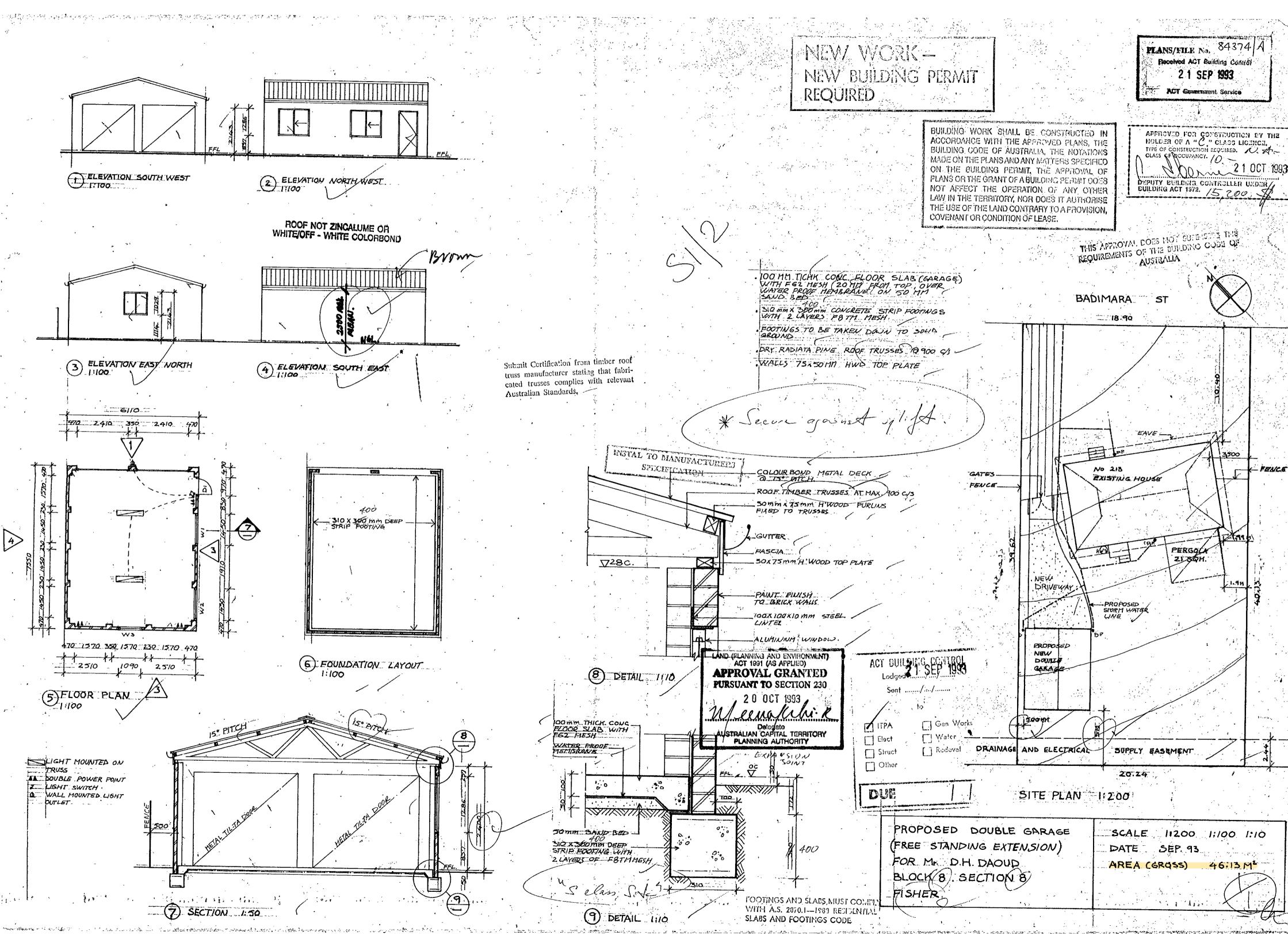
## Certificate of Occupancy or Use

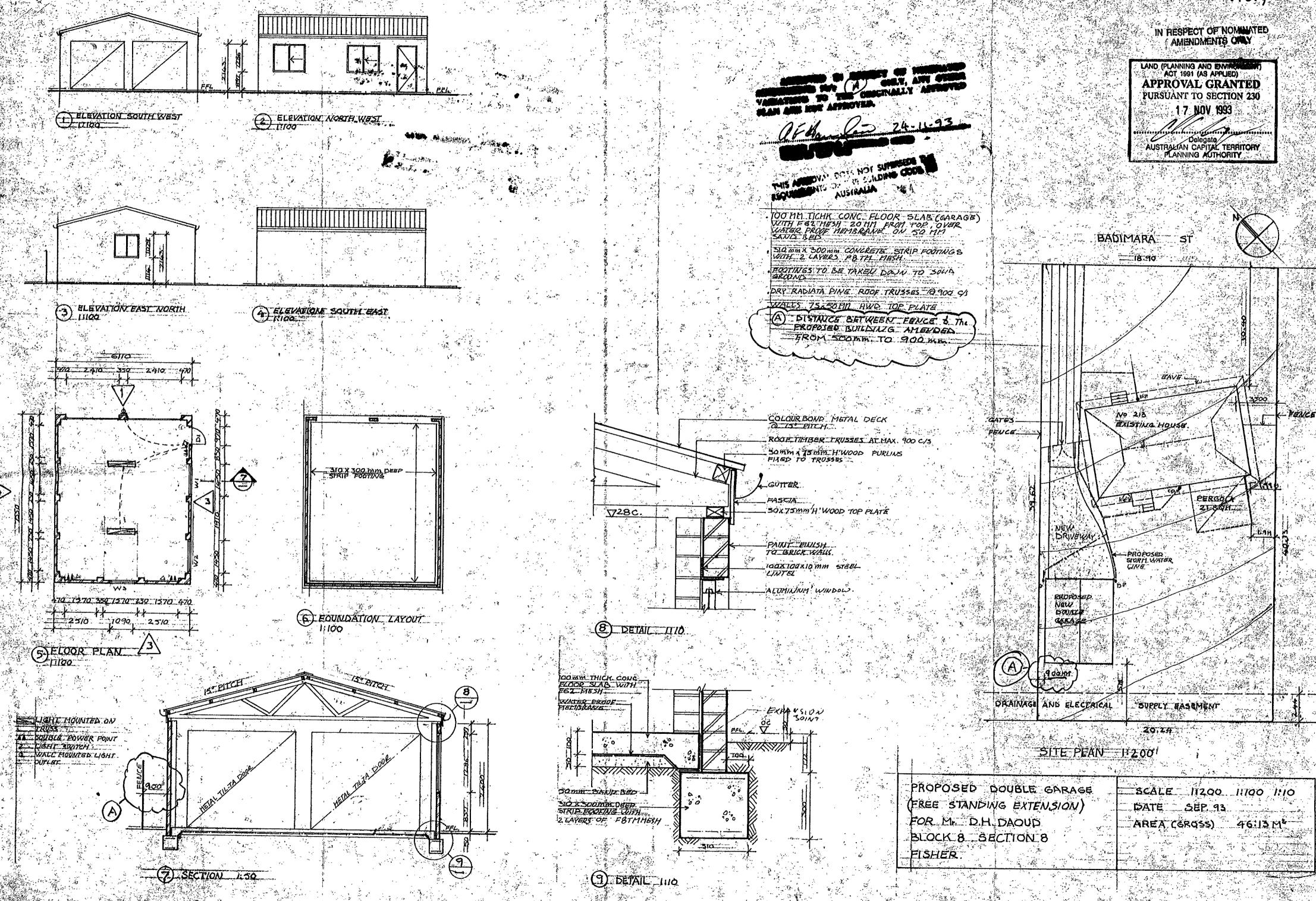
Persuant to Par FARAGE	t V of the Bui	lding Act 197	2, the buil	ding consisting of a
situated at Division: Fisher	Section:	Block:	Unit:	
s considered to equirements fo				the prescribed orsements listed below:
Approved plan io A B	d's included i	n this certif	icate:	
Project Number: Classes of occup Name of Permit D	pancy:	of construct	ion:	TRIMS Number: 84374
it for occupan	cy or use purs	•		•
Indorsements:				
			,	i
	-			
		•		
		<u></u>		1
			<u> </u>	

The issue of this Certificate does not affect the liability of a person to comply with the provisions of a law of the Territory (including the Building Act) relating to the building work nor does it authorise the user of the land contrary to a provision, convenant or condition of lease.

Deputy Building Controller

21/11/1994







# Certificate of Occupancy and Use

Certificate No.: B20222096C1

## Access Canberra Land, Planning and Building Services

ABN 16 479 763 216 8 Darling Street Mitchell GPO Box 158 ACT 2601 www.act.gov.au/accesscbr

This Certificate is issued in accordance with Section 69 (2) of the Building Act 2004.

The building work listed on this certificate has been completed substantially in accordance with the prescribed requirements and is considered fit for occupation and use.

Unit	Block	Section	Division (Suburb)	District	Jurisdiction
	8	8	FISHER	WESTON CREEK	Australian Capital Territory

Plans
B20222096/A
B20222096/B

#### **Building Works**

Class of Occupancy	Nature of Work	Project Item Description	Other Description	Type Of Const.	Unit	BCN ID	Builder
1a	New Standard	RESIDENCE	Secondary Residence	NA		B20222096N1	TURN KEY CREATIONS PTY LTD
10a	New	PERGOLA	Alfresco	NA		B20222096N1	TURN KEY CREATIONS PTY LTD

Comments	Important Note:

The issue, under this Part, of a certificate in respect of a building or portion of a building does not affect the liability of a person to comply with the provisions of a law of the territory (including this Act) relating to the building or portion of the building.

**Issued by:** Carson Meents **Issued on:** 12/05/2023

Delegate of the ACT Construction

Occupations Registrar.

# Page 1 of 10 610.36 610.36 -610.508 817 m<sup>2</sup> $\bigcirc$ s × 611.39 18 PITAL ERTIFIERS issued under the s.28 o the Building Act 2004. CAPITAL CERTIFIERS PTY LTD COLA LIC. 2012 818 ACN: 158 851 239 54 RAWING NAME

#### **LEGEND**

SYMBOL DESCRIPTION

LIGHT

9 POWER POLE  $\blacksquare$ 

GAS

TEL TELECOMMUNICATION PIT

HOT WATER SYSTEM

AC AIR CONDITIONER

TREE

#### DISCLAIMERS:

Tree canopies are shown as a circular representation only and may not reflect irregular canopies.

The symbols used in this plan and associated digital data do not necessarily reflect the size and orientation of the object they represent.

Boundary information is for the purpose of this plan. Further survey and marking of boundaries may be required.

Services shown hereon have been determined from visual evidence only. Prior to any demolition, excavation or construction on the site the relevant authority should be contacted to establish detailed location and depth.

Easement information has been derived from the Deposited Plan and ACTMAPI. It is recommended that a title search be carried out to investigate whether any Easements have been created by instrument and added to the title.



Customer Name: Urvashi & Bhartendu Rajput Project Address: 213 Badimara Street, Fisher ACT

2611 Block № 8 Section № 8

Proposed Secondary Residence GFA Proposed Roof Area Block Area Actual Block Ratio

Actual POS [(GFA + Gar. GFA + Dr'way) - Block area]
Minimum Private Open Space [(Block area x 0.60) - 50]

	/ RE
87.36 m2 122.04 m2	P1.
817.00 m2 33.11 %	CUST
442.24 m2	
440.20 m2	

REV	DESIGN PHASE	DATE	INITAILS	DR				
P1.4	PROJECT PLANS	03.02.2022	D.B.					
CUSTOMER APPROVAL								
				DRA				

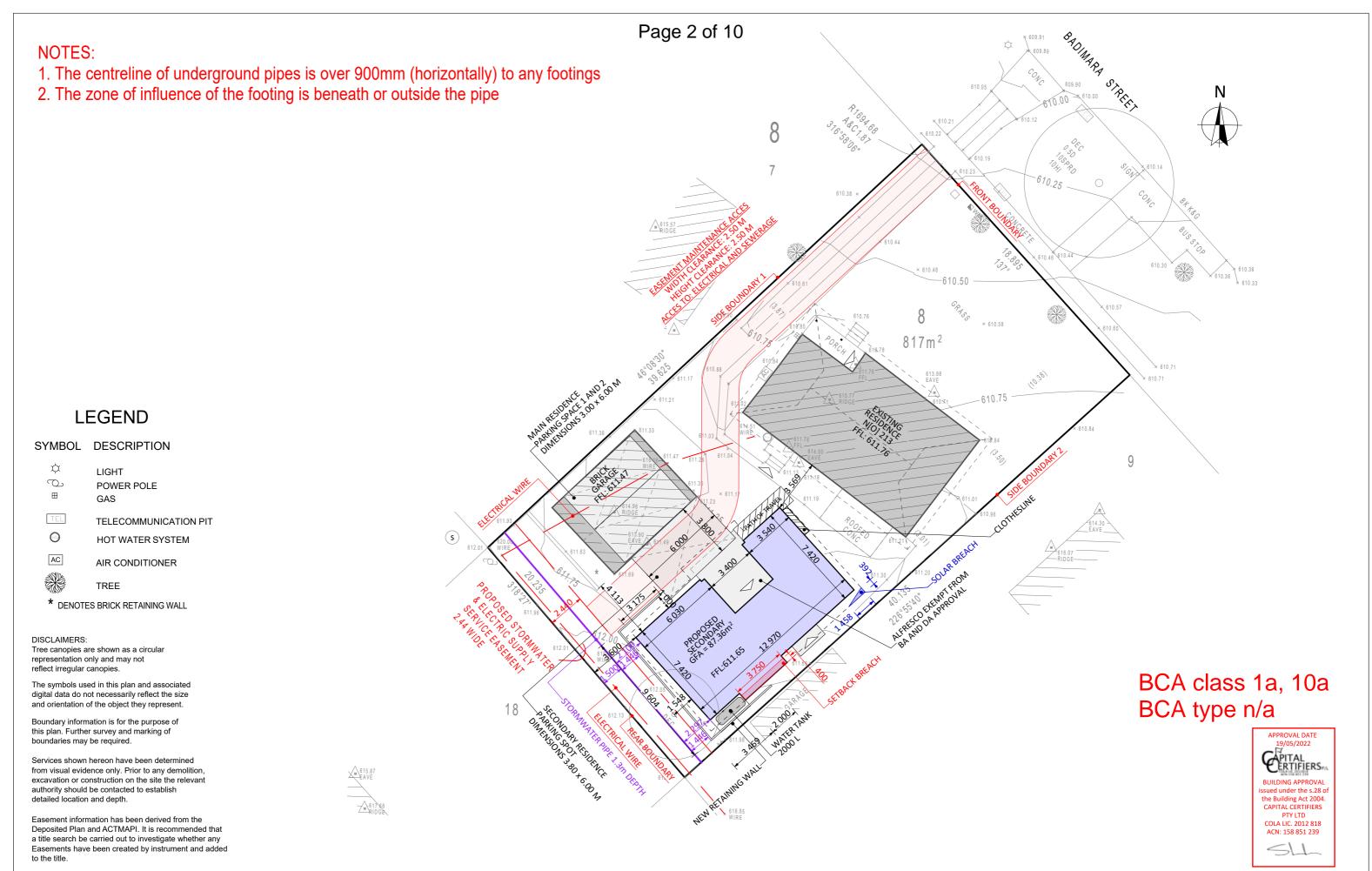
SIGNATURE

**DEMOLITION PLAN** 

RAWING SCALE | SHEET SIZE CHECKLIST NUMBER DRAWING NUMBER 0661 А3 1:220



<sup>\*</sup> DENOTES BRICK RETAINING WALL





PROJECT DETAILS

Customer Name: Urvashi & Bhartendu Rajput Project Address: 213 Badimara Street, Fisher ACT

2611 Block № 8 Section № 8 AREAS
Proposed Secondary Residence GFA
Proposed Roof Area
Block Area
Actual Block Ratio

Actual Block Ratio
Actual POS [(GFA + Gar. GFA + Dr'way) - Block area]
Minimum Private Open Space [(Block area x 0.60) - 50]

)	
87.36 m2	Г
122.04 m2	Ľ
817.00 m2	lcι
33.11 %	
442.24 m2	
440.20 m2	

\	REV	DESIGN PHASE	DATE	INITAILS	DRAWING NAM	E
	P1.7	PROJECT PLANS	14.02.2022	D.B.		
	CUSTO					
					DRAWING SCALE	5

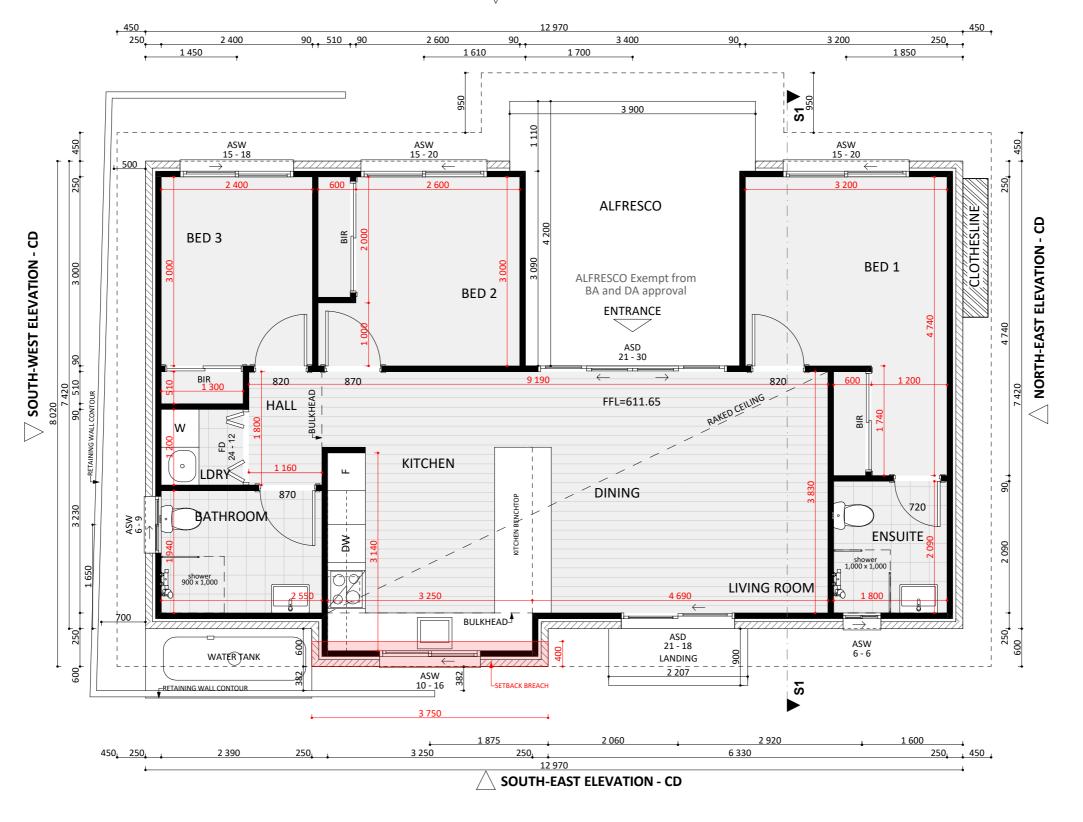
SIGNATURE

SITE PLAN

rawing scale Sheet size drawing number checklist number 1:220 A3 2 0661

# 4

#### NORTH-WEST ELEVATION - CD







PROJECT DETAILS

Customer Name: Urvashi & Bhartendu Rajput Project Address: 213 Badimara Street, Fisher ACT

2611 Block № 8 Section № 8

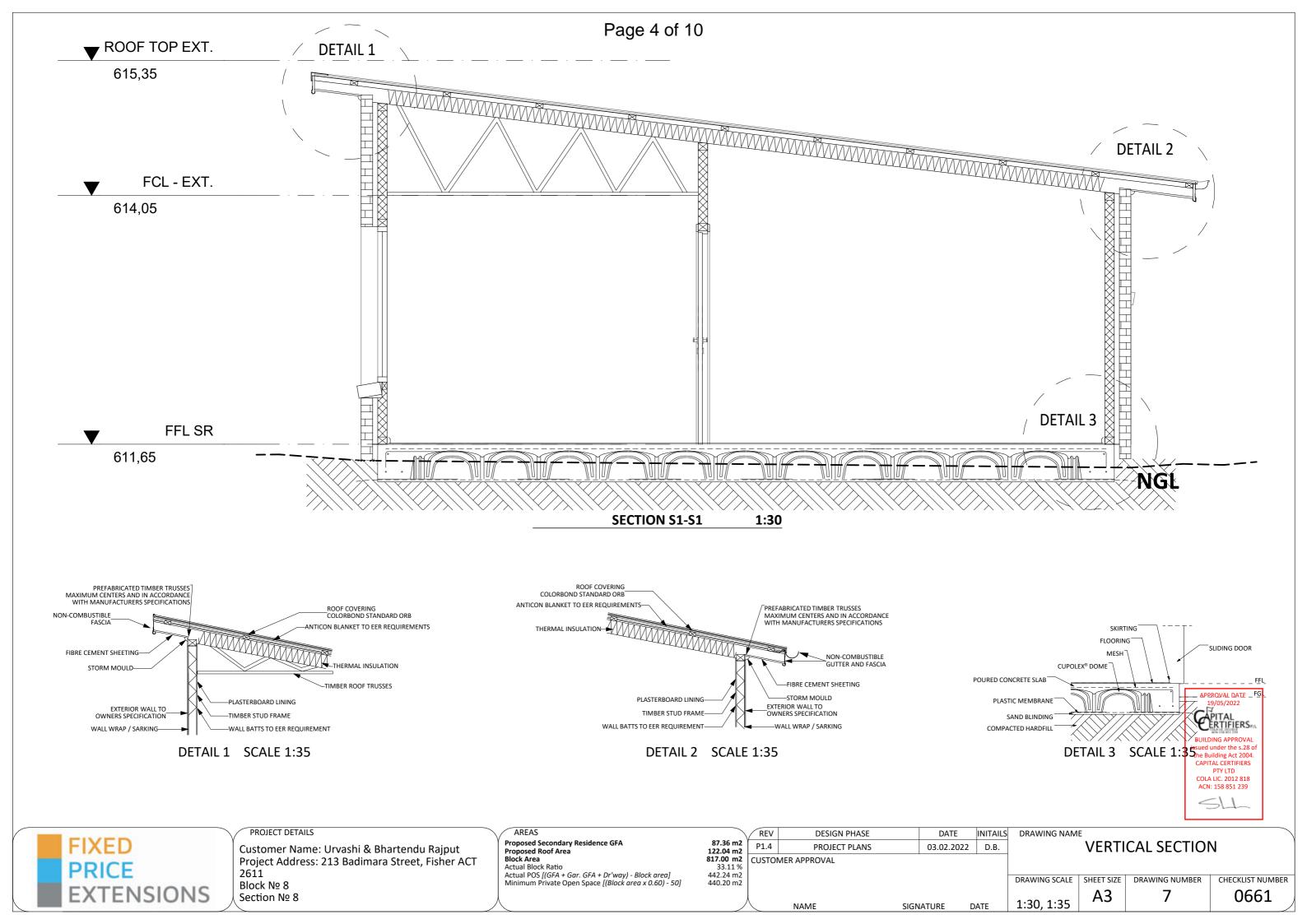
/	AKEAS
	Proposed Secondary Residence GFA
	Proposed Roof Area
	Block Area
	Actual Block Ratio
	Actual POS [(GFA + Gar. GFA + Dr'way) - Block area]
	Minimum Private Open Space [(Block area x 0.60) - 50

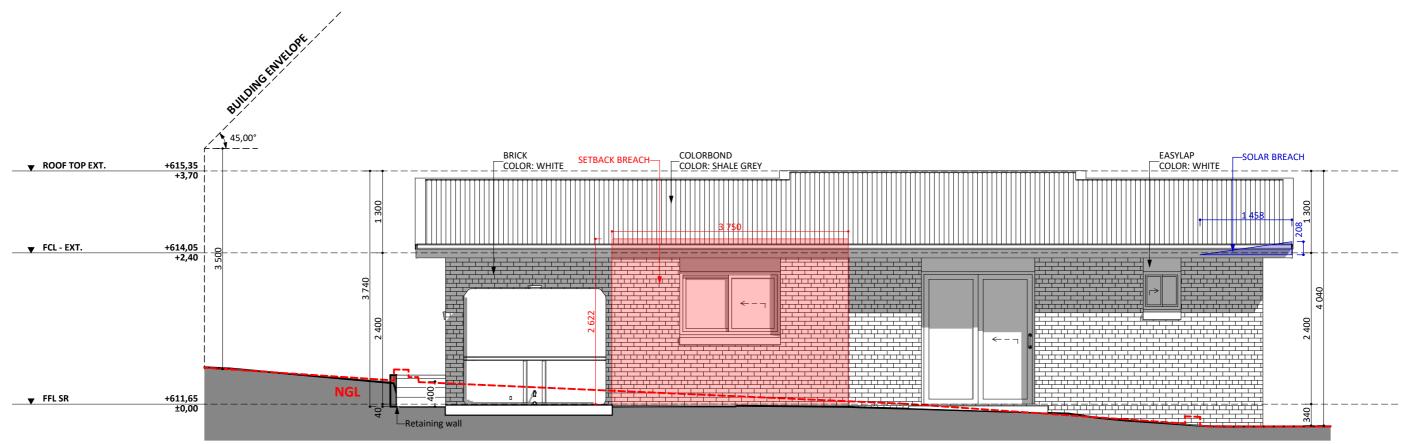
	REV	DESIGN PHASE	DATE	INITAIL
87.36 m2 122.04 m2	P1.4	PROJECT PLANS	03.02.2022	D.B.
817.00 m2 33.11 % 442.24 m2 440.20 m2	CUSTO	MER APPROVAL		
		NAME SIGN	NATURE D	ATE

FLOOR PLAN	
------------	--

DRAWING NAME

RAWING SCALE	SHEET SIZE	DRAWING NUMBER	CHECKLIST NUMBER
1:60	A3	3	0661





**SOUTH -EAST ELEVATION - CD** 

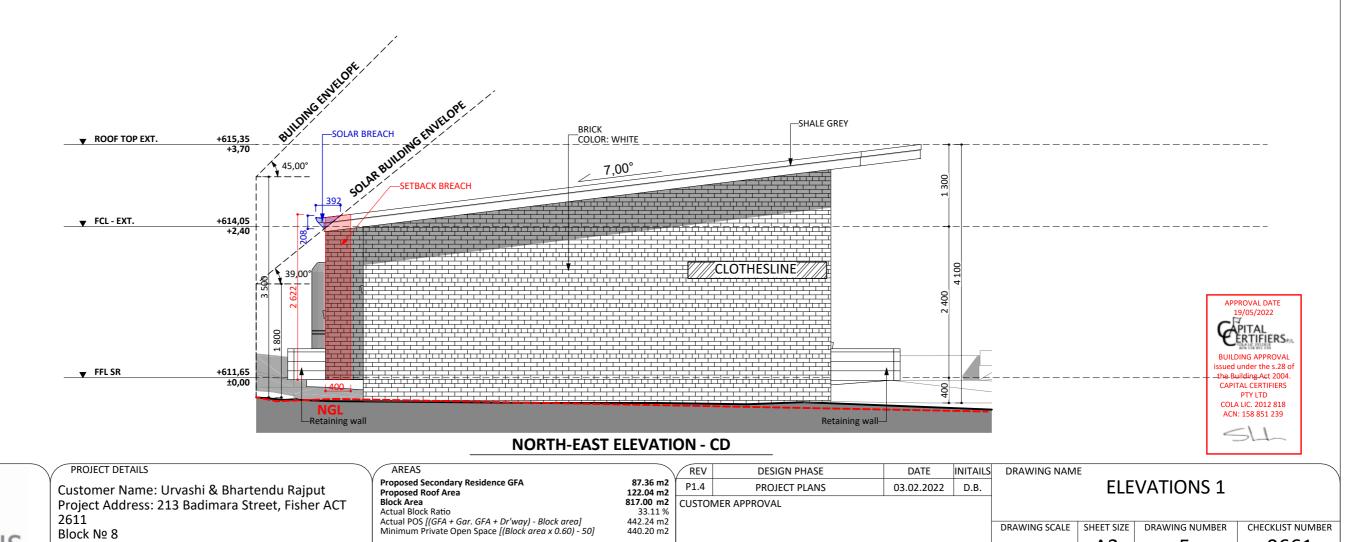
**FIXED** 

PRICE

**EXTENSIONS** 

Block № 8

Section № 8



442.24 m2 440.20 m2

DRAWING SCALE | SHEET SIZE

1:60

SIGNATURE

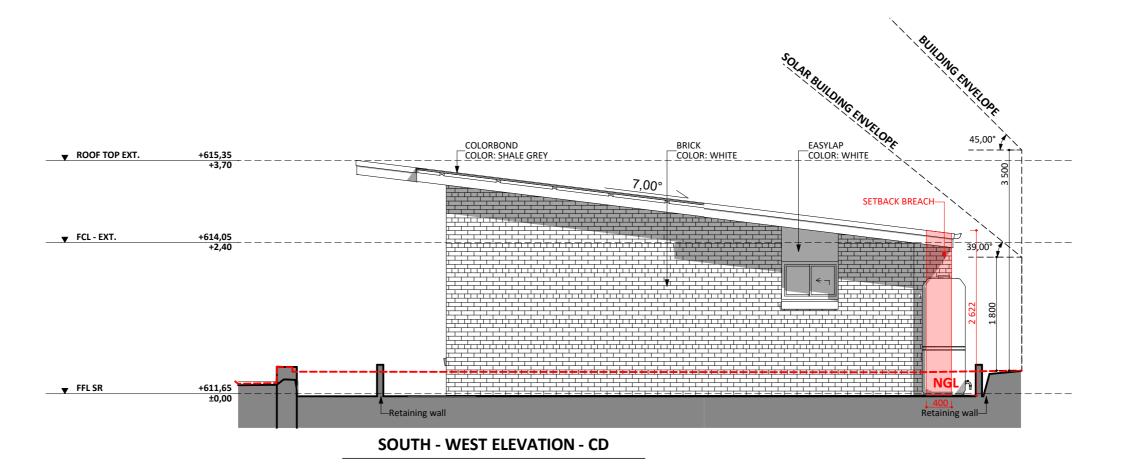
**A3** 

DRAWING NUMBER

CHECKLIST NUMBER

0661







PROJECT DETAILS

Customer Name: Urvashi & Bhartendu Rajput Project Address: 213 Badimara Street, Fisher ACT

Block № 8 Section № 8

Proposed Secondary Residence GFA
Proposed Roof Area
Block Area
Actual Block Ratio
Actual POS [(GFA + Gar. GFA + Dr'way) - Block area]
Minimum Private Open Space [(Block area x 0.60) - 50]

	REV	DESIGN PHASE	DATE	INITAIL
87.36 m2 122.04 m2	P1.4	PROJECT PLANS	03.02.2022	D.B.
817.00 m2 33.11 % 442.24 m2 440.20 m2	CUSTO	WER APPROVAL		

SIGNATURE

INITAILS DRAWING NAME **ELEVATIONS 2** 

> DRAWING SCALE | SHEET SIZE DRAWING NUMBER CHECKLIST NUMBER 0661 **A3** 1:60

APPROVAL DATE 19/05/2022 PITAL ERTIFIERS

issued under the s.28 of the Building Act 2004. CAPITAL CERTIFIERS PTY LTD COLA LIC. 2012 818 ACN: 158 851 239

54

# PIERRE DRAGH

**CONSULTING ENGINEERS** 

#### **OFFICE**

ADDRESS: 16 VICTORIA STREET, HALL, ACT, 2618

TEL: 0438 625 440 FAX: (02) 6230 9695

EMAIL: PDRAGH@BIGPOND.COM

APPROVAL DATE
19/05/2022

APPITAL
ERTIFIERS.

BUILDING APPROVAL
issued under the s. 28 of
the Building Act 2004.
CAPITAL CERTIFIERS
PTY LTD
COLA LIC. 2012 818
ACN: 158 851 239

#### SITE ADDRESS

BLOCK 8 SECTION 8 213 BADIMARA STREET, FISHER ACT

#### JOB DESCRIPTION

PROPOSED NEW DWELLING

#### CLIENT:

**URVASHI & BHARTENDU RAJPUT** 

#### **DRAWING LIST**

SO - COVER SHEET

S1 - GENERAL NOTES

S2 - CUPOLEX STRUCTURAL DOME LAYOUT

**S3 - EASEMENT DETAILS** 

#### NOT

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CLIENT IN CONSULTATION WITH THEIR BUILDER TO CHECK AND VERIFY THE BUILDABILITY OF THE DESIGN AS PRESENTED AND REFER ANY CONCERNS BACK TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THESE DRAWINGS ARE TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PROJECT ARCHITECTURAL AND OTHER CONSULTANTS DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.



#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL ARCHITECTURAL AND OTHER CONSULTANTS DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND WITH SUCH OTHER WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS AS MAY BE ISSUED DURING THE COURSE OF THE CONTRACT. ALL DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REFERRED TO THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER FOR DECISION BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.
- DIMENSIONS SHALL NOT BE OBTAINED BY SCALING THE
- STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS.
- G.3 SETTING OUT DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE BUILDER.
- **DURING CONSTRUCTION THE STRUCTURE SHALL BE MAINTAINED** A STABLE CONDITION AND NO PART SHALL BE OVERSTRESSED.
- ALL WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIAL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CURRENT EDITIONS OF THE A.S. CODES AND THE BY-LAWS AND ORDINANCES OF THE RELEVANT BUILDING AUTHORITY.
- THE STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN **DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING CODES:** CONCRETE -A.S 3600

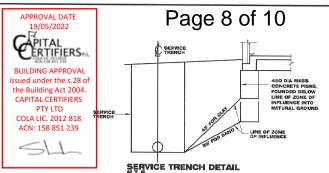
FOOTING .

A.S 2870

STEEL A.S 4100 & A.S. 4600

#### **FOUNDATIONS AND FOOTINGS:**

- FOOTINGS HAVE BEEN DESIGNED FOR A UNIFORM BEARING PRESSURE (refer to sheet 2). FOUNDATION MATERIAL SHALL BE APPROVED FOR THIS PRESSURE BEFORE PLACING CONCRETE FOOTING.
- THE SITE IS CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GEOTECHNICAL REPORT (refer to sheet 2). WE DISCLOSE THAT WE HAVE NOT VERIFIED THIS REPORT AND THAT WE RELY ON ITS FINDINGS.
- FOOTING SHALL BE PLACED CENTRALLY UNDER WALLS AND COLUMNS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- ALL WORKMANSHIP & MATERIALS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH A.S. 2870
  THE FOOTING DETAILS SHOWN ARE FOR THE SITE CLASSIFICATION
- F.5 STIPULATED, PDCE CONSULTING ENGINEERS TAKES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR VARIATIONS WHICH MAY OCCUR DUE TO ARIATIONS IN SITE CONDITIONS.
- FILL USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SLAB EXCEPT WHERE THE SLAB IS SUSPENDED SHALL CONSIST OF A CONTROLLED FILL OR ROLLED FILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH A.S. 2870
  - A) ROLLED FILL CONSISTS OF MATERIAL COMPACTED IN LAVERS BY REPEATED HOLLING WITH AN EXCAVATOR, HOLLED FILL BHALL NOT EXCEED 600mm DOMPACTED IN LAVERS NOT MORE THAN 300mm, FOR BAND MATERIEL OR ADDRESS DOMPARTED IN LAVERE
  - NOT MORE THAN 1800 TO THE BUILDING WELL GRADED BAND FILL UP TO 800mm HEEP, WILL COMPACTED IN NOT MORE THAN 300mm LAYERS BY VIBRATING PLATE OR VIBRATING HOLLER NOW SAND FILL UP TO ADDRESS WELL DOMPADTED IN NOT MORE THAN 150 LAYERS BY A MECHANICAL HOLLER, CLAY FILL SHOULD BE MOIST DURING COMPACTION, THE DEPTHS OF FILL CIVEN ABOVE
  - ARE DEPTHS WEATURE!! AFTER DIMPARTION FOR SUBJECT TO CONTROL AND TENTING. IF YERY FAILS THEN PIERS ARE REQUIRED, CONTACT THIS OFFICE PRIOR TO FURTHER
  - CONSTRUCTION EDGE BEAMS MAY HE FOUNDED ON CONTROLLED FILL EDGE BEAMS SHALL NOT BE FOUNDED ON BULLED FILL
- TOP SOIL CONTAINING GRASS ROOTS ON OTHER ORGANIC MATERIAL F.7 SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE AREA ON WILLOW THE BLAB IS TO
- IF ANY FOOTING IS LOCATED SUCH THAT A LINE DRAWN AT AN DEGREES FOR OLAY AND SU DECIMENS FOR SAID FROM ITS BASE INTERSECTS A SERVICE THEORY FOR PERSONS AND SERVICES AS PER DETAIL BILLIW



**CONCRETE WORK:** 

- C.1 ALL WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIAL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH A.S. 3600. & A.S. 2870
- CONCRETE QUALITY SHALL BE AS TABULATED BELOW U.N.O. AND SHALL BE VERIFIED BY TESTS.

ELEMENT		MAX. SIZE AGG. mm	CEMENT TYPE	EXPOSURE CLASSIFIC.	CONCRETE GRADE	COVER mm
SLABS ON GROUND	100	20	А	A1	25N	20 TOP 30 BTM 40 EXTERNAL
FOOTINGS	100	20	A	A1	25N	40
SUSPENDED SLAB	80	20	A	A1	32N	30 TOP 20 BTM 40 EXTERNAL

- ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE PLACED AND CURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A.S. 3600. WHERE CURING COMPOUNDS ARE USED IT MUST BE APPLIED AS FOLLOWS: A) ONTO SLAB WITHIN 2HRS OF FINISHING OPERATION
- B) ONTO WALLS AND COLUMNS IMMEDIATELY AFTER REMOVAL OF FORMWORK.
  SIZES OF CONCRETE ELEMENTS DO NOT INCLUDE THICKNESS OF APPLIED FINISHES. CONSTRUCTION JOINTS WHERE NOT SHOWN SHALL BE TO THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.
- DEAM DEPTHS ARE WRITTEN FIRST AND INCLUDE SLAB THICKNESS, IF ARY, HORISONTAL FORMWORK SHALL BE STRIPTED WHEN APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER
- UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE NO ALLOWANCE HAS BEEN MADE FOR STACKED MATERIALS OR MACHINERY ON THE CONCRETE STRUCTURE.
- NO HOLES OR CHASES OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN ON THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS SHALL BE MADE IN CONCRETE ELEMENTS WITHOUT THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE
- 6.18 REINFORGEMENT IS REPRESENTED DIAGRAMMATICALLY, IT IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN
- SPLICES IN REINFORCEMENT MADE IN POSITIONS OTHER THAN SHOWN SHALL SE TO THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER, WHERE THE LAP LENGTH IS NOT SHOWN IT SHALL BE SUPPLICIENT TO DEVELOP THE FULL STRENGTH OF THE REIMPORCEMENT.
- WELDING OF REINFORDEMENT SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED UNLESS SHOWN ON THE
- STRUCTURES BRAWNESS

  FIRST OR CONCRETE SIZEL, NOT BE FLACED WITHIN THE CONCRETE COVER TO RESPONDENT WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. 0.18
- ALL REINFORCING BARS SHALL COMPLY WITH A.S. 4871, ALL FABRIC SHALL COMPLY WITH A.S. 4871 AND SHALL BE SUPPLIES IN PLAY SIMEYS.
- REINFORCING SYMBOLSI REMPONDING SYMBOLS:
  N : DENOTES GRADE BESO HIGH STRENGTH DEFORMED BARS TO A.S. 4671.
  N : DENOTES GRADE RESO HOT ROLLED FLAIN BARS TO A.S. 4671.
  SL : DENOTES HARD-DRAWN WHE SQUARE REMPORDING FABRIC TO A.S. 4671.
  RL : DENOTES HARD-DRAWN WHE SQUARE REMPORDING FABRIC TO A.S. 4671.
  THE NUMBER IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THESE SYMBOLS IS THE BAR DIAMETER IN
- 0.18 PARRIC REINFORCEMENT TO BE LAPPED ONE MESH PLUS 20mm, LAPS IN POSITIONS OF MAXIMUM MOMENT ARE NOT PERMITTED.

- C.17 ALL REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE FIRMLY SUPPORTED ON INSULATED STEEL, PLASTIC OR CONCRETE CHAIRS GENERALLY AT NOT GREATER THAN BOO CENTERS BOTH WAYS. RODS SHALL BE TIED AT ALTERNATE INTERSECTIONS.
- C.18 ALL TENSILE REINFORCEMENT TO BE LAPPED AS SHOWN (u.n.o.):

REINF. BAR	N12	N16	N20	N24
LAP LENGTH mm	500	600	700	800

#### **DRAINAGE NOTES:**

- D.1 ALL WORKMANSHIP & MATERIALS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH A.S. 2870 D.2 DRAINAGE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO AVOID WATER PONDING AGAINST OR NEAR THE
- FOOTING. THE GROUND IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY OF THE PERIMETER FOOTING, INCLUDING THE GROUND UPHILL FROM THE SLAB ON CUT-AND-FILL SITES, SHALL BE GRADED TO FALL 50mm MINIMUM AWAY FROM THE FOOTING OVER A DISTANCE OF 1m. SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE DRAINS SHALL BE USED TO CHANNEL WATER AWAY AND CONNECTED TO STORM WATER SYSTEM. ANY PAVING SHALL ALSO BE SUITABLY
- D.3 PLUMBING TRENCHES SHALL BE SLOPED AWAY FROM THE HOUSE AND SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH CLAY IN THE TOP 300mm WITHIN 1.5m OF THE HOUSE. THE CLAY USED FOR BACKFILLING SHALL BE COMPACTED. WHERE PIPES PASS UNDER THE FOOTING, SYSTEM, THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH CLAY OR CONCRETE TO RESTRICT THE INGRESS OF WATER BENEATH THE FOOTING SYSTEM.
- D.4 EXCAVATIONS NEAR THE EDGE OF THE FOOTING SYSTEM SHALL BE BACKFILLED IN SUCH A WAY AS TO PREVENT ACCESS OF WATER TO THE FOUNDATION, FOR EXAMPLE. EXCAVATIONS SHOULD BE BACKFILLED ABOVE OR ADJACENT TO THE FOOTING. WITH MOIST CLAY COMPACTED BY HAND-RODDING OR -TAMPING. POROUS MATERIAL SUCH AS SAND, GRAVEL OR BUILDING RUBBLE SHOULD NOT BE USED.

  D.5 WATER RUN-OFF SHALL BE COLLECTED AND CHANNELLED AWAY FROM THE HOUSE
- **DURING CONSTRUCTION.**
- D.6 PENETRATIONS OF THE EDGE BEAMS AND FOOTING BEAMS ARE TO BE AVOIDED, BUT WHERE NECESSARY SHALL BE SLEEVED TO ALLOW FOR MOVEMENT.
- D.7 CONNECTION OF STORMWATER DRAINS AND WASTE DRAINS SHALL INCLUDE FLEXIBLE CONNECTION.

#### STRUCTURAL STEEL:

- ALL WORKMANSHIP & MATERIALS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH A.S. 4100 EXCEPT WHERE VARIED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL STEEL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH:
  - A.S. 3679.1 GRADE 300 FOR ROLLED SECTIONS.
  - A.S. 1163 GRADE 350 FOR RHS SECTIONS. A.S. 1163 GRADE 350 FOR CHS SECTIONS.
- A.S. 373 GRADE 350 FOR ALL PLATE. A.S. 373 GRADE 350 FOR ALL PLATE. A.S. 3879 I HADE 380 FOR ALL FLAT A.S. 1887 UNADE 480 FOR 1.8, 1.8, 2.4 AND 8.0 BMT OF COLD-FORMED STEEL SICOTIONS.
- UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ALL WELDS SHALL BE 6mm CONTINUOUS FILLET WELDS AND ALL QUESET PLAYES SHALL BE 10mm THICK.
- BUTT WELDS WHERE INDICATED IN THE DRAWINGS ARE TO BE COMPLETE PENETRATION BUTT WELDS AS DEFINED IN A.S. 1884.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ALL BOLTS SHALL SE 18mm DIA HIGH STRENGTH (H.S.) BOLTS SHALL CONFORM TO A.S. 1252 AND SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE. WITH A.S. 4100 AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ALL BEAMS TO BE SUPPORTED ON BRIGHWORK/ENGAGED BRICK PIERS (1 10mm BRICK BEARING REQUIRED) PLACE INCOMPRESSIBLE PACKING AS
- REQUIRED UNDER THE ENDS OF THE BEAM TO ENSURE EVEN BEARINGN ON BRICKWORK UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE PROTECTIVE COATINGS FOR STEELWORK SHALL BE AS TABULATED BELOW AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE BBA.

(MOT MORET IMTO	MABONRY OR CONCRETE)	(HUILT INTO MASONRY OR CONCRETE)
INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	
110		
HO	W1	RD.
HO	HA .	NA
H1	NA NA	NA NA
MI.	NA.	116
	IMTERMAL RO RO RO RO R1 R1	INTERNAL

REVISION DETAILS NO. DESCRIPTION MAME

PIERRE DRAGH CONSULTING ENGINEERS

OFFICE TO VIOYORIA STREET, HALL. AGY, REID PRI : DARB BES 440 Web www.pdconglineers.com

BLOCK B BECTION I ELS BADIMARA STREET. FISHER ACT

URVABHI & BHARTENDU RAJPUT

GENERAL NOTES

HIIV from the 14/03/88 DEBIONED PRAVIE

BHEBRED.

#### **CUPOLEX SLAB**

\_ R

H/V

0

X

	PAD/FOOTING SCHE	DULE
MARK	SIZE	REMARKS
EB1	320(D)X300(W) REFER DETAIL DWG NO.S2	3N12 ON 3L11TM (BTM)
IB1	320(D)X300(W) REFER DETAIL DWG NO.S2	3N12 ON 3L11TM (BTM)
SF1	500(D)X300(W) REFER DETAIL DWG NO.S2	3L11TM (TOP+BTM)

**LEGEND** 

#### **DENOTES STANDARD DOME 560X560X260 DENOTES NUMBER OF EXPOSED BETTON STOP RIBS** 3N12 OR 3L11TM, 2000mm LONG. TIED TO TOP OF SLAB MESH **DENOTES # OF HORIZONTAL/VERTICAL CUPOLEX DOMES 300mm DIA CONCRETE PIER TO** MIN 500mm INTO NATURAL GROUND. **OMIT PIER WHERE SLAB FOUNDED ON NATURAL GROUND** Ø300mm DIA CONCRETE PIER TO INVERT LEVEL OF PIPES.

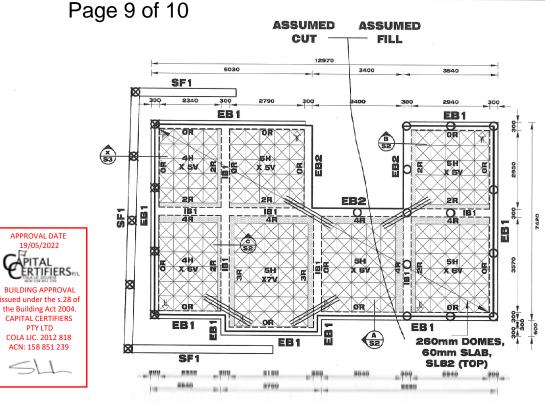
MIN 1300mm DEEP INTO NATURAL GROUND,

STRUCTURE WILL NOT BE COMPROMISED IN THE EVENT THAT FULL EXCAVATION IS

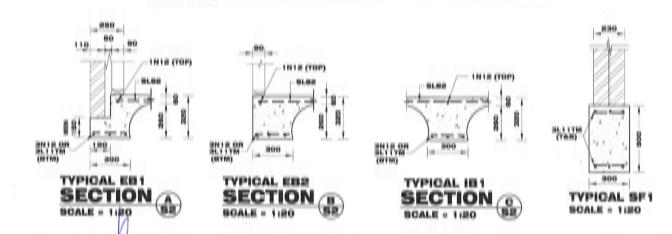
**FOOTINGS WILL NOT IMPOSE** ADVERSE LOADS ON PIPES.

REQUIRED ALONG EASEMENT

SLAB SURFACE AREA 200 (m²)	81.7
CUPOLEX DOMES 260	189
STOP ENDS 260	71
BETON 6TOPS 260	76
SLAD PERIMETER (m)	46.9
CONCRETE STRENGTH : MIN 25MP	@ 28 DAYS



#### **CUPOLEX STRUCTURAL DOME LAYOUT** BOALE 11100





PIERRE DRAGH CONSULTING ENGINEERS

OFFICE, TO VIOYORIA STREET, HALL,

PRI : DASS SEE AAS WES WWW.paconglicere.com

APPROVAL DATE

19/05/2022 APITAL

PTY LTD

ACN: 158 851 239

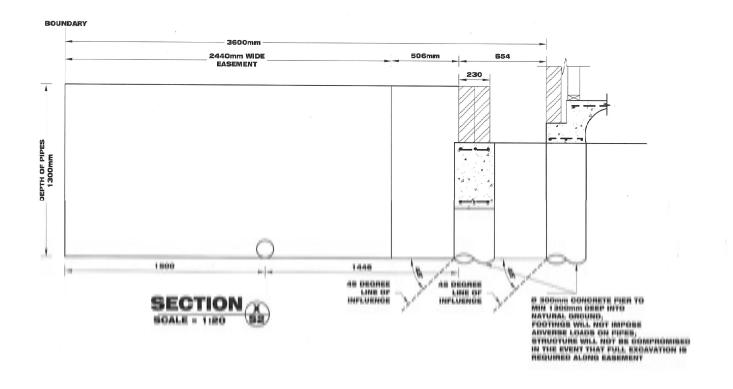
BLOCK & SECTION & FISHER ACT

URVABHI & BHARTENDU RAJPUT

**CUPOLEX STRUCTURAL DOME LAYOUT** 

HIIV. tress ten. HINAMIN

#### Page 10 of 10





HEBRIEFTION DETAILS MAME

PIERRE DRAGH CONSULTING ENGINEERS

OFFICE: 18 VIOYORIA STREET, HALL, ACY, SE 18 PRI : 0228 625 220 Web Www.pdicoplosers.com

PROJECT BLOCK & SECTION & S 13 BADIMARA STREET, FISHER ACT URVASHI & BHARTENBU RAJPUT

EASEMENT DETAILS

dan No. VATE: DESIGNAL AFRAL DRAWN AFE



1. The centreline of underground pipes is over 900mm (horizontally) to any footings

2. The zone of influence of the footing is beneath or outside the pipe

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2007

#### **APPROVAL AMENDED**

PURSUANT TO SECTION 198 IN RESPECT OF THE NOMINATED AMENDMENTS ONLY

Delegate name Fawzia Majid

Date 9/3/2023

#### **LEGEND**

SYMBOL DESCRIPTION

\$

LIGHT POWER POLE

⊞ GA

T.

TELECOMMUNICATION PIT HOT WATER SYSTEM

O AC

AIR CONDITIONER



TREE

#### DISCLAIMERS:

Tree canopies are shown as a circular representation only and may not reflect irregular canopies.

The symbols used in this plan and associated digital data do not necessarily reflect the size and orientation of the object they represent.

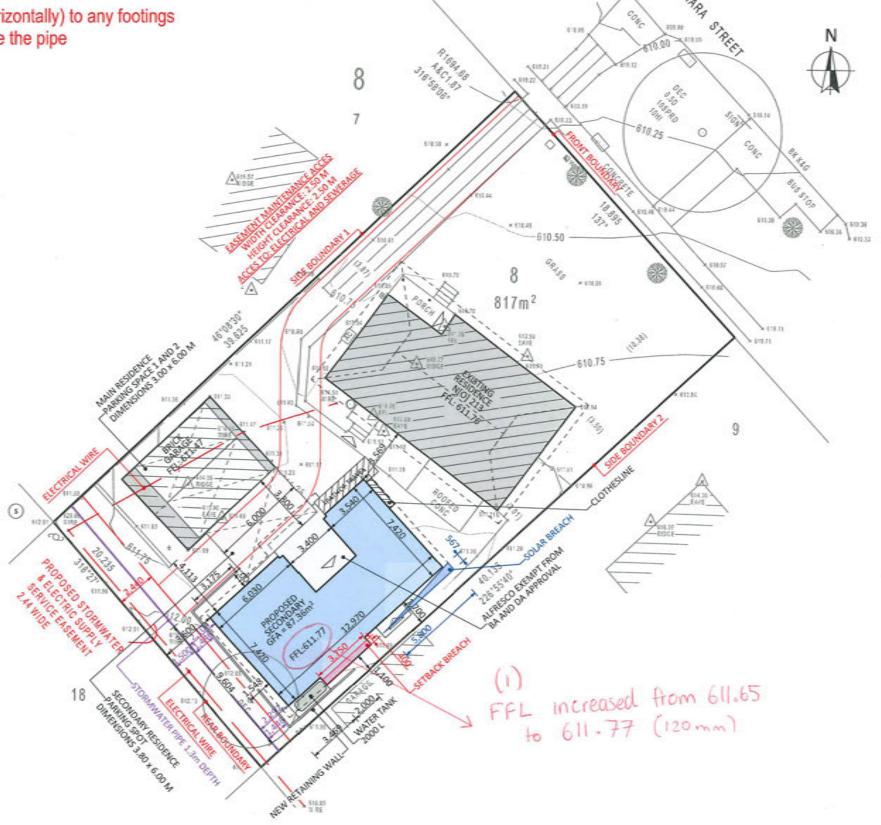
Boundary information is for the purpose of this plan. Further survey and marking of boundaries may be required.

Services shown hereon have been determined from visual evidence only. Prior to any demolition, excavation or construction on the site the relevant authority should be contacted to establish detailed location and depth.

Easement information has been derived from the Deposited Plan and ACTMAPI. It is recommended that a title search be carried out to investigate whether any Easements have been created by instrument and added to the title.









ROJECT DETAILS

Customer Name: Urvashi & Bhartendu Rajput Project Address: 213 Badimara Street, Fisher ACT 2611 Block № 8

Section Nº 8

ARCHITECT INITIALS DESIGNER TEMPLATE BLOCK TYPE

D.B. Shannon T21-05 LARGE

AREAS
Proposed Secondary Residence GFA
Proposed Roof Area
Block Area
Actual Block Ratio

Actual POS [[GFA + Gar. GFA + Dr'way] - Block area]

Minimum Private Open Space [[8lock area x 0.60] - 50]

87.36 m2 122.04 m2 817.00 m2 33.11 % 442.24 m2 440.20 m2

REV	DESIGN PHASE	DATE	
P1.13	PROJECT PLANS	16/12/2022	
-		-	
CUSTOMER AP	PROVAL	, ,	
CUSTOMER AP	PROVAL		-

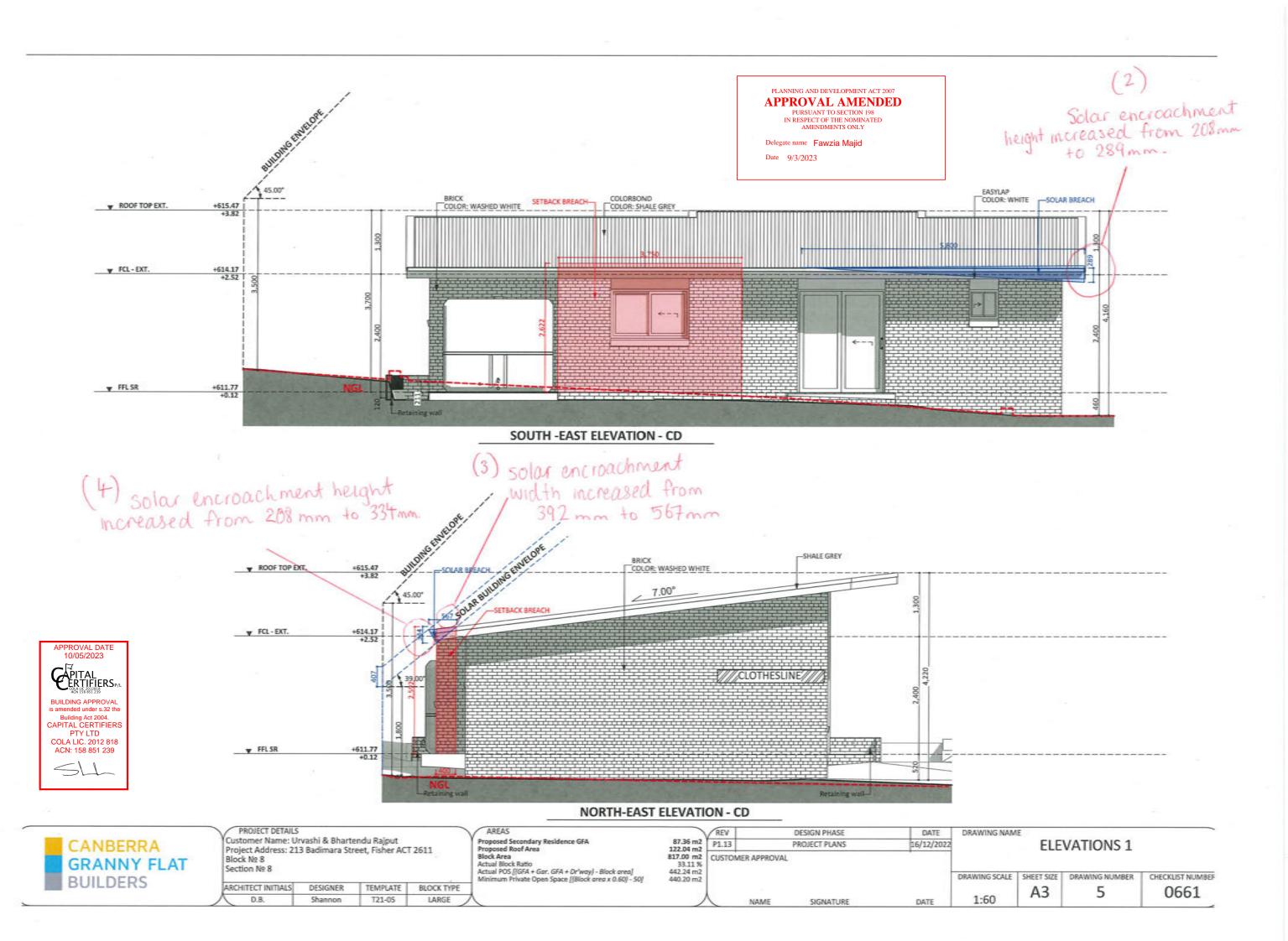
SIGNATURE

NAME

SITE PLAN

PRAWING SCALE | SHEET SIZE | DRAWING NUMBER | CHECKLIST NUMBER | 1:220 | A3 | 2 | 0661

<sup>\*</sup> DENOTES BRICK RETAINING WALL



# Original Leith and Bartlett house plans are with "leithandbartletthouseplans"

To purchase copies of Leith and Bartlett house plans

email\_leithandbartlett@gmail.com

and advise the block, section and suburb.

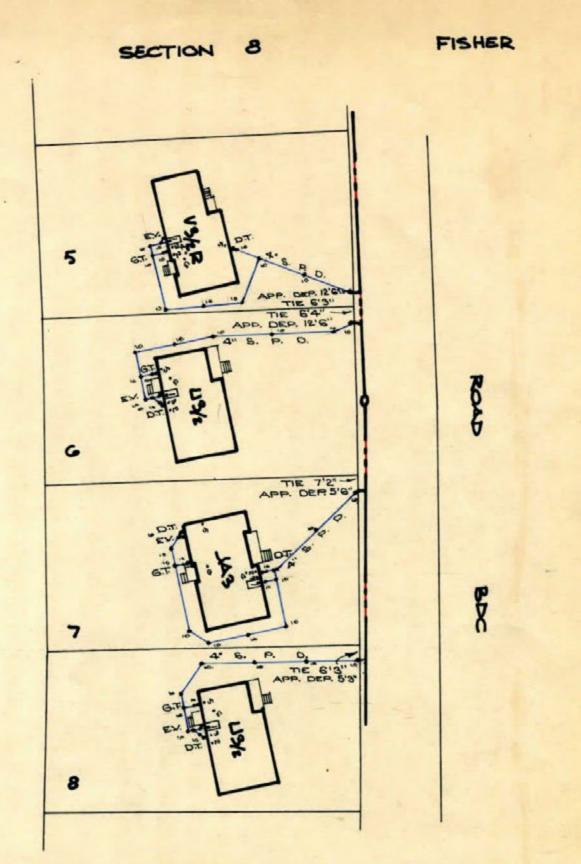
\$50 for the site plan and house plan (with elevations).

Extra \$10 for the sewer drainage plan.

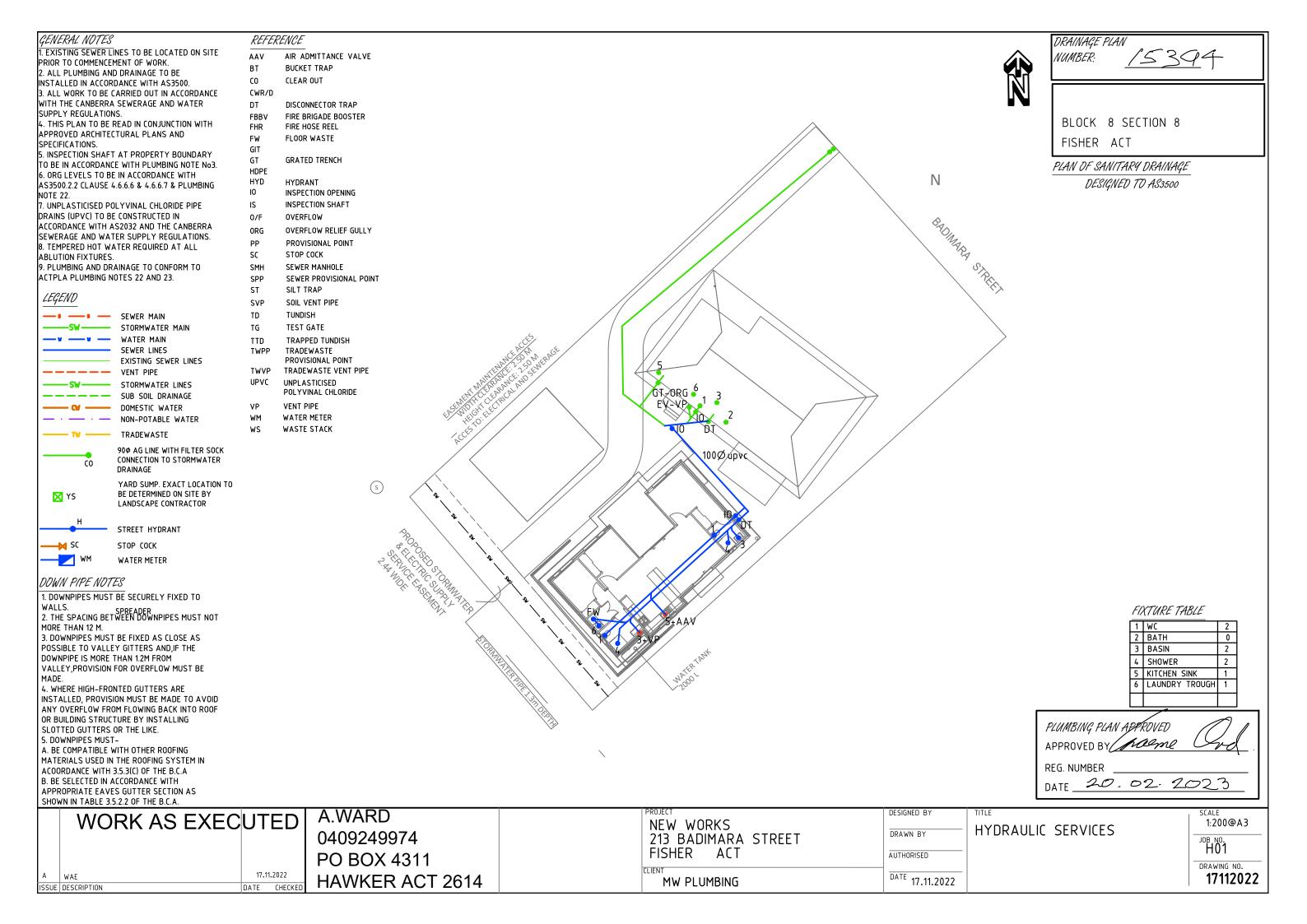
GST is not applicable.

Payment by credit card and drawings are emailed in pdf format.

There are no survey plans and no certificates of occupancy.



LEGEND GI gully trap 1 W.C.	DEPARTMENT OF WORKS
DT disconnector trap 2 Bath 1.0 inspection opening 3 Basin	Contractors must verify all dimensions at the job before commencing work or making shop drawings
EV educt vent 4 Shower SPD stoneware pipe drain 5 Sink SVP soil vent pipe 6 Trough	Date: Client: N.C.D.C. ON BEHALF OF COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA
NOTES  The plan shall be read together with	Checked: Job 31 HOUSES AT GOOIC  FISHER & WARAMANGA Drg No. 9
Architects working drawings Branches shall be located before setting out of	Scales SEWER DRAINAGE PLAN
All work shall conform with regulations.  Existing main ————————————————————————————————————	LEITH & BARTLETT PTY. LTD.  Directed by Architects, Engineers, Town Planners 220 Northbourne Ave. Braddon A.C.T. Jel. 49 5077



#### **PAYMENT PENDING**

As per terms and conditions in the Residential Reports Client Guarantee

# Tax Invoice



**Inspection Number 44353** 

Please ensure this number is used when making payment

3 September 2025

Bhartendu & Urvashi Rajput

For the Property at: 213 Badimara Street Fisher ACT 2611

RAPID + ADDITIONAL BUILDING INSPECTIONS PACKAGE	
Access Canberra conveyancing file fees (no GST)	181.00
Property Inspection and Report (package price)	850.00
Timber Pest Inspection and Report (package price)	835.00
Building Compliance Inspection and Report (package price)	800.45
First Rate Energy Efficiency Inspection & Report	0.00
Subtotal	2666.45
Total GST	248.55
TOTAL INC GST	\$2915.00

Thank you for your business

We offer comprehensive Pest Management Solutions! Call now to book your regular Pest Control Service

No Pay Package Conditions: This invoice must be paid on settlement or within 180 days of the date of inspection, whichever comes first. We must be notified immediately if the property is not marketed within 3 months or is withdrawn from the market and the invoice must be settled within 14 days. Failure to adhere to these terms will result in associated legal and collection fees being applied to amount due.

PAYMENT OPTIONS	
<b>X</b> PEXA	To avoid unallocated payments please use reference number: <b>44353</b>
Credit Card	Please call 6288 0402 to provide card details. Your account is not debited until the day reports are released. Providing these details as soon as possible will ensure there is no delay when reports are ready.
Direct Deposit	Account Name: Residential Reports BSB: 012-997 Account Number: 2269 05945 Reference: <b>44353 IMPORTANT</b> : <u>PLEASE</u> ensure this unique ID is used



#### A PERCENTAGE OF EVERY JOB IS DONATED TO OUR WITHOUT A ROOF PROGRAM

Every year we step into hundreds of homes, yet in our region there are still so many people living without acceptable, permanent or safe shelter. A percentage from each inspection we conduct is contributed to our in-house program 'Without a Roof' and periodically donated to make small changes to this big issue. To find out more visit residentialreports.com.au