

The Law Society of the Australian Capital Territory: Contract for Sale **Schedule**

	The unexpired	Unit	UP	No.	Block	Section	Division/District	
Land	term of the				14	18	Ngunnawal	
24114	Lease	11					1.8	
		and known as 33	Wellingto	n Street, N	Ngunnawal ACT 2	913		
	Full name	David John Cahill						
Seller	ACN/ABN							
	Address	PO Box 9, Coolang	atta QLD	4225				
	Firm	Harrington Hall L	awyers					
	Email	Katya@harringto	nhall.com.	au				
Seller Solicitor	Phone	02 6185 0999			f Katya Zygadlo			
	DX/Address	GPO Box 364 Can	berra ACT		7 70			
Stakeholder	Name		Auction Advantage Trust Account					
Stantenorder	Firm	Auction Advantage						
	Email	ClientServices@cg		1				
Phone +61 0400 446 605 Ref Frank Waln								
	DX/Address	Unit 6 Level 2, 80 Emu Bank, Belconnen ACT 2617						
Dt! -t!	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ullit o Level 2, 60	Elliu Dalli	k, beicoiii	ieli ACT 2017			
Restriction on	Mark as	⊠ Nil	secti	on 370	section 280	section 306	section 351	
Transfer	applicable	✓ N I I D	L T		I I D I			
Land Rent	Mark one	Non-Land Ren			Land Rent Lease			
Occupancy	Mark one	☐ Vacant possess		<u>_</u>	Subject to tenan	су		
Breach of	Description	As disclosed in the	e Require	d Docume	nts			
covenant or unit								
articles	breaches)	E: 10 ·	. 1		. 1: 1	1		
Goods	Description	Fixed floor coveri	ngs, wind	ow treatn	ients, light fitting	s as inspected		
doous	Description							
Date for Registrat	ion of Units Plan							
Date for Completion		On or before 30 days from the Date of this Contract						
Electronic Trans		No						
Land Tax to be a		No						
	.,	New residential p				⊠ No □	Yes	
Residential Withholding Tax		Potential residential land?				⊠ No □	Yes	
Residential With	morumg rux			rithholdin	g navment?	⊠ No □	Yes (insert details on p.3)	
Foreign Resident Withholding Tax			Buyer required to make a withholding payment? No Yes (insert details on p.3) Relevant Price more than \$750,000.00? No Yes					
Toreign Resident	Widmolding rax	Clearance Certificates attached for all the Sellers? No Yes						
Clear ance cer unicates attached for all the Seners: NO Tes						103		
An agent may only	y complete the deta	ails in this black box	and exch	ange this	contract. See pag	ge 3 for more informa	ition.	
	Full name							
Buyer	ACN/ABN							
	Address							
	Firm							
.	Email							
Buyer Solicitor	Phone			Re	ef			
	DX/Address							
	Price			(G	ST inclusive unle	ss otherwise specifie	q)	
Price	Less deposit				0% of Price)			
	Balance	(10% of Price) Deposit by Instalments (clause 52 applies)					iments	
Date of this Cont						(clause of applies)		
Date of this cont	iact							
Co-Ownership	Mark one (show shares)	☐ Joint tenants			☐ Tenants in c	ommon in the follow	ing shares:	
	(SHOW SHUTES)	<u> </u>			<u> </u>			
						nd your rights and ob	ligations. You	
should read the im	iportant notes on p	age 3. You should ge	t advice fr	om your s	solicitor.			
Seller signature		Buyer signature						
- 3		Duyer signature						
Collon	no and			D.,	itnogg many 1			
Seller witness nar	ne and				itness name and			
signature				signatur	e			



Seller Disclosure Documents

The following marked documents are attached and form part of this Contract. The Buyer acknowledges that by execution of this Contract the Buyer certifies in writing that the Buyer received the marked documents prior to entering into this Contract. Crown lease of the Land (including variations) Current certified extract from the land titles register showing all registered interests affecting the Property Deposited Plan for the Land Energy Efficiency Rating Statement Encumbrances shown on the land titles register (excluding any mortgage or other encumbrance to be discharged) If there is an encumbrance not shown on the land titles register — a statement about the encumbrance complying with the Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Regulations Lease Conveyancing Inquiry Documents for the Property Building Conveyancing Inquiry Document (except if: the Property is a Class A Unit the residence on the Property has not previously been occupied or sold as a dwelling; or this Contract is an "off-the-plan purchase") Building and Compliance Inspection Report(s) (except if section 9(2)(a)(ii) or section 9(2)(a)(iii) of the Sale of Residential Property Act applies). Pest information (except if the property is a Class A Unit or is a residence that has never been occupied): Pest Inspection Report(s). Regulated Swimming Pool documentation required under section 9 (1)(ja) of the Sale of Residential Property Act (on and from 1 May 2024). If the Property is off-the-plan:	If the Property is a Unit where the Units Plan is registered: Units Plan concerning the Property Current certified extract from the land titles register showing all registered interests affecting the Common Property Unit Title Certificate Registered variations to rules of the Owners Corporation (If the Unit is an Adaptable Housing Dwelling) drawings and plans demonstrating compliance with Australian Standard AS 4299-1995 (Adaptable Housing) as in force from time to time (If the Owners Corporation is a party to a Building Management Statement) Building Management Statement If the Property is a Lot that is part of a Community Title Scheme: Section 67 Statement, as first or top sheet Community Title Master Plan Community Title Management Statement If the Property is a Lot that will form part of a Community Title Scheme: Proposed Community Title Management Statement GST Not applicable Input taxed supply of residential premises Taxable supply (including new residential premises) GST-free supply of going concern Margin scheme applies Tenancy Tenancy Agreement
☐ Proposed plan ☐ Inclusions list	☐ No written Tenancy Agreement exists
If the Property is a Unit where the Units Plan is not registered: Inclusions list Disclosure Statement	Invoices
Damages for delay in Completion – applicable interest rate and Interest rate if the defaulting party is the Seller Interest rate if the defaulting party is the Buyer Amount to be applied towards legal costs and disbursements incu	0% per annum 10% per annum
Tenancy Summary	
Premises Premises	Expiry date
Tenant name	Rent
Commencement date	Rent review date
Term	Rent review mechanism
Managing Agent Details for Owners Corporation or Community	v Title Scheme (if no managing agent secretary)
Name	Phone
Address	1 10110
	I .



RW Amount

(residential withholding payment) — further details

The supplier will frequently be the Seller. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST (eg if the Seller is part of a GST group, where the GST representative has the GST liability). If more than one supplier, provide details for each supplier.

	Name				
Supplier	ABN	Phone			
	Business address				
	Email				
	Supplier's portion	of the RW Amount:	\$		
	RW Percentage:				%
Residential	RW Amount (ie th	e amount that the Buyer is required to pay to the ATO):	\$		
Withholding	Is any of the consi	deration not expressed as an amount in money?	☐ No	☐ Yes	
Tax	If 'Yes', the GST in	clusive market value of the non-monetary consideration:	\$		
	Other details (incl	uding those required by regulation or the ATO forms):			

Cooling Off Period

(for residential property only)

- The Buyer may rescind this Contract at any time before 5pm on the 5th Business Day after the day this Contract is made except if any circumstance in paragraph 2 applies.
- 2 There is no cooling off period if:
 - the Buyer is a corporation; or
 - the Property is sold by tender; or
 - the Property is sold by auction; or
 - before signing this Contract, the Buyer gives the Seller a certificate in the form required by the Sale of Residential Property Act signed by the Buyer Solicitor; or
 - this Contract is made on the same day the Property was offered for sale by auction but passed in and the Buyer was recorded in the bidders record as a bidder or a person for whom a bidder was bidding.
- A Buyer exercising the cooling off right by rescinding this Contract forfeits 0.25% of the Price. The Seller is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from the Deposit and the Buyer is entitled to a refund of any balance.

Warnings

- The Lease may be affected by the *Residential Tenancies Act 1997* (ACT) or the *Leases* (Commercial & Retail) Act 2001 (ACT).
- 2 If a consent to transfer is required by law, see clause 4 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 3 As some risks associated with the Property pass from the Seller to Buyer on the Date of this Contract, (except if the Property is a Unit) the Buyer should take out insurance on the Property on the Date of this Contract.
- 4 The Buyer will usually have to pay stamp duty on the purchase of the Land. The Buyer may incur penalties if the Buyer does not pay the stamp duty within the required time.
- There are serious risks to a Buyer releasing the Deposit before Completion. The Buyer should take legal advice before agreeing to release the Deposit.
- The Buyer should consider the application of the Territory Plan and other planning and heritage issues before signing this Contract.
- 7 If the Lease is a concessional lease then restrictions on transfer and other dealings may apply.



Disputes

If there is a dispute, the Law Society encourages the use of informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal or mediation to resolve the dispute.

Exchange of Contract

- An Agent, authorised by the Seller, may:
 - insert:
 - the name and address of, and contact details for, the Buyer;
 - the name and address of, and contact details for, the Buyer Solicitor;
 - the Price:
 - the Date of this Contract,
 - insert in, or delete from, the Goods; and
 - exchange this Contract.
- 2 An Agent must not otherwise insert, delete or amend this Contract.
- 3 The Agent must not exchange this Contract unless expressly authorised by the Seller or (if a solicitor is acting for the Seller) by the Seller or the Seller Solicitor.

The Seller agrees to sell and the Buyer agrees to buy the Property for the Price on these terms:

1. Definitions and interpretation

1.1 Definitions appear in the Schedule and as follows:

Affecting Interests means any mortgage, encumbrance, lease, lien, charge, notice, order, caveat, writ, or other interest;

Adaptable Housing Dwelling has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act:

Agent has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act;

ATO means the Australian Taxation Office, and includes the Commissioner for Taxation;

Balance of the Price means the Price less the Deposit;

Breach of Covenant means:

- a Development not approved under the Planning Act including a development for which design and siting approval has not been obtained;
- a breach of the Building and Development Provision;

- a breach of any obligation of the Seller in a registered restrictive covenant affecting the Lease;
- a breach of any other term of the Lease;
- a breach of the articles of the Owners Corporation (if the Property is a Unit); or
- an Unapproved Structure;

Building Act means the *Building Act* 2004 (ACT);

Building and Development Provision has the meaning in the Planning Act;

Building Conveyancing Inquiry Document has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act;

Building and Compliance Inspection Report has the meaning in the Sale of
Residential Property Act;

Building Management Statement has the meaning in the Land Titles Act;

Business Day means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, public holiday or bank holiday in the Australian Capital Territory;

Class A Unit has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act;

Common Property for a Unit has the meaning in the Unit Titles Act;

Common Property for a Lot that forms part of a Community Title Scheme has the meaning in the Community Title Act;

Community Title Act means the *Community Title Act 2001* (ACT);

Community Title Body Corporate means the entity referred to as such in the Community Title Act;

Community Title Management Statement has the meaning in the Community Title Act;

Community Title Master Plan has the meaning in the Community Title Act;

Community Title Scheme has the meaning in the Community Title Act;

Completion means the time at which this Contract is completed and **Completed** has a corresponding meaning;

Compliance Certificate means a certificate issued for the Lease under section 296 of the *Planning and Development Act* 2007, Division 10.12.2 of the Planning Act or under section 28 of the *City Area Leases Act* 1936 or under section 180 of the Land Act;

Covenant includes a restrictive covenant;



Default Notice means a notice in accordance with clause 18.5 and clause;18.6

Default Rules has the meaning in the Unit Titles Management Act;

Deposit means the deposit forming part of the Price:

Developer in respect of a Lot has the meaning in the Community Title Act;

Developer Control Period has the meaning in the Unit Titles Management Act;

Development has the meaning in the Planning Act:

Development Statement has the meaning in the Unit Titles Act;

Disclosure Statement has the meaning in the Property Act;

Disclosure Update Notice has the meaning in section 260(2) of the Property Act;

Encumbrance has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act but excludes a mortgage;

Energy Efficiency Rating Statement has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act;

Excluded Change has the meaning in section 259A(4) of the Property Act;

General Fund Contribution has the meaning in section 78(1) of the Unit Titles Management Act;

GST has the meaning in the *A New Tax System* (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 (Cth):

GST Rate means the prevailing rate of GST specified as a percentage;

Improvements means the buildings, structures and fixtures erected on and forming part of the Land:

Income includes the rents and profits derived from the Property;

Land Act means the *Land (Planning & Environment) Act 1991* (ACT);

Land Charges means rates, land rent, land tax and other taxes and outgoings of a periodic nature in respect of the Property;

Land Rent Act means the *Land Rent Act* 2008 (ACT);

Land Rent Lease means a Lease that is subject to the Land Rent Act;

Land Titles Act means the *Land Titles Act* 1925 (ACT);

Lease means the lease of the Land having the meaning in the Planning Act;

Lease Conveyancing Inquiry Document has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act;

Legislation Act means the *Legislation Act* 2001;

Liability of the Owners Corporation means any actual or contingent liability of the Owners Corporation attributable to the Unit on a Unit Entitlement basis (other than normal operating expenses) or expenditure to be made by the Owners Corporation to fulfil its obligations under the Unit Titles Management Act;

Lot has the meaning in the Community Title Act;

Non-Land Rent Lease means a Lease that is not subject to the Land Rent Act;

Notice to Complete means a notice in accordance with clause 18.1 and clause 18.2 requiring a party to complete;

Owners Corporation means the Owners Corporation for the Unit constituted or to be constituted under the Unit Titles Management Act following registration of the Units Plan;

Pest Inspection Report has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act;

Pest Treatment Certificate has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act;

Planning Act means the *Planning Act 2023* (ACT):

Planning and Land Authority has the meaning in the Legislation Act;

Prescribed Building has the meaning in the Building Act;

Prescribed Terms has the meaning in the Residential Tenancies Act;

Property means the unexpired term of the Lease, the Improvements and the Goods, or (if the Land is a Unit) the unexpired term of the Unit Lease, the Improvements and the Goods;

Property Act means *Civil Law (Property) Act* 2006 (ACT);

Required Documents has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act and includes a Unit Title Certificate but excludes a copy of this Contract;

Rescission Notice has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act;

Residential Tenancies Act means the *Residential Tenancies Act* 1997 (ACT);

Sale of Residential Property Act means the *Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Act* 2003 (ACT);



Section 56 Certificate means a certificate for a Lot issued under section 56 of the Community Title Act;

Section 67 Statement means a statement for a Lot complying with section 67(2)-(4) of the Community Title Act;

Service includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television, or water service;

Staged Development has the meaning given by section 17(4) of the Unit Titles Act;

Tenancy Agreement includes a lease for any term and whether for residential purposes or otherwise;

Unapproved Structure has the meaning in the Sale of Residential Property Act;

Unit means the Unit referred to in the Schedule and which has the meaning in the Unit Titles Act;

Unit Entitlement for the Unit has the meaning in the Unit Titles Act;

Unit Title is the Lease together with the rights of the registered lessee of the Unit;

Unit Title Certificate means a certificate for the Unit issued under section 119 of the Unit Titles Management Act;

Unit Titles Act means the *Unit Titles Act* 2001 (ACT);

Unit Titles Management Act means the *Unit Titles (Management) Act 2011 (ACT)*;

Units Plan means all the documents relating to the subdivision of the Land registered as the Units Plan for the Unit under the *Land Titles* (*Unit Titles*) *Act 1970*; and

Withholding Law means Subdivision 14 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act* 1953 (Cth) and associated provisions.

1.2 In this Contract:

- a reference to the Seller or to the Buyer includes the executors, administrators and permitted assigns of any of them, if an individual, and the successors or permitted assigns of any of them, if a corporation;
- the singular includes the plural, and the plural includes the singular;
- a reference to a person includes a body corporate;
- a term not otherwise defined has the meaning in the Legislation Act; and
- a reference to an Act includes a reference to any subordinate legislation made under it or any Act which replaces it.

- 1.3 Headings are inserted for convenience only and are not part of this Contract.
- 1.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not a Business Day, the time is extended to the next Business Day, except in the case of clause 2.1.
- 1.5 A reference to "this Contract" extends to the Schedule, any annexure, additional clauses and attachments forming part of this Contract.
- 1.6 If there is more than one buyer or more than one seller the obligations which they undertake bind them jointly and individually.
- 1.7 Where the Buyer consists of more than one person, as between themselves, they agree to buy the Property in the specified manner of Coownership or if one alternative is not marked, as joint tenants.
- 1.8 Without limiting clause 13, the parties agree that for the purposes of the *Electronic Transactions*Act 2001 (ACT) and the Electronic Transactions
 Act 1999 (Cth), this Contract may be signed and/or exchanged electronically.

2. Terms of payment

- 2.1 The Buyer must pay the Deposit on the Date of this Contract, to the Stakeholder or, if no Stakeholder is named, then to the Seller.
- 2.2 The Deposit becomes the Seller's property on Completion.
- 2.3 The Deposit may be paid by cheque or in cash (up to \$3,000.00) but if it is not paid on time or, if it is paid by cheque which is not honoured on first presentation, the Buyer is in default.
- 2.4 If the Buyer is in default under clause 2.3, then immediately and without the notice otherwise necessary under clause 18, clause 19 applies.
- 2.5 On Completion the Buyer must give the Seller an authority directing the Stakeholder to account to the Seller for the Deposit.
- 2.6 On Completion the Buyer must pay to the Seller in Canberra the Balance of the Price by unendorsed bank cheque, or in cash (up to \$200.00).
- 2.7 Any money payable to the Seller by the Buyer or the Stakeholder must be paid to the Seller or as the Seller Solicitor directs in writing and payment in accordance with that direction will be sufficient discharge to the person paying.
- 2.8 Completion must take place on the Date for Completion or as otherwise determined by this Contract and if not specified or determined, within a reasonable time.



3. Title to the Lease

- 3.1 The Lease is or will before Completion be granted under the Planning Act.
- 3.2 The Lease is transferred subject to its provisions.
- 3.3 The title to the Lease is or will before Completion be registered under the Land Titles Act.
- 3.4 The title to the Lease must be transferred free from all Affecting Interests except as otherwise provided.
- 3.5 The Buyer cannot insist on any Affecting Interests being removed from the title to the Lease before Completion provided, on Completion, the Seller gives the Buyer any documents and registration fees necessary to remove the Affecting Interests.

4. Restrictions on transfer

- 4.1 The Lease is not subject to any restrictions on transfer other than any Restriction on Transfer.
- 4.2 If the Lease is subject to a Restriction on Transfer under the Planning Act due to noncompliance with the Building and Development Provision then this Contract is subject to the grant of the approval referred to in section 370 of the Planning Act. A Restriction on Transfer referring to "section 370" refers to this restriction.
- 4.3 If the Lease is a lease of the type referred to in section 279 of the Planning Act then this Contract is subject to the approval in accordance with the Planning Act. A Restriction on Transfer referring to "section 280" refers to this restriction.
- 4.3A If the Lease is subject to a Restriction on Transfer under section 306 of the Planning Act, then this Contract is subject to the grant of the approval mentioned in sections 306 and 307 of the Planning Act. A Restriction on Transfer referring to "section 306" refers to this restriction.
- 4.3B If the Lease is subject to a Restriction on Transfer under section 351 of the Planning Act, then this Contract is subject to the grant of the approval mentioned in section 351 of the Planning Act. A Restriction on Transfer referring to "section 351" refers to this restriction.
- 4.4 Immediately after the Date of this Contract the Seller must do everything reasonably necessary to remove the restriction or obtain the consent required. If requested in writing, the Buyer must join in any application of the Seller and must do everything reasonably necessary to enable the Seller to obtain the consent. The Seller must pay all associated fees in connection with the application.

4.5 If the consent referred to in clauses 4.2, 4.3, 4.3A or 4.3B is not granted by the Date for Completion then either party may rescind this Contract (provided that the party seeking to rescind is not then in default) and clause 21 applies.

5. Particulars of title and submission of transfer

- 5.1 Unless clause 5.3 applies the Seller need not provide particulars of title.
- 5.2 No later than 7 days before the Date for Completion, the Buyer must give the Seller a transfer of the Lease in the form prescribed by the Land Titles Act, to be returned by the Seller to the Buyer on Completion in registrable form.
- 5.3 If the Seller is not the registered proprietor of the Lease at the Date of this Contract, the Seller must give to the Buyer no later than 14 days before the Date for Completion a copy of the instrument and any other documents necessary to enable the Seller to be registered as proprietor.

6. Buyer rights and limitations

- 6.1 If the Buyer establishes before Completion that except as disclosed in this Contract there is any Unapproved Structure on the Property, then the Buyer may:
 - 6.1.1 require the Seller to arrange for the Unapproved Structure to be approved before Completion; and
 - 6.1.2 if the Unapproved Structure is not approved before Completion, rescind or complete and sue the Seller for damages.
- 6.2 If the Buyer establishes, immediately before Completion, that, except as disclosed in this Contract:
 - 6.2.1 the Property is subject to an encumbrance other than the encumbrances shown on the title to the Lease; or
 - 6.2.2 the Buyer is not entitled to vacant possession, then the Buyer may either:
 - 6.2.3 rescind; or
 - 6.2.4 complete and sue the Seller for damages.
- 6.3 The Buyer is not entitled to make any requisitions on the title to the Property.
- 6.4 The Buyer cannot make a claim or objection or rescind or terminate in respect of:
 - 6.4.1 a Service for the Property being a joint service or passing through another property, or any Service for another property passing through the Property;
 - 6.4.2 a wall being or not being a party wall or the Property being affected by an



- easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 6.4.3 any change in the Property due to fair wear and tear before Completion;
- 6.4.4 a promise, representation or statement about this Contract, the Property or the Lease, not made in this Contract;
- 6.4.5 any Breach of Covenant described in the Schedule or disclosed elsewhere in this Contract;
- 6.4.6 the ownership or location of any dividing fence;
- 6.4.7 the ownership of any fuel storage tank; and
- 6.4.8 anything disclosed in this Contract (except an Affecting Interest).

7. Seller warranties

- 7.1 The Seller warrants that at the Date of this Contract:
 - 7.1.1 the Seller will be able to complete at Completion;
 - 7.1.2 the Seller has no knowledge of any unsatisfied judgment, order or writ affecting the Property;
 - 7.1.3 the Seller has no knowledge of any current or threatened claims, notices or proceedings that may lead to a judgment, order or writ affecting the Property; and
 - 7.1.4 the Seller is not aware of any material change in the matters disclosed in the Required Documents.
- 7.2 The Seller warrants that on Completion:
 - 7.2.1 the Seller will be or will be able to be the registered proprietor of the Lease and will own the rest of the Property free from any Affecting Interests;
 - 7.2.2 the Seller will have the capacity to complete;
 - 7.2.3 there will be no unsatisfied judgment, order or writ affecting the Property;
 - 7.2.4 the Seller has no knowledge of any current or threatened claims, notices or proceedings that may lead to a judgment, order or writ affecting the Property;
 - 7.2.5 the Seller is not aware of any encroachments by or upon the Property except as disclosed. This warranty does not extend to the location of any dividing fence;
 - 7.2.6 there will be no Breach of Covenant except as disclosed in this Contract; and
 - 7.2.7 unless disclosed in the Schedule or elsewhere in this Contract, the Lease is a

Non-Land Rent Lease and not a Land Rent Lease.

7.3 The Seller gives no warranties as to the present state of repair of any of the Improvements or condition of the Land, except as required by law.

8. Adjustments

- 8.1 The Seller is entitled to the Income and is liable for all Land Charges up to and including Completion after which the Buyer will be entitled to the Income and liable for the Land Charges, provided the Seller will be liable for all land tax in respect of the Property if the 'Land Tax to be adjusted?' option on the Schedule is marked 'No'.
- 8.2 The parties must pay any adjustment of the Income and Land Charges calculated under clause 8.1 on Completion.
- 8.3 Any concessional Land Charges must be adjusted on the concessional amount of those Land Charges.
- 8.4 If any of the Land Charges have not been assessed on Completion, the Buyer will be entitled to retain in the Buyer Solicitor trust account from the Balance of the Price an amount sufficient to pay the Seller's proportion of those Land Charges.
- 8.5 Attached are copies of the relevant invoices for the cost of obtaining the Building and Compliance Inspection Report and Pest Inspection Report. The Buyer must pay to the Seller the cost of obtaining the Building and Compliance Inspection Report and the Pest Inspection Report as required by section 18 of the Sale of Residential Property Act on Completion.

9. Terms of possession

- 9.1 The Seller must give the Buyer vacant possession of the Property on Completion unless otherwise marked in the Schedule.
- 9.2 If the Property is sold subject to a tenancy, the Seller has:
 - 9.2.1 attached to this Contract a copy of the signed Tenancy Agreement; or
 - 9.2.2 completed the tenancy summary on page 2 of this Contract.
- 9.3 If the Property is sold subject to a tenancy:
 - 9.3.1 the Seller warrants that except as disclosed in this Contract:
 - (a) if applicable, the rental bond has been provided in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act:
 - (b) if applicable, the Seller has complied with the Residential Tenancies Act;



- (c) if applicable, the Seller has no notice of any application by the tenant for the release of the rental bond;
- (d) no notices relating to the tenancy have been served on the Seller or any agent of the Seller or on the tenant other than as disclosed in this Contract and there are no outstanding claims or disputes with the tenant;
- (e) there is no unremedied breach of the Tenancy Agreement by the tenant or the Seller; and
- (f) if applicable, the Tenancy Agreement incorporates:
 - (i) the Prescribed Terms; and
 - (ii) any other terms approved by the Residential Tenancies Tribunal.
- 9.3.2 The Seller must hand to the Buyer on Completion:
 - (a) any written Tenancy Agreement to which this Contract is subject;
 - (b) a notice of attornment;
 - (c) if applicable, any notice required to be signed by the Seller to transfer the rental bond by the Office of Rental Bonds to the Buyer; and
 - (d) if applicable, any other notice required to be signed by the Seller under the Residential Tenancies Act.
- 9.3.3 The Buyer indemnifies the Seller in relation to any liability which the Seller incurs or to which the Seller is subject under the tenancy because of matters occurring after Completion.

10. Inspection and condition of Property

- 10.1 The Buyer may on reasonable notice to the Seller and at reasonable times inspect the Property before Completion.
- 10.2 The Seller must leave the Property clean and tidy on Completion.

11. Inspection of building file

- 11.1 The Seller must, if requested by the Buyer, give to the Buyer all authorities necessary to enable the Buyer (or Buyer's nominee) to inspect and obtain at the Buyer's expense, copies of:
 - 11.1.1 any document in relation to the Land and Improvements held by any government or statutory authority; and

any notices issued by any authority in relation to the Land and Improvements.

12. Additional Seller obligations

- 12.1 Except for any Breach of Covenant disclosed in this Contract, the Seller must before Completion:
 - 12.1.1 comply with any notice issued by any authority before the Date of this Contract which requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the Property or the Lease;
 - 12.1.2 obtain approval for any Development conducted on the Land;
 - 12.1.3 comply with the Lease to the extent to which the Seller is required to comply up to Completion;
 - 12.1.4 comply with any obligations on the Seller in a registered restrictive covenant affecting the Lease; and
 - 12.1.5 give the Buyer notice of any material change (other than fair wear and tear) the Seller becomes aware of in the matters disclosed in the Required Documents, since the date of each of the relevant Required Documents.

13. Electronic transaction

13.1 In this clause 13, the following words mean:

Adjustment Figures mean details of the adjustments to be made to the Price under this Contract;

Completion Time means the time of day on the Date for Completion when the Electronic Transaction is to be Completed;

Conveyancing Transaction has the meaning given in the Participation Rules;

Digitally Signed has the meaning given in the Participation Rules and **Digitally Sign** has a corresponding meaning;

Discharging Mortgagee means any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the Lease to be transferred to the Buyer;

ECNL means the *Electronic Conveyancing National Law (ACT) Act 2020* (ACT);

Effective Date means the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an Electronic Transaction under clause 13.2.2 or, if clause 13.2.1 applies, the Date of this Contract;



Electronic Document means a caveat, a Crown lease or an instrument as defined in the Land Titles Act which may be created and Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

Electronic Transaction means a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL and the Participation Rules;

Electronic Transfer means a transfer of the Lease under the Land Titles Act to be prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

Electronic Workspace has the meaning given in the Participation Rules;

Electronically Tradeable means a land title dealing that can be lodged electronically;

ELN has the meaning given in the Participation Rules:

FRCGW Remittance means a remittance which the Buyer must make in accordance with the Withholding Law and clauses 51.4 to 51.8;

GSTRW Payment means a payment which the Buyer must make in accordance with the Withholding Law and clauses 53.5 to 53.9;

Incoming Mortgagee means any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the Buyer on the security of the Lease and to enable the Buyer to pay the whole or part of the price;

Land Registry has the meaning given in the Participation Rules;

Lodgment Case has the meaning given in the Participation Rules;

Mortgagee Details mean the details which a party to the Electronic Transaction must provide about any Discharging Mortgagee of the Land as at Completion;

Nominated ELN means the ELN specified in the Schedule:

Participation Rules mean the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

Populate means to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace;

Prescribed Requirement has the meaning given in the Participation Rules;

Subscribers has the meaning given in the Participation Rules; and

Title Data means the details of the title to the Lease made available to the Electronic Workspace by the Land Registry.

- 13.2 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an Electronic Transaction and this Contract is amended as required if:
 - 13.2.1 this Contract says that it is an Electronic Transaction; or
 - 13.2.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an Electronic Transaction.
- 13.3 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an Electronic Transaction:
 - 13.3.1 if the title to the Lease is not Electronically Tradeable or the transfer of the Lease is not eligible be lodged electronically; or
 - 13.3.2 if, at any time after the Effective Date, but at least 14 days before the Date for Completion, a party serves a notice on the other party stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an Electronic Transaction.
- 13.4 If, because of clause 13.3.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an Electronic Transaction:
 - 13.4.1 each party must:
 - (a) bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - (b) otherwise bear that party's own costs; incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an Electronic Transaction; and
 - 13.4.2 if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted on Completion.
- 13.5 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an Electronic Transaction:
 - 13.5.1 to the extent that any other provision of this Contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail and this Contract is amended to give full effect to the Electronic Transaction;
 - 13.5.2 without limiting clause 13.5.1, clause 5.2 does not apply;
 - 13.5.3 the parties must conduct the Electronic Transaction:
 - (a) in accordance with the Participation Rules and the ECNL; and
 - (b) using the Nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree;
 - 13.5.4 a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELN and the

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- Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an Electronic Transaction; and
- 13.5.5 a document which is an Electronic Document is served as soon as it is first Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace on behalf of the party required to serve it.
- 13.6 The Seller must within 7 days of the Effective Date:
 - 13.6.1 create an Electronic Workspace;
 - 13.6.2 Populate the Electronic Workspace with Title Data, the Date for Completion and, if applicable, Mortgagee Details; and
 - 13.6.3 invite the Buyer and any Discharging Mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 13.7 If the Seller has not created an Electronic Workspace in accordance with clause 13.6, the Buyer may create an Electronic Workspace. If the Buyer creates the Electronic Workspace the Buyer must:
 - 13.7.1 Populate the Electronic Workspace with Title Data;
 - 13.7.2 create and Populate the Electronic Transfer;
 - 13.7.3 Populate the Electronic Workspace with the Date for Completion and a nominated Completion Time; and
 - 13.7.4 invite the Seller and any Incoming
 Mortgagee to join the Electronic
 Workspace.
- 13.8 Within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the Seller to join the Electronic Workspace, the Buyer must:
 - 13.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 13.8.2 create and Populate the Electronic Transfer;
 - 13.8.3 invite any Incoming Mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 13.8.4 Populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated Completion Time.
- 13.9 If the Buyer has created the Electronic Workspace the Seller must within 7 days of being invited to the Electronic Workspace:
 - 13.9.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 13.9.2 Populate the Electronic Workspace with Mortgagee Details, if applicable; and
 - 13.9.3 invite any Discharging Mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.

- 13.10 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace:
 - 13.10.1 the Seller must provide the Buyer with Adjustment Figures at least 2 Business Days before the Date for Completion;
 - 13.10.2 the Buyer must confirm the Adjustment Figures at least 1 Business Day before the Date for Completion; and
 - 13.10.3 if the Buyer must make a GSTRW
 Payment and / or an FRCGW
 Remittance, the Buyer must Populate the
 Electronic Workspace with the payment
 details for the GSTRW Payment or
 FRCGW Remittance payable to the ATO
 at least 2 Business Days before the Date
 for Completion.
- 13.11 Before Completion, the parties must ensure that:
 - 13.11.1 all Electronic Documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the Electronic Transaction are Populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 13.11.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 13.11.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the Electronic Transaction to proceed to Completion.
- 13.12 If Completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace:
 - 13.12.1 payment electronically on Completion of the Balance of the Price in accordance with clause 2.6 is taken to be payment by a single unendorsed bank cheque; and
 - 13.12.2 clauses 51.4.3, 51.4.4, 53.8 and 53.9 do not apply.
- 13.13 If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELN, the ATO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the Completion Time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this Contract for that reason is not a default under this Contract on the part of either party.
- 13.14 If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the Completion Time agreed by the parties, and the parties agree that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring:
 - 13.14.1 all Electronic Documents Digitally Signed by the Seller, any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other Electronic Document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the Electronic Transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the Buyer or



- the Buyer's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement; and
- 13.14.2 the Seller shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the Property.
- 13.15 If the parties do not agree about the delivery before Completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things:
 - 13.15.1 holds them on Completion in escrow for the benefit of the other party; and
 - 13.15.2 must immediately after Completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by the party entitled to them.

14. Off the plan purchase and Compliance Certificate

- 14.1 If the Lease contains a Building and Development Provision which has not been complied with at the Date of this Contract, and clause 4.2 does not apply:
 - 14.1.1 where the Seller is obliged to construct Improvements by Completion, before the Date for Completion, the Seller must at the Seller's expense complete the construction of the Improvements promptly and in a good and workmanlike manner substantially in accordance with the proposed plan, specifications and inclusions list attached; and
 - 14.1.2 on or before Completion, the Seller must at the Seller's expense give to the Buyer evidence that a Compliance Certificate has been obtained.

15. Goods

- 15.1 The Seller gives no warranties as to the present state of repair of any of the Goods except as required by law.
- 15.2 The Goods are included in the Price.
- 15.3 The Seller warrants that the Goods are unencumbered and that the Seller has the right to sell them.
- 15.4 The Goods become the Buyer's property on Completion.
- 15.5 Except for fair wear and tear, the Seller must give the Goods to the Buyer on Completion in the same state of repair they are in at the Date of this Contract.

16. Errors and misdescriptions

- 16.1 If, before Completion, the Buyer becomes aware of an error in the description of the Property the Buyer may:
 - 16.1.1 identify whether the error is material or not material, and ask the Seller to arrange for the error to be corrected before Completion; and
 - 16.1.2 if the error is not corrected before Completion:
 - (a) for an error that is material rescind this Contract, or complete this Contract and make a claim for compensation; and
 - (b) for an error that is not material complete this Contract and make a claim for compensation.
- 16.2 This clause applies even if the Buyer did not take notice of or rely on anything in this Contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 16.3 The Buyer is not entitled to compensation to the extent the Buyer knew the true position before the Date of this Contract.

17. Compensation claims by Buyer

- 17.1 To make a claim for compensation (including a claim under clause 16) the Buyer must give notice to the Seller before Completion specifying the amount claimed and:
 - 17.1.1 the Seller can rescind if in the case of a claim that is not a claim for delay:
 - (a) the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the Price:
 - (b) the Seller gives notice to the Buyer of an intention to rescind; and
 - (c) the Buyer does not give notice to the Seller waiving the claim within 14 days after receiving the notice; and
 - 17.1.2 if the Seller does not rescind under clause 17.1.1, the parties must complete and:
 - (a) the lesser of the total amount claimed and 5% of the Price must be paid out of the Price to, and held by, the Stakeholder until the claim is finalised or lapses;
 - (b) the amount held is to be invested by the Stakeholder (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with an Australian bank in an interestbearing account at call in the name of



- the Stakeholder in trust for the Seller and the Buyer;
- (c) the claim must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the parties or, if an appointment is not made within 28 days of Completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society of the Australian Capital Territory at the request of a party;
- (d) the decision of the arbitrator is final and binding;
- (e) the costs of the arbitration must be shared equally by the parties unless otherwise determined by the arbitrator. For clarity, the arbitrator has the power to award indemnity costs on a legal basis against either party;
- (f) the Buyer is not entitled, in respect of the claim, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the Buyer;
- (g) interest on the amount held, after deduction of all taxes and bank charges, Stakeholder administration fee and other similar charges and expenses, must be paid to the parties equally or as otherwise determined by the arbitrator; and
- (h) the claim lapses if the parties do not appoint an arbitrator and neither party asks the President of the Law Society of the Australian Capital Territory to appoint an arbitrator within 90 days after Completion and the amount held by the Stakeholder must be paid immediately to the Seller without any further authority being necessary.

18. Notice to Complete and Default Notice

- 18.1 If Completion does not take place in accordance with clause 2.8, either party may, at any time after the Date for Completion, serve the other party a Notice to Complete.
- 18.2 A Notice to Complete must appoint a time during business hours and a date being not less than 14* days after service of the Notice to Complete (excluding the date of service) by which and a place in Canberra at which to complete this Contract.
- 18.3 At the time the Notice to Complete is served the party serving the Notice to Complete must:
 - 18.3.1 not be in default; and

- 18.3.2 be ready willing and able to complete but for some default or omission of the other party.
- 18.4 Completion at the time date and place specified in the Notice to Complete is an essential term.
- 18.5 Where one party is in default (other than failing to complete) the other party may at any time after the default serve the party in default a Default Notice.
- 18.6 A Default Notice:
 - 18.6.1 must specify the default;
 - 18.6.2 must require the party served with the Default Notice to rectify the default within 7* days after service of the Default Notice (excluding the date of service), except in the case of a Default Notice for the purposes of clause 52.6, in which case the period specified in clause 52.6 will apply; and
 - 18.6.3 cannot be used to require a party to complete this Contract.
- 18.7 At the time the Default Notice is served, the party serving the Default Notice must not be in default.
- 18.8 The time specified in a Default Notice to rectify the specified default is an essential term.
- 18.9 Clauses 19 or 20 will apply as appropriate where the party served does not comply with the Notice to Complete or the Default Notice which complies with this clause.
- 18.10 If the party serving a notice under this clause varies the time referred to in the notice at the request of the other party, the time agreed to in the variation remains an essential term. The consent to the variation must be in writing and be served on the other party.
- 18.11 The parties agree that the time referred to in clauses 18.2 and 18.6.2 is fair and reasonable.

19. Termination — Buyer default

- 19.1 If the Buyer does not comply with a Notice to Complete or a Default Notice or is otherwise in breach of an essential term then the Seller may by notice served on the Buyer terminate and may then keep, or recover and keep, the Deposit (except so much of it as exceeds 10% of the Price) and either:
 - 19.1.1 sue the Buyer for breach; or
 - 19.1.2 resell the Property and any deficiency arising on the resale and all expenses of and incidental to the resale or attempted resale and the Buyer's default are

^{*} Alter as necessary



- recoverable by the Seller from the Buyer as liquidated damages provided the Seller has entered into a contract for the resale of the Property within 12 months of termination.
- 19.2 In addition to any money kept or recovered under clause 19.1, the Seller may retain on termination any other money paid by the Buyer as security for any damages awarded to the Seller arising from the Buyer's default provided that proceedings for the recovery of damages are commenced within 12 months of termination.

20. Termination — Seller default

- 20.1 If the Seller does not comply with a Notice to Complete or a Default Notice or is otherwise in breach of an essential term the Buyer may by notice served on the Seller either:
 - 20.1.1 terminate and seek damages; or
 - 20.1.2 enforce without further notice any other rights and remedies available to the Buyer.
- 20.2 If the Buyer terminates, the Stakeholder is authorised to refund to the Buyer immediately any money paid on account of the Price.

21. Rescission

- 21.1 Unless section 15 of the Sale of Residential Property Act applies, if this Contract is rescinded, it is rescinded from the beginning, and unless the parties otherwise agree:
 - 21.1.1 the Deposit and all other money paid by the Buyer must be refunded to the Buyer immediately without any further authority being necessary; and
 - 21.1.2 neither party is liable to pay the other any amount for damages, costs or expenses.

22. Damages for delay in Completion

- 22.1 If Completion does not occur by the Date for Completion, due to the default of either party, the party who is at fault must pay the other party as liquidated damages on Completion:
 - 22.1.1 if the defaulting party is the Seller, interest on the Price at the rate this Contract says on page 2, calculated on a daily basis from the date 7 days after the Date for Completion to Completion;
 - 22.1.2 if the defaulting party is the Buyer, interest on the Price at the rate this Contract says on page 2, calculated on a daily basis from the date 7 days after the Date for Completion to Completion; and
 - 22.1.3 the amount this Contract says on page 2 to be applied towards any legal costs and disbursements incurred by the party not

- at fault if Completion occurs later than 7 days after the Date for Completion.
- 22.2 Whether or not percentages are inserted in clauses 22.1.1 or 22.1.2 the party at fault must pay the amount specified in clause 22.1.3 in addition to any other damages to which the party not at fault is entitled both at law and under this Contract.
- 22.3 The parties agree that:
 - 22.3.1 the amount of any damages payable under clause 22.1.1 or clause 22.1.2 to the party not in default is a genuine and honest pre-estimate of loss to that party for the delay in Completion, and
 - 22.3.2 the damages must be paid on Completion.

23. Foreign Buyer

- 23.1 The Buyer warrants the Commonwealth
 Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited
 the transfer of the Lease under the *Foreign*Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975 (Cth).
- 23.2 This clause is an essential term.

24. GST

- 24.1 If a party must pay the Price or provide any other consideration to another party under this Contract, GST is not to be added to the Price or amount, unless this Contract provides otherwise.
- 24.2 If the Price is stated in the Schedule to exclude GST and the sale of the Property is a taxable supply, the Buyer must pay to the Seller on Completion an amount equal to the GST payable by the Seller in relation to the supply.
- 24.3 If under this Contract a party (Relevant Party) must make an adjustment, pay an amount to another party (excluding the Price but including the Deposit if it is released or forfeited to the Seller) or pay an amount payable by or to a third party:
 - 24.3.1 the Relevant Party must adjust or pay at that time any GST added to or included in the amount; but
 - 24.3.2 if this Contract says this sale is a taxable supply, and payment would entitle the Relevant Party to claim an input tax credit, the adjustment or payment is to be worked out by deducting any input tax credit to which the party receiving the adjustment or payment is or was entitled multiplied by the GST Rate.
- 24.4 If this Contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern:

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- 24.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the Property is the supply of a going concern;
- 24.4.2 the Seller must on Completion supply to the Buyer all of the things that are necessary for the continued operation of the enterprise;
- 24.4.3 the Seller must carry on the enterprise until Completion;
- 24.4.4 the Buyer warrants to the Seller that on Completion the Buyer will be registered or required to be registered; and
- 24.4.5 if for any reason (and despite clauses 24.1 and 24.4.1) the sale of the Property is not the supply of a going concern but is a taxable supply:
 - (a) the Buyer must pay to the Seller on demand the amount of any GST payable by the Seller in respect of the sale of the Property; and
 - (b) the Buyer indemnifies the Seller against any loss or expense incurred by the Seller in respect of that GST and any breach of clause 24.4.5(a).
- 24.5 If this Contract says the margin scheme applies:
 - 24.5.1 the Seller warrants that it can use the margin scheme; and
 - 24.5.2 the Buyer and Seller agree that the margin scheme is to apply,

in respect of the sale of the Property.

- 24.6 If this Contract says the sale is a taxable supply, does not say the margin scheme applies to the sale of the Property, and the sale is in fact not a taxable supply, then the Seller must pay the Buyer on Completion an amount of one-eleventh of the Price.
- 24.7 Unless the margin scheme applies the Seller must, on Completion, give the Buyer a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the Seller by or under this Contract.

25. Power of attorney

25.1 Any party who signs this Contract or any document in connection with it under a power of attorney must, on request and without cost, provide the other party with a true copy of the registered power of attorney.

26. Notices claims and authorities

- 26.1 Notices, claims and authorities required or authorised by this Contract must be in writing.
- 26.2 To serve a notice a party must:

26.2.1 leave it at; or

26.2.2 send it by a method of post requiring acknowledgment of receipt by the addressee to,

the address of the person to be served as stated in the Schedule or as notified by that person to the other as that person's address for service under this Contract; or

- 26.2.3 serve it on that party's solicitor in any of the above ways; or
- 26.2.4 deliver it to an appropriate place in the facilities of a document exchange system in which the recipient solicitor has receiving facilities (and in the latter case service is deemed effected on the Business Day following delivery); or
- 26.2.5 transmit it by email to a party's solicitor to the email address for that solicitor as stated in the Schedule or as notified by that solicitor to the other solicitor as the email address for service under this Contract.
- 26.3 A party's solicitor may give a notice, claim or authority on behalf of that party.

27. Unit title

27.1 The following clauses 28 to 39 inclusive apply if the Property is a Unit.

28. Definitions and interpretation

- 28.1 A reference in these clauses 28 to 39 inclusive to a section or Part is a reference to a section or Part of the Unit Titles Management Act.
- 28.2 For the purposes of a claim for compensation pursuant to clause 39, the provisions of clause 17 will apply provided that clause 17.1.1(c) is amended to read "the Buyer does not give notice to the Seller waiving the claim, or so much of it as exceeds 5% of the Price within 14 days after receiving the notice".

29. Title to the Unit

- 29.1 Clauses 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3 do not apply.
- 29.2 The Unit Title is or will before Completion be granted under the Planning Act and is or will before Completion be registered under the *Land Titles (Unit Titles) Act 1970* (ACT).
- 29.3 The Unit Title is transferred subject to the Units Plan under which the lease to the Unit is held.

30. Buyer rights limited

30.1 In addition to clause 6, the Buyer cannot make any requisition on title or make a claim for compensation in respect of any Breach of Covenant of the Unit Title, any breach of the



lease of the Common Property or breach of rules of the Owners Corporation disclosed in this Contract.

31. Adjustment of contribution

31.1 Any adjustment under clause 8 must include an adjustment of the contributions to the Owners Corporation under section 78 and section 89 of the Unit Titles Management Act.

32. Inspection of Unit

32.1 For the purposes of clause 10.1 Property includes the Common Property.

33. Seller warranties

- 33.1 The Seller warrants that at the Date of this Contract:
 - 33.1.1 to the Seller's knowledge, there are no unfunded latent or patent defects in the Common Property or Owners
 Corporation assets, other than the following:
 - (a) defects arising through fair wear and tear; and
 - (b) defects disclosed in this Contract;
 - 33.1.2 the Owners Corporation records do not disclose any defects to which the warranty in clause 33.1.1 applies;
 - 33.1.3 to the Seller's knowledge, there are no actual, contingent or expected unfunded liabilities of the Owners Corporation that are not part of the Owners Corporation's normal operating expenses, other than liabilities disclosed in this Contract;
 - 33.1.4 the Owners Corporation records do not disclose any liabilities of the Owners Corporation to which the warranty in clause 33.1.3 applies;
 - 33.1.5 the Seller or any occupier of the Unit has not committed any act or omission which may cause the Owners Corporation to incur any costs or perform any repairs;
 - 33.1.6 there is no amount payable to the Owners Corporation by the Seller other than a contribution due under section 78 and section 89 of the Unit Titles Management Act; and
 - 33.1.7 except for an unregistered Units Plan, the rules of the Owners Corporation are, as appropriate:
 - (a) as set out in Schedule 4 to the Unit Titles Management Act; or

- (b) in respect of a corporation established under the *Unit Titles Act 1970* (repealed) and that was in existence immediately prior to 30 March 2012, the articles in force immediately prior to 30 March 2012; or
- (c) in respect of a corporation established under the Unit Titles Act and that was in existence immediately prior to 30 March 2012, the articles in force immediately prior to 30 March 2012;
 - except for any alterations to those rules registered under section 108.
- 33.2 For clauses 33.1.1 to 33.1.4 inclusive, a Seller is taken to have knowledge of a thing if the Seller has actual knowledge, or ought reasonably to have knowledge, of that thing.
- 33.3 The Seller warrants that at Completion to the Seller's knowledge, there are no circumstances (other than circumstances disclosed in this Contract) in relation to the affairs of the Owners Corporation likely to significantly prejudice the Buyer.
- 33.4 For the purposes of clause 7, Property includes the Common Property.
- 33.5 These warranties are in addition to those given in clause 7.

34. Damage or destruction before Completion

- 34.1 If the Unit is destroyed or substantially damaged before Completion not due to the fault of either party then either party may by notice to the other rescind and clause 21 applies.
- 34.2 For the purposes of clause 34.1, the Unit is deemed to be substantially damaged if though not destroyed is unfit for the use to which it was being put at the Date of this Contract or, if not being used at that time, for the purpose permitted by the Unit Title.

35. Notice to Owners Corporation

35.1 The parties must comply with the rules of the Owners Corporation in relation to notification of the sale and purchase of the Unit.

36. Unit Title Certificate

36.1 On Completion the Buyer must pay to the Seller the fee as determined by the Minister pursuant to section 119(7) of the Units Title Management Act for the Unit Title Certificate attached.



37. Unregistered Units Plan

Warning: The following clauses 37, 38 and 39 do not encompass all obligations, rights and remedies under Part 2.9 of the Property Act for off the plan contracts.

- 37.1 This clause 37 applies if at the Date of this Contract, the Units Plan has not been registered.
- 37.2 The Seller must attach a copy of the proposed Units Plan or a sketch plan showing the location and dimensions of the Unit sufficient to enable the Buyer to determine the location and dimensions of the Unit in relation to other units and the Common Property in the proposed development.
- 37.3 If the Units Plan is not registered by the date specified in the Schedule, or elsewhere in this Contract, the Buyer may at any time after that date by notice served on the Seller require that the Units Plan be registered within 14 days of the service of the notice. If the Units Plan is not registered within the time limited by the notice the Buyer may at any time after expiry of the time in the notice rescind and clause 21 will apply.
- 37.4 If the Seller notifies the Buyer that the Units Plan is registered before rescission under this clause, the Buyer will not be entitled to rescind under this clause.
- 37.5 The Buyer cannot make any objection or requisition on title or claim for compensation in respect of:
 - 37.5.1 any minor variations to the Unit between the plan attached, and the Units Plan registered by the Registrar General; or
 - 37.5.2 any minor alterations required by an authority or the Registrar General in the number, size, location or Unit Entitlement of any other unit in the Units Plan or in or to the Common Property provided the proportion of the Unit Entitlement of the Unit to the other units in the Units Plan is not varied.

In this clause, a minor variation is any variation less than 5% to either the size or value of the Unit described in the plan attached.

- 37.6 After the Owners Corporation has been constituted under section 8, the Seller must cause the Owners Corporation to comply with the rules of the Owners Corporation and with Parts 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7 to the extent to which the Owners Corporation is required by law to comply with those provisions up to the Date for Completion.
- 37.7 The Seller must not permit the Owners Corporation to vary the rules of the Owners

- Corporation from those set out in Schedule 4 of the Unit Title Management Act.
- 37.8 If clause 37.1 applies, the Seller must give to the Buyer a Unit Title Certificate at the Buyer's expense at least 7 days before Completion.
- 37.9 The parties acknowledge that the following must form part of the Contract:
 - 37.9.1 a Disclosure Statement for the Unit that complies with the requirements of section 260 of the Property Act; and
 - 37.9.2 if a right to approve the keeping of animals during the Developer Control Period is reserved details of the reservation, including the kind and number of animals.
- 37.10 The Seller warrants that the information disclosed in the Disclosure Statement, including information in any Disclosure Update Notice, is accurate.

38. Rescission of Contract

- 38.1 The Buyer may, by written notice given to the Seller, rescind this Contract if:
 - 38.1.1 there would be a breach of a warranty provided in any of clauses 33.1.1, 33.1.2, 33.1.3, 33.1.4 or 33.3, were this Contract completed at the time it is rescinded; or
 - 38.1.2 there would be a breach of a warranty provided in clause 37.10:
 - (a) were this Contract completed at the time it is rescinded; and
 - (b) the Buyer is significantly prejudiced by the breach,

and the breach does not relate to an amendment to the Development Statement that is an Excluded Change.

- 38.2 A notice must be given:
 - 38.2.1 under clause 38.1.1:
 - (a) if this Contract is entered before the Units Plan for the Unit is registered

 not later than 3 days before the
 Buyer is required to complete this
 Contract; or
 - (b) in any other case not later than 14 days after the later of the following happens:
 - (i) the Date of this Contract; and
 - (ii) another period agreed between the Buyer and Seller ends; or



- 38.2.2 under clause 38.1.2 at any time before the Buyer is required to complete this Contract.
- 38.3 If the Buyer rescinds this Contract, the Seller must repay any amount paid to the Seller towards the purchase of the Unit and otherwise the provisions of clause 21 will apply.

39. Claims for compensation

- 39.1 This clause 39 applies if, before Completion, the Buyer reasonably believes that, except as disclosed in this Contract, there would be a breach of a warranty established under any of clauses 33.1.1, 33.1.2, 33.1.3, 33.1.4, 33.3 or 37.10 were this Contract to be completed.
- 39.2 The Buyer may, by written notice given to the Seller:
 - 39.2.1 tell the Seller:
 - (a) about the breach; and
 - (b) that the Buyer will complete this Contract: and
 - 39.2.2 claim compensation for the breach.
- 39.3 A notice under clause 39.2 must be given:
 - 39.3.1 if this Contract is entered before the Units Plan for the Unit is registered not later than 3 days before the Buyer is required to complete this Contract; or
 - 39.3.2 in any other case not later than 14 days after the later of the following happens:
 - (a) the Buyer's copy of the Contract is received by the Buyer;
 - (b) another period agreed between the Buyer and Seller ends.
- 39.4 The Buyer may not claim compensation under this clause 39 only because of the breach of a warranty related to an amendment to the Development Statement that is an Excluded Change.

40. Community title

40.1 The following clauses 41 to 50 inclusive apply if the Property is, or will on Completion form, a Lot within a Community Title Scheme.

41. Definitions and interpretation

41.1 A reference in these clauses 40 to 50 inclusive to a section or Part is a reference to a section or Part of the Community Title Act.

42. Buyer rights limited

42.1 In addition to clause 6, the Buyer cannot make any requisition on title or make a claim for

compensation in respect of any breach of the lease of the Common Property or breach of rules or by-laws of the Community Title Body Corporate disclosed in this Contract.

43. Adjustment of contribution

43.1 Any adjustment under clause 8 must include an adjustment of the contributions to the fund under section 45.

44. Inspection of property

44.1 For the purposes of clause 10.1 Property includes the Common Property.

45. Unregistered Community Title Scheme

- 45.1 This clause 45 applies if at the Date of this Contract, the Community Title Scheme has not registered.
- 45.2 The Seller must attach a copy of the proposed Community Title Master Plan, or a sketch plan showing the location and dimensions of the Lot sufficient to enable the Buyer to determine the location and dimensions of the Lot in relation to other lots and the Common Property in the proposed scheme.
- 45.3 The Seller must attach a copy of the proposed Community Title Management Statement.
- The Buyer cannot make any objection or requisition on title or claim for compensation in respect of:
 - 45.4.1 any minor variations to the Lot between the plan attached, and the registered Community Title Master Plan; or
 - 45.4.2 any minor alterations required by an authority or the Registrar General in the number, size, location or entitlement of any other Lot in the Community Title Scheme or in or to the Common Property provided the proportion of the entitlement of the Lot to the other lots in the Community Title Scheme is not varied; or
 - 45.4.3 any minor variations between the proposed Community Title Management Statement and the registered Community Title Management Statement.

In this clause, a minor variation is any variation less than 5% to either the size or value of the Lot described in the plan attached and referred to in the proposed Community Title Management Statement.

45.5 The Seller must not permit the Community Title Body Corporate to vary the by-laws of the



- Community Title Scheme from those set out in Schedule 1 of the Community Title Act, unless otherwise disclosed in this Contract.
- 45.6 After the Community Title Body Corporate has been constituted under section 30, the Seller must cause the Community Title Body Corporate to comply with Part 8 to the extent to which the Community Title Body Corporate is required by law to comply with those provisions up to the Date for Completion.

46. Incomplete development of Community Title Scheme

- 46.1 This clause 46 applies if at the Date of this Contract, development of the Community Title Scheme has not completed.
- 46.2 Until the development of a Community Title Scheme is finished, the Developer warrants to the Buyer that the development will be carried out in accordance with the scheme.
- 46.3 Without limiting the damages recoverable for breach of the warranty in clause 46.2, the Buyer may recover damages for the loss of a reasonably expected capital appreciation of the Lot that would have resulted from completion of the development in accordance with the terms of the Community Title Scheme.

47. Incomplete development of Lot

- 47.1 This clause 47 applies if at the Date of this Contract, the Lot is to be developed or further developed in accordance with the Community Title Scheme. For clarity, this clause does not apply if an unconditional Compliance Certificate has issued before the Date of this Contract and the Seller gives to the Buyer evidence acceptable to the Registrar General that an unconditional Compliance Certificate has issued for the Lot, or if the Seller gives an unconditional Compliance Certificate to the Buyer on Completion.
- 47.2 The Buyer becomes bound to develop the Lot in accordance with the Community Title Scheme.
- 47.3 The Seller must give written notice of the proposed sale of the Lot to the Planning and Land Authority.
- 47.4 The Buyer must:
 - 47.4.1 give to the Planning and Land Authority a written undertaking to develop the Lot in accordance with the Community Title Scheme (if a form is approved for an undertaking, the form must be used); and
 - 47.4.2 give the Planning and Land Authority any security required by the Planning and Land Authority, within 28 days after notice of the transaction was given to the

Planning and Land Authority, for the development of the Lot in accordance with the Community Title Scheme.

48. Required first or top sheet

- 48.1 The Seller must give to the Buyer, before the Buyer enters into this Contract, a Section 67 Statement.
- 48.2 The Section 67 Statement must:
 - 48.2.1 state that the Lot is included in a Community Title Scheme that imposes obligations on the owner of the Lot;
 - 48.2.2 state the name and address of:
 - (a) the body corporate of the scheme; or
 - (b) if it is the duty of the Community
 Title Body Corporate manager to act
 for the Community Title Body
 Corporate in supplying Section 56
 Certificates the manager;
 - 48.2.3 state the amount of annual contributions currently fixed by the Community Title Body Corporate as payable by the owner of the Lot;
 - 48.2.4 identify improvements on common property of the scheme for which the owner of the Lot is responsible;
 - 48.2.5 be signed by the Seller or a person authorised by the Seller; and
 - 48.2.6 be substantially complete.
- 48.3 The Seller must attach to this Contract, as a first or top sheet, a copy of the Section 67 Statement given to the Buyer under clause 48.1.
- 48.4 The Buyer may rescind this Contract if:
 - 48.4.1 the Seller has not complied with clauses 48.1 and 48.3; and
 - 48.4.2 Completion has not taken place.

49. Notice to Community Title Body Corporate

49.1 The parties must comply with the rules and bylaws of the Community Title Body Corporate in relation to notification of the sale and purchase of the Lot.

50. Section 56 Certificate

- 50.1 The Seller must give to the Buyer a Section 56 Certificate at least 7 days before Completion.
- 50.2 On Completion, the Buyer must pay to the Seller the fee charged for the Section 56 Certificate.



51. Foreign Resident Withholding Tax

Warning: The questions in the Schedule regarding the Relevant Price and the Clearance Certificates are not binding, and are included to remind the parties of their obligations under the Withholding Law.

Warning: The following clauses 51.1 to 51.8 are subject to the Withholding Law, and do not encompass all obligations under the Withholding Law.

51.1 In this clause 51 the following words have the following meanings:

CGT Asset has the meaning in the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*;

Clearance Certificate means a certificate issued under section 14-220 of the Withholding Law that covers the date of Completion;

Relevant Percentage means the percentage amount stated in section 14-200(3)(a) and 14-205(4)(a) of the Withholding Law;

Relevant Price means the higher of:

- the Price (including GST); and
- the market value of the CGT Assets sold under this Contract;

as at the Date of this Contract;

Variation Certificate means a certificate issued under section 14-235 of the Withholding Law that covers the date of Completion;

Withholding Amount means, subject to clauses 51.6 and 51.7, the Relevant Percentage of the first element of the CGT Asset's cost base (for all CGT Assets sold under this Contract) as at the Date of this Contract; and

Withholding Law means Subdivision 14-D of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act* 1953 and associated provisions.

- 51.2 If the Relevant Price is less than the dollar amount stated in section 14-215(1)(a) of the Withholding Law as at the Date of this Contract, the parties acknowledge that there are no obligations under the Withholding Law.
- 51.3 If Clearance Certificates for all the Sellers are provided to the Buyer prior to Completion, the parties acknowledge that there are no obligations under the Withholding Law.
- 51.4 If neither clauses 51.2 or 51.3 apply, then:
 - 51.4.1 the Seller must provide to the Buyer any information required to enable the Buyer to comply with clause 51.4.2(a), within 5 days of written request from the Buyer;
 - 51.4.2 the Buyer must:

- (a) lodge a purchaser payment notification form with the ATO; and
- (b) give evidence of compliance with clause 51.4.2(a) to the Seller;no later than 5 days before the Date for Completion;
- 51.4.3 the Seller irrevocably instructs the Buyer to draw as part of the Price, and the Buyer must draw and retain on Completion, an unendorsed bank cheque payable to the ATO for the Withholding Amount: and
- 51.4.4 the parties must both, on the date of Completion, attend the offices of an authorised collection agent of the ATO to deposit the bank cheque referred to in clause 51.4.3 in payment of the Withholding Amount following Completion.
- 51.5 If clause 51.4 applies and the parties do not comply with clause 51.4.4:
 - the Buyer indemnifies the Seller for any loss or damage resulting from the Buyer's delay in remitting and/or failure to remit the Withholding Amount to the ATO; and
 - 51.5.2 the Buyer charges the Property (for the benefit of the Seller) with the Buyer's obligations under this clause 51.5.
- 51.6 Where the Seller gives the Buyer a Variation
 Certificate prior to Completion, the Withholding
 Amount is the amount stated in the Variation
 Certificate.
- 51.7 Where Clearance Certificates for some but not all of the Sellers are provided to the Buyer prior to Completion, then the Withholding Amount is reduced by the same percentage as the percentage ownership of the Property of the Sellers that are subject to a Clearance Certificate.
- 51.8 Where a Clearance Certificate is provided by a Seller to the Buyer, the Seller warrants to the Buyer that that Seller is the entity referred to in the Clearance Certificate and is the relevant taxpayer for capital gains tax payable on the sale of the CGT Assets sold under this Contract.

52. Deposit by Instalments

- 52.1 The following clauses 52.2 to 52.8 inclusive only apply if the 'Deposit by Instalments' option on the Schedule is selected.
- 52.2 Clauses 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4 are deleted.
- 52.3 The Buyer must pay the Deposit to the Stakeholder.
 The Seller agrees to accept the payment of the
 Deposit in two instalments as follows:



- 52.3.1 5% of the Price by cheque on the Date of this Contract (**First Instalment**); and
- 52.3.2 the balance of the Deposit (if it has not already been paid) by unendorsed bank cheque on the Date for Completion (Second Instalment);

and in every respect time is of the essence for payment of the First Instalment in this clause 52.3.1.

- 52.4 The Deposit becomes the Seller's property on Completion or on the earlier termination of this Contract by the Seller for the Buyer's default.
- 52.5 If the First Instalment of the Deposit is:
 - 52.5.1 not paid on time and in accordance with clause 52.3; or
 - 52.5.2 paid by cheque and the cheque is not honoured on first presentation,

the Buyer is in default and the Seller may terminate this Contract immediately by written notice to the Buyer (without the notice otherwise necessary under clause 18) and clause 19 applies. If the Seller does not terminate this Contract in accordance with this clause 52.5, then this Contract remains on foot, subject to this clause 52.5, until either the Seller terminates the Contract pursuant to this clause 52.5, or waives the benefit of this clause 52.5 pursuant to clause 52.8.

- 52.6 If the Second Instalment of the Deposit is not paid on time in accordance with clause 52.3, then the Seller cannot immediately terminate the Contract for the Buyer's breach of an essential condition. The Seller must make timing of the payment of the Second Instalment an essential condition of the Contract by serving on the Buyer a Default Notice requiring the Buyer to pay the Second Instalment within 14* days after service of the Default Notice (excluding the date of service).
- 52.7 For clarity, the Buyer must pay the full Price to the Seller, on or before Completion.
- 52.8 These clauses 52.2 to 52.8 inclusive are for the benefit of the Seller. The Seller may at any time before this Contract is terminated notify the Buyer in writing that the benefit of these clauses 52.2 to 52.8 inclusive is waived.

53. Residential Withholding Tax

Warning: The following clauses 53.1 to 53.9 are subject to the Withholding Law, and do not encompass all obligations under the Withholding Law.

- 53.1 In this clause 53 the following words have the following meanings:
 - **RW Amount** means the amount which the Buyer must pay under section 14-250 of the Withholding Law;
 - **RW Amount Information** means the completed RW Amount details referred to on page 3 of this Contract; and
 - **RW Percentage** means the percentage amount stated in section 14-250(6), (8) and (9) of the Withholding Law, as applicable to the supply of the Property from the Seller to the Buyer.
- 53.2 The Seller must provide the Buyer with the RW Amount Information no later than 7 days after the Date of this Contract.
- 53.3 If the 'Buyer required to make a withholding payment?' option on the Schedule is selected 'no' or if no selection is made, the Seller warrants to the Buyer that the Buyer is not required to make a payment under section 14-250 in relation to the supply of the Property from the Seller to the Buyer.
- 53.4 The following clauses 53.5 to 53.9 inclusive only apply if the 'Buyer required to make a withholding payment?' option on the Schedule is selected 'yes'.
- 53.5 Subject to any adjustments to the Price that may arise after the date that the RW Amount Information is provided in accordance with clause 53.2 and which affect the RW Amount, the Seller warrants to the Buyer on the date that the RW Amount Information is provided to the Buyer that the Seller has provided the Buyer with the information required under section 14 255 of the Withholding Law in relation to the supply of the Property from the Seller to the Buyer, and that this information is true and correct to the Seller's knowledge.
- 53.6 The Buyer must provide the Seller with a copy of the 'GST property settlement withholding notification online form' confirmation email (or emails, if applicable) issued to the Buyer by the ATO no later than:
 - 53.6.1 21 days after a written request from the Seller; or
 - 53.6.2 7 days prior to the Date for Completion, whichever is the earlier.
- 53.7 The Buyer must provide the Seller with evidence of submission by the Buyer to the ATO of the 'GST property settlement date confirmation online form', with such evidence to be provided prior to or on Completion.

^{*} Alter as necessary



- 53.8 The Seller irrevocably instructs the Buyer to draw as part of the Price, and the Buyer must draw and retain on Completion, an unendorsed bank cheque payable to the ATO for the RW Amount.
- 53.9 In relation to the unendorsed bank cheque required by clause 53.8, the Buyer must:
 - 53.9.1 forward the unendorsed bank cheque to the ATO immediately after Completion; and
 - 53.9.2 provide the Seller with evidence of payment of the RW Amount to the ATO.

12. CHRISTMAS SHUT DOWN CLAUSE

- a. In the event that the Date for Completion falls within the period commencing Friday, 19 December 2025 and ending Monday, 5 January 2026 ("**the Holiday Period**") the Date of Completion is hereby extended to Wednesday 7 January 2026 ("**Resumption Date**") or thereafter.
- b. In the event that a party serves the other party with a notice during the Holiday Period, service of the notice is deemed effected on the Resumption Date.
- c. If, prior to the commencement of the Holiday Period, a party serves the other party with a Notice to Complete which appoints a date by which to complete this contract which falls within the Holiday Period that date is hereby extended to the Resumption Date.

THESE ARE THE SPECIAL CONDITIONS TO THE CONTRACT FOR THE SALE OF 33 WELLINGTON STREET, NGUNNAWAL ACT 2913

1. INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN STANDARD FORM AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS

If there is any inconsistency between the Standard Form and these Special Conditions, these Special Conditions prevail.

2. VARIATION OF STANDARD FORM

- 2.1. In these Special Conditions 'Standard Form' means the standard conditions 1 to 53 inclusive to this Contract and titled "The Law Society of the Australian Capital Territory: Contract for Sale".
- 2.2. The Standard Form is amended as follows:
 - 2.2.1. Clauses 13.10.1, 14.1, 28.2 and 37 are deleted;
 - 2.2.2. Clause 22.1.3 is amended by replacing the word "party" with "Seller";

3. KEYS

Upon Completion, the Seller will provide the Buyer with all remaining keys which are in the Seller's possession. The Buyer will make no objection, requisition or claim for compensation whatsoever with respect to the availability or otherwise of any other keys to the improvements.

4. CONDITION

- 4.1. The Buyer acknowledges that the Buyer has inspected the improvements and is purchasing them in their present state of repair and condition and other than as prescribed in the *Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Act 2003*. The Buyer may make no objection, requisition or claim for compensation in respect of the state of repair or condition of the improvements. In particular, the Buyer acknowledges that the provision of remote controls to any appliance or garage door motor does not constitute a representation as to the working condition or otherwise of those appliances/motors or those remote controls.
- 4.2. The Buyer may make no objection, claim for compensation, terminate or rescind this Contract, or delay Completion in respect of the state, growth, tidiness, or deterioration of any garden or landscaped area of the Property between the Date of this Contract and Completion. This includes (but is not limited to) grass length, new or additional plant growth, and the presence of leaves and/or other debris.

5. SELLING AGENT INDEMNITY

The Buyer hereby warrants to the Seller that the Buyer has not been introduced to the property directly or indirectly by any Real Estate Agent or other person other than the Seller's agent herein referred to (if any) and hereby indemnifies the Seller against any claim for commission or other fees in respect of this sale due to the Buyer's breach of this

warranty to the intent that all damages costs and expenses on a solicitor and client basis which may be incurred by the Seller in respect of any such claim shall be paid for by the Buyer to the Seller. It is hereby agreed that this Special Condition shall not merge on completion.

6. ENTIRE CONTRACT

- 6.1. The Seller and the Buyer acknowledge and agree that the terms of this Contract contain the entire understanding between the parties in relation to the subject matter of this Contract and there are no conditions, warranties, promises, representations or obligations, written or oral, express or implied, in relation thereto, other than those expressly stated herein.
- 6.2. Each party has entered into this Contract without reliance upon any representation, statement or warranty (including sales and marketing material and preliminary artwork), except as disclosed in this Contract.

7. ADJUSTMENTS

- 7.1. If Completion does not occur by the Date for Completion as provided for in this Contract for Sale, and the fault of the delay is solely that of the Buyer, then:
 - 7.1.1. The parties agree that the adjustment of all Land Charges be made from the Date of Completion and not the date of actual Completion; and

8. AUCTION CONDITIONS

- 8.1. If the Property is being sold by auction, then the auction will be conducted on the following conditions:
 - 8.1.1. The auctioneer may make 1 bid for the Seller at any time during the auction;
 - 8.1.2. Each person bidding must be entered on the bidders record;
 - 8.1.3. The auctioneer may refuse any bid;
 - 8.1.4. The auctioneer may decide the amount by which the bidding is to be advanced;
 - 8.1.5. The auctioneer may withdraw the Property from sale at any time;
 - 8.1.6. The auctioneer may refer a bid to the Seller at any time before the end of the auction;
 - 8.1.7. If there is a dispute about a bid, the auctioneer may resubmit the Property for sale at the last undisputed bid or start the bidding again;
 - 8.1.8. If there is a dispute about a bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbiter and the auctioneer's decision is final;
 - 8.1.9. The sale of the Property is subject to a reserve price unless the auctioneer announces otherwise;
 - 8.1.10. The highest record bidder will be the buyer, subject to any reserve price;
 - 8.1.11. If a reserve price has been set for the property and the property is passed in below the reserve price, the Seller must first negotiate with the highest bidder for the purchase of the Property;
 - 8.1.12. The buyer must sign this Contract and exchange it with the Seller and pay the deposit immediately after the fall of the hammer.



9. DIRECTOR GUARANTEE

- 9.1. Where the Buyer is a corporation, all directors of that corporation shall guarantee that corporation's performance of its obligations under this Contract.
- 9.2. The guarantee it to be in the form attached at Annexure "A" to these Special Conditions.

10. ELECTRONIC EXCHANGE

10.1. Unless otherwise agreement between the parties, this contract it to be exchanged electronically by email or by other electronic means in accordance with the Electronic Transactions Act 2001 and the parties agree the digital or electronic copy of this exchanged Contract is binding on the parties.

11. ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE

11.1. If applicable, and only with agreement of the other party, a party may sign this contract digitally or provide a scanned copy of signature for the purposes of an exchange of contracts, provided the signature meets the requirements of section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2001.



Annexure A – Director Guarantee

- 1. The Guarantor guarantees to the Seller, the due and punctual performance and observance of the Buyer's obligations under this Contract including but not limited to the punctual payment of all moneys arising out of the subject matter of this Contract (the "Guaranteed Obligations").
- 2. The Guarantor is deemed to be jointly and severally liable with the Buyer, to discharge the Buyer's obligations under this Contract, such obligations are not to be treated as ancillary or collateral to another right or obligation.
- 3. The obligations under this Guarantee:
 - (a) are independent of and not in substitution for or affected by another security interest or guarantee or other document or agreement which the Buyer or another person may hold concerning the Guaranteed Obligations;
 - (b) may be enforced against the Guarantor without the Seller first being required to exhaust any remedy it may have against the Buyer or to enforce any security it may hold concerning the Guaranteed Obligations;
 - (c) are a continuing guarantee and indemnity for the whole of the Guaranteed Obligations and are irrevocable and will remain in full force and effect until discharged.
- 4. The Guarantor hereby (in their personal capacity and as trustee if appropriate) charges in favour of the Seller all of their interest (legal and beneficial) in all present and future real property as security for payment of all monies payable to the Seller and hereby consent to the Seller lodging a caveat on any real property owned by the Guarantor and agrees to sign a mortgage or any other document as requested by the Seller, to perfect this security.
- 5. The Guarantor is not discharged by:
 - (a) any delay or claim by the Seller to enforce a right against the Buyer; and
 - (b) any forbearance given to the Buyer to perform the Buyer's obligations under this Contract.
- 6. The Guarantor indemnifies the Seller against any claim, loss, damage, costs and/or expenses which the Buyer may now or in the future suffer or incur consequent on or arising directly or indirectly out of the subject matter of this Contract caused by and/or resulting from any breach and/or non-performance of the Buyer's obligations under this Contract.
- 7. The Guarantor enters this guarantee freely and of their own accord and not as a result of or by reason of any representation of any kind given or offered by or on behalf of the Seller.
- 8. The Guarantor warrants and acknowledges that they understand that the nature, terms and extent of this guarantee and indemnity provided and further acknowledge that prior to executing this Contract either:
 - (a) they have received independent legal advice on their rights and obligations under this Deed; or



- (b) if they have not obtained independent legal advice, they have waived their right to such legal advice and no action, suit, claim or demand of any kind shall be actionable against the other party because they have not received such advice.
- 9. The Guarantor shall reimburse the Seller's expenses incurred in connection with the enforcement of, or the preservation of any rights under this Guarantee, including legal costs on a full indemnity basis.
- 10. The Guarantor waives all rights as surety inconsistent with any of the terms of this Contract or to the detriment or disadvantage of the Seller.

EXECUTED by the Guarantor in the presence of:))))
Full Name of Guarantor	Signature of Guarantor
Full Name of Witness	Signature of Witness
Address of Witness	





Product
Date/Time
Customer Reference
Order ID

Cost

Title Details 08/10/2025 10:14AM 31068 20251008000308

\$35.00

Volume 1320 Folio 38 Edition 6

AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY TITLE SEARCH

LAND

Ngunnawal Section 18 Block 14 on Deposited Plan 8368

Lease commenced on 21/05/1993, granted on 21/05/1993, terminating on 20/05/2092

Area is 710 square metres or thereabouts

Proprietor

David John Cahill

91 Ramsay Street Haberfield NSW 2045

REGISTERED ENCUMBRANCES AND INTERESTS

Original title is Volume 1320 Folio 38

Restrictions

Purpose Clause: Refer Crown Lease

S.180 Land Act 1991: Compliance/Completion Cert Issued

Restrictive Covenant: Created By T 853178

Registered Date Dealing Number Description

25/11/2021 3121893 Mortgage to First Mortgage Company Home Loans Pty Ltd (ACN: 104 268

448)

End of interests

Form 'U'

AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY <u>LAND (PLANNING AND</u> <u>ENVIRONMENT) ACT 1991</u>

Australian Capital Territory (Planning and Land Management) Act 1988 (C'th) ss 29, 30 & 31 Entered in Register Book Vol. 22.0 Folio 78 Registrar of Titles

S. RUBERTSON Deputy - 3 JUN 1993

RESTI

LEASE GRANTED pursuant to the Land (Planning and Environment) Act 1991 on the twenty first of May One thousand nine hundred and ninety three WHEREBY THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY EXECUTIVE ON BEHALF OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA (hereinafter called "the Commonwealth") grants to CANBERRA LAND PTY LIMITED (A.C.N. 008 665 094) having its registered office at c/- J.S. O'Connor Harris & Co 2nd Floor Ethos House 28-36 Ainslie Avenue Canberra City in the Australian Capital Territory (hereinafter called "the Lessee") ALL THAT piece or parcel of land situate in the Australian Capital Territory containing an area of 710 square metres or thereabouts and being Block 14 Section 18 Division of NGUNNAWAL as delineated on Deposited Plan Number 8368 in the office of the Registrar of Titles at Canberra in the said Territory (hereinafter referred to as "the land") RESERVING unto the Territory all minerals TO HOLD up the Lessee for the te twenty first ninety-nine years commencing on the day of One thousand hundred and ninety three (hereinafter called "the date of the commencement of the lease") to be used 🕍 the Lessee for the purpose set forth in sub-clause (g) of clause 1 of this lease on YIELDING AND PA THEREFOR during the said term rent at the rate of five cents per annum if a when demanded and AND SUBJECT TO the covenants conditions and agreements hereinafter contains

THE LESSEE COVENANTS WITH THE COMMONWEALTH as for own.

- (a) That the Lessee shall pay to the Territory at Canberra the resemble fore reserved within one month of the date of any demand made by the Territory elating thereto and some or the Lessee;
- That the Lessee shall within twelve months from the date of the commoncement of the lease or within such further time as may be approved in writing by the Territory and that purpose commence to erect one private single dwelling hour building (with necessary and usual outbuildings and fences) on the land at a cost not less and the sum of force and dollars and in accordance with plans and specifications repaired by the Lessey and previously submitted to and approved in writing by the Territory;
- (c) That the Lessee shall within twenty four months from the date of the commencement of the lease or within such further time as may be approved in writing by the Territory complete the erection of the said building in accordance with the said plans and specifications and in accordance with every Statute Ordinance or Regulation applicable thereto;
- (d) That the Lessee shall within twenty four months from the date of the commencement of the lease or within such further time as may be approved in writing by the Territory provide facilities on the land to a standard acceptable to the Territory to enable electrical and telephone cables and wires to be installed underground;
- (e) That the Lessee shall at all times during the said term maintain repair and keep in repair the premises to the satisfaction of the Territory;
- (f) That the Lessee shall not without the previous approval in writing of the Territory erect any building on the land or make any structural alterations in any buildings erected on the land;
- (g) To use the land for residential purposes only;

- (h) That the building erected on the land shall be used only as a single unit private dwelling house and any outbuildings erected on the land shall not be used as a habitation;
- (i) If and whenever the Lessee is in breach of the Lessee's obligations to maintain repair and keep in repair the premises the Territory may by notice in writing to the Lessee specifying the repairs and maintenance needed require the Lessee to effect the necessary work in accordance with the notice. If the Territory is of the opinion that a building or some other improvement on the land is beyond reasonable repair the Territory may by notice in writing to the Lessee require the Lessee to remove the building or improvement and may require the Lessee to construct a new building or improvement in the place of that removed within the time specified in the notice. If the Lessee does not carry out the required work within the time specified by the Territory any person or persons duly authorised by the Territory with such equipment as is necessary may enter the premises and carry out the necessary work and all costs and expenses incurred by the Territory in carrying out the work shall be paid by the Lessee to the Territory on demand and from the date of such demand until paid shall for all purposes of this lease be a debt due and payable to the Territory by the Lessee;
- (j) Subject to the provisions of the Land (Planning and Environment) Act 1991 to permit any person or persons authorised by the Territory to enter and inspect the premises at all reasonable times and in any reasonable manner;
- (k) To pay all rates and charges and other statutory outgoings assessed levied or payable in respect of the premises as and when the same fall due.

2. IT IS MUTUALLY COVENANTED AND AGREED as follows:

- (a) That if -
 - (i) a building in accordance with sub-clause (b) of clause 1 of this lease is not commenced within the period specified in the said sub-clause;
 - (ii) a building in accordance with sub-clause (b) of clause 1 of this lease is not completed within the period specified in sub-clause (c) of the said clause;
 - (iii) services in accordance with sub-clause (d) of clause 1 of this lease are not completed within the period specified in the said sub-clause;
 - (iv) after completion of a building as aforesaid the said land is at any time not used for a period of one year for the purpose for which this lease is granted; or
 - (v) the Lessee shall fail to observe or perform any other of the covenants herein contained on the part of the Lessee to be observed or performed and shall have failed to remedy such breach within a period of six months from the date of service on the Lessee of a notice in writing from the Territory specifying the nature of such breach

the Territory may terminate this lease but without prejudice to any claim which the Territory or the Commonwealth may have against the Lessee in respect of any breach of the covenants on the part of the Lessee to be observed or performed;

- (b) That acceptance of rent or other monies by the Territory during or after any period referred to in paragraph (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) or (v) of sub-clause (a) of this clause shall not prevent or impede the exercise by the Territory of the powers conferred upon it by sub-clause (a) of this clause;
- (c) Subject to the provisions of the Land (Planning and Environment) Act 1991 the Lessee shall be entitled to a further lease of the land for such further term and at such rent and subject to such conditions as may then be provided or permitted by Statute Ordinance or Regulation;

- (d) That any notice requirement demand consent or other communication to be given to or served upon the Lessee under this lease shall be deemed to have been duly given or served if signed by or on behalf of the Territory and delivered to or sent in a prepaid letter addressed to the Lessee at the said land or at the usual or last-known address of the Lessee or affixed in a conspicuous position on the premises;
- (e) Any and every right power and or remedy conferred on the Commonwealth the Territory or the respective Ministers hereunder or implied by law may be exercised on behalf of the Commonwealth the Territory or respective Ministers as the case may be by:
 - (i) the Australian Capital Territory Executive;
 - (ii) the Minister for the time being administering the Land (Planning and Environment)
 Act 1991 or any Statute Ordinance or Regulation substituted therefor;
 - (iii) an authority or person for the time being authorised by the Australian Capital Territory Executive or the Minister referred to in (i) or (ii) above or by law to exercise those powers or functions of the Commonwealth the Territory or the relevant Minister; or
 - (iv) the person to whom the Minister referred to in (ii) above has delegated all his powers or functions under the said Land (Planning and Environment) Act 1991 or any Statute Ordinance or Regulation substituted therefor;

(f) "Lessee" shall-

- (i) where the Lessee consists of one person be deemed to include the Lessee and the executors administrators and assigns of the Lessee;
- (ii) where the Lessee consists of two or more persons be deemed to include in the case of a tenancy in common the said persons and each of them and their and each of their executors administrators and assigns and in the case of a joint tenancy be deemed to include the said persons and each of them and their and each of their assigns and the executors administrators and assigns of the survivor of them; and
- (iii) where the Lessee is a corporation be deemed to include such corporation and its successors and assigns;
- (g) "premises" means the land and any building erections and or improvements in on or above the land;
- (h) "building" means the building or any buildings on the land at the date of the commencement of the lease or any building or buildings constructed on the land in accordance with the covenants of this lease or any building or buildings replacing the same together with all fittings fixtures (including floor coverings) plant amenities and appurtenances thereof and therein contained or if the context so permits any part therof;
- (i) "Territory" means -
 - (i) when used in a geographical sense the Australian Capital Territory; and
 - (ii) when used in any other sense the body politic established by section 7 of the Australian Capital Territory (Self-Government) Act 1988 (C'th);
- (j) "Australian Capital Territory Executive" means the Executive established by section 36 of the Australian Capital Territory (Self-Government) Act 1988 (C'th).

IN WITNESS whereof the Territory on behalf of the Commonwealth and the Lessee have executed this lease.

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The Common Seal of CANBERRA LAND PTY)
LIMITED was hereto affixed by authority of the Board of Directors)
in the presence of:

grown Muworkhy

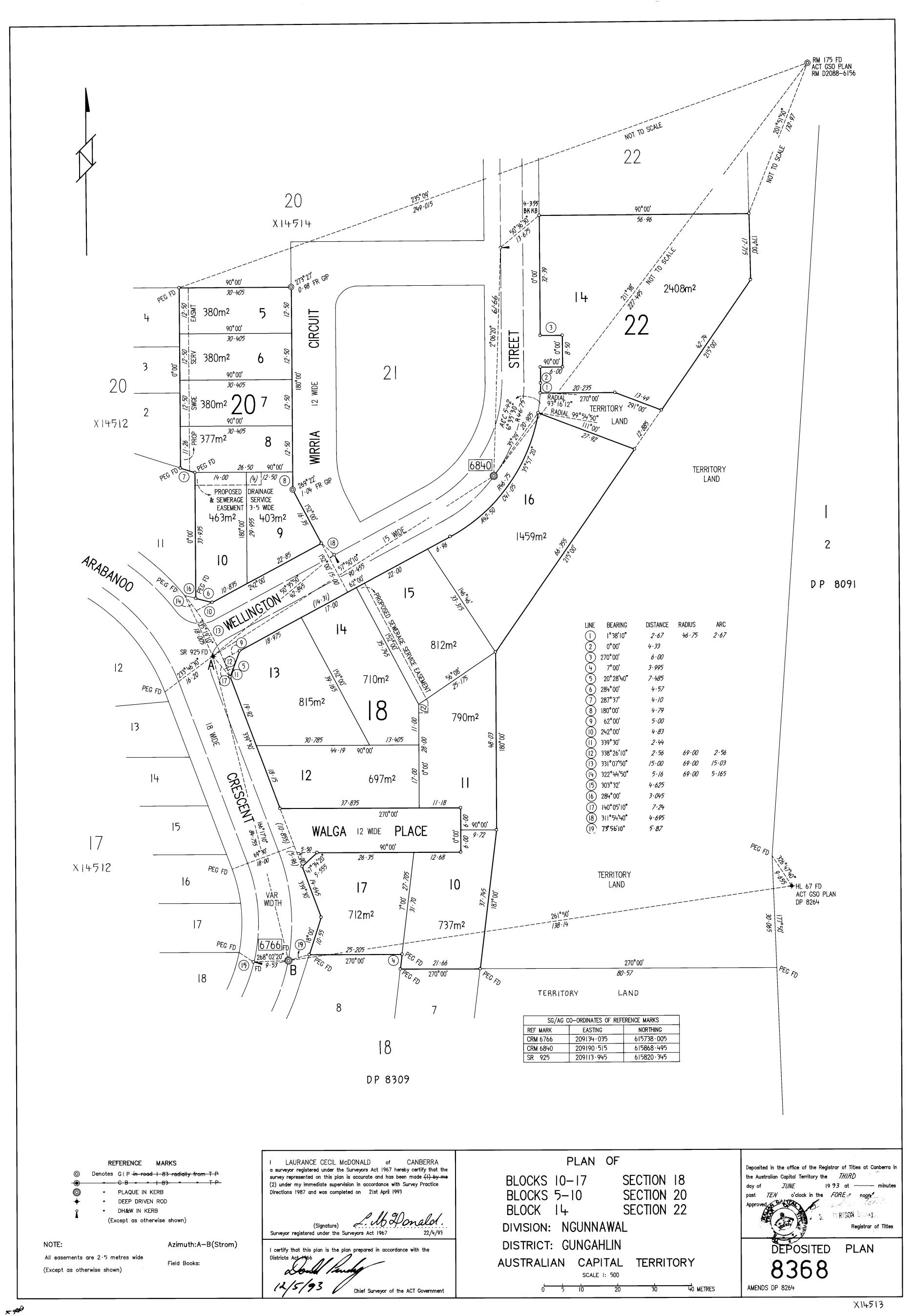
AND COMMON

Seal

A.C.N.

4008 665 094

No. 848191 MORTGAGE TO . METWAY PANK LIMITED. Thered - 3 JUN 1993 at 15W o'clock in ic Foer noon ROJINIA SELEPTORYTILES No. 853177 DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE No. 848191 = 9 JUL 1993 Entered TEN n'clock in ne FORE пооп ARTHYDEPOTY Titles TRANSFER TO PAVIO No. 853178 CAMPBELL of the land within described Entered - 9 JUL 1993 in the FORE Noon. WITH CONSENT OF THE MINISTER PURSUANT TO S.180(2) LAND ACT 1991 T.McCARTHY DEPUTY RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS CREATED BY TRANATER No. 853178 MORTGAGE TO ADVANCE No. 853181 BANK AUSTRALIA LIMITED. intered - 9 JUL 1993 in the FORE Noon Registrat of Thies





ACCESS CANBERRA LAND, PLANNING & BUILDING SERVICES 8 Darling Street MITCHELL ACT 2911

PHONE: 62071923

LEASE CONVEYANCING ENQUIRY

Your response is sought to the following questions in relation to:

LAND:	Please pr	ovide details of t	ne land you	are enquiring abo	ut.				
Unit	0	Block	14	Section	18	Suburb	NG	UNNAW	/AL
				behalf of the Co ment Act 2007 ar			and (Plannin	g and No	Yes
1. Have ar	y notices b	een issued relat	ng to the C	rown Lease?			(X)	()
2. Is the Le	essor awar	e of any notice of	a breach of	the Crown Lease	?		(X)	()
3. Has a C	ertificate of	Compliance bee	en issued?	(N/A e	x-Governme	ent House)	()	(X)
C	Certificate N	umber: 57499		Dated: 19-JUN-	03				
4. Has an	application	for Subdivision b	oeen receive	ed under the Unit T	ïtles Act?		(se	e repoi	t)
				al registration, prov ne Heritage Act 200		gistered	((see rep	oort)
				nd subject to an Ei Act 2007, or part 6			nt	(see r	eport)
	evelopmen ot be includ	• •	n received,	or approval (applic	ations lodge	ed prior to 2 April	1992	(see	report)
		been received o not be included)	r approved t	or Dual Occupanc	y? (applicati	ons lodged prior		(see r	eport)
		made in respec nning & Develop		d pursuant to 007 or Part 12.3 of	the Planning	g Act 2023?	(see	report)	
		d Search - Is the us of the land?	re informatio	on recorded by Env	ironment AC	CT regarding the		(see r	eport)
				Арр	licant's Nam	ne: Cha	pman, Sophie	e Isabel	
Date: 08-OCT-25 11:22:27 E-mail Address : sophie@harringtonhall.com Client Reference : 31282						m			



ACCESS CANBERRA LAND, PLANNING & BUILDING SERVICES 8 Darling Street MITCHELL ACT 2911

08-OCT-2025 11:22

PLANNING AND LEASE MANAGER (PaLM) LEASE CONVEYANCING ENQUIRY REPORT

Page 1 of 2

INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROPERTY

NGUNNAWAL Section 18/Block 14

Area(m2): 710.5

Unimproved Value: \$549,000

Year: 2025

Subdivision Status: Application not received under the Unit Titles Act.

Heritage Status: Nil.

Environment Assessment:

The Land is not subject to an Environmental Impact Statement under Chapter 8 of the Planning &

Development ACT 2007, or part 6.3a of the Planning Act 2023.

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATIONS ON THE PROPERTY (SINCE APRIL 1992)

DA933328 Lodged 31-MAY-93 Single Dwelling Application **Type**

-- Application Details -----

Description

-- Site Details -----

Division **District** Section Block(s) Unit

Gungahlin Ngunnawal 14-14 18

-- Involved Parties -----

Name Role **Applicant** Madawala

-- Activities -----

Activity Name Status Residential Design & Siting Approved

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATIONS ON THE ADJACENT PROPERTIES (LAST 2 YEARS ONLY)

The information on development applications on adjacent blocks is to assist purchasers to be aware of possible nearby development activity. Please note however, it doesn't cover all development activity. Exempt activities can include but are not limited to, new residences, additions to residences, certain sheds, carports and pergolas etc. Information on exempt developments can be found at https://www.planning.act.gov.au/applications-and-assessments/development-applications/check-if-you-need-ada



ACCESS CANBERRA LAND, PLANNING & BUILDING SERVICES 8 Darling Street MITCHELL ACT 2911

08-OCT-2025 11:22

PLANNING AND LEASE MANAGER (PaLM) LEASE CONVEYANCING ENQUIRY REPORT

Page 2 of 2

LAND USE POLICIES

To check the current land use policy in the suburb that you are buying a property in, please check the Territory Plan online at https://www.legislation.act.gov.au/ni/2023-540/

CONTAMINATED LAND SEARCH

Information is not recorded by the Environment Protection Authority regarding the contamination status of this land. However, this does not absolutely rule out the possibility of contamination and should not be interpreted as a warranty that there is no contamination. To be completely sure, independent tests should be arranged.

ASBESTOS SEARCH

ACT Government records indicate that asbestos (loose fill or otherwise) is not present on this land. However, the accuracy of this information is not guaranteed. If the property was built prior to 1 January 2004, you should make your own enquiries and obtain reports (from a licensed Asbestos Assessor) in relation to the presence of loose-fill asbestos insulation (and other forms of asbestos e.g. bonded asbestos) on the premises.

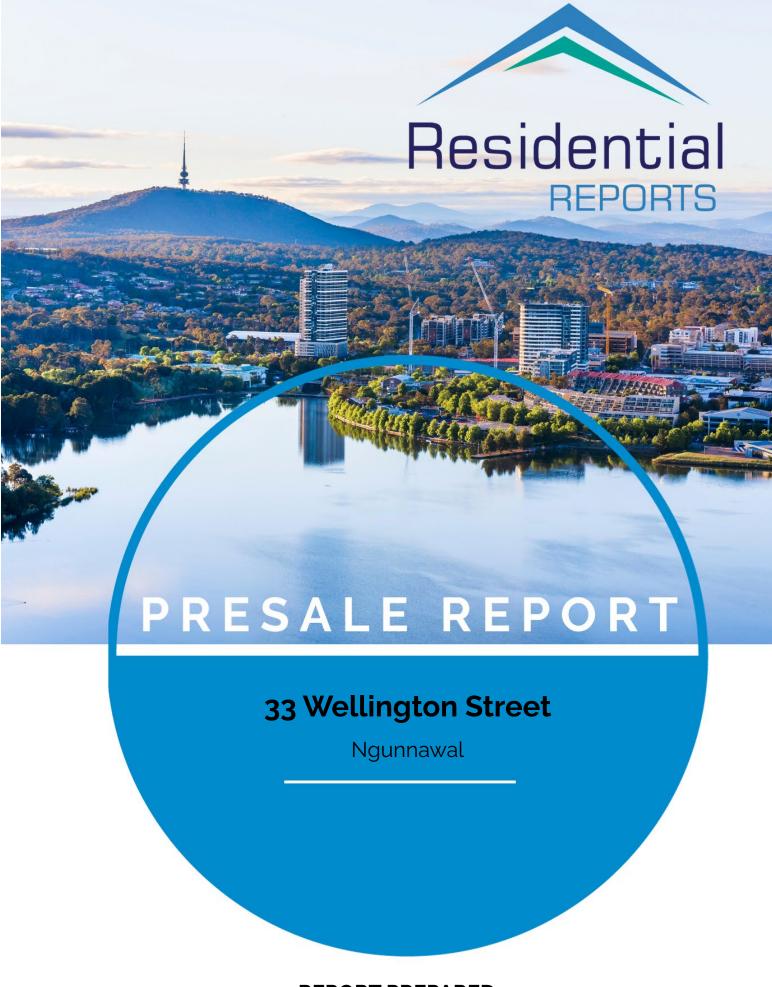
CAT CONTAINMENT AREAS

Cat containment has been extended across the ACT for cats born on or after 1 July 2022. Containment means keeping your cat on your premise 24 hours a day. This can include your house or apartment, enclosed area in a backyard or courtyard, a cat crate or leash. Cats born before 1 July 2022 do not have to be contained unless the live in one of the 17 currently declared cat containment suburbs. All cats (regardless of age) located in the following suburbs must be contained to their premise 24 hours a day. However, cats can be walked on a leash and harness under effective control in all containment suburbs: BONNER, COOMBS, CRACE, DENMAN PROSPECT, FORDE, JACKA, LAWSON, MOLONGLO, MONCRIEFF, STRATHNAIRN, THE FAIR in north WATSON, THROSBY, WRIGHT, GUNGAHLIN TOWN CENTRE, MACNAMARA, TAYLOR and WHITLAM. More information on cat containment is available at https://www.cityservices.act.gov.au/pets-and-wildlife/domestic-animals/cats/cat-containment or by phoning Access Canberra on 13 22 81.

URBAN FOREST ACT 2023

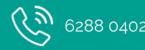
The Urban Forest Act 2023 (or Tree Protection Act 2005 where applicable) protects individual trees of importance and urban forest areas that require particular protection. A Tree Register has been established and can be found on the Transport Canberra and City Services website https://www.cityservices.act.gov.au/trees-and-nature/trees/act_tree_register or for further information please call Access Canberra on 132281.

---- END OF REPORT ----



REPORT PREPARED

16 October 2025





SITE RECORD

ADDRESS	33 Wellington Street Ngunnawal
CLIENT	David John Cahill
OCCUPANCY STATUS	Semi-Furnished

INSPECTOR - Derek Taylor	INSPECTION DATE - 15 October 2025	WEATHER CONDITIONS - Fine
JOB REFERENCE - 43989	BLOCK - 14	SECTION - 18

INSPECTION DATA SUMMARY

YEAR OF DEVELOPMENT (APPROX. ISSUE OF FIRST CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY)	• 1993
AREA DETAILS (APPROX. SQM)	 Residence - 153 sqm Garage - 36 sqm off plan Block size - 710 sqm
WALL CONSTRUCTION	 brick veneer construction. For more information: visit residentialreports.com.au, click on 'resource library' and refer to the publication - Brick Veneer Walls
ROOF CONSTRUCTION	timber truss construction concrete tile roof covering
FLOOR CONSTRUCTION	timber bearers and joists with construction particle board flooring
ENERGY RATING	• 3.5 stars
CONSTRUCTION	 the dwelling is of adequate construction and structural workmanship for this type of residential development and its condition is commensurate with the era of construction, design, age and use
MAINTENANCE	 there are maintenance items detailed in this report, please read the entire report
TIMBER PEST REPORT	 please review the entire report, including the <i>Timber Pest Overview</i> and <i>Recommendations</i> section, for complete details and context no evidence of active subterranean termites (live species) was found at the time of our inspection evidence of wood decay fungi (wood rot) was found exterior to the building at the time of inspection, please read the entire report
COMPLIANCE REPORT	For details on structures in this block and section, see the compliance report

IMPORTANT: This report is intended to be read in its entirety. You must carefully read the full document including Detailed Inspection Information, Warranty & Use and Scope & Limitations prior to making any critical decisions. The above Data Summary is supplementary to the Report and should not be used as a standalone reference. It is imperative to review the complete Report and in the case of any discrepancies between the Report and the above comments, the information in the detailed Report is the final authority. The reader is requested to immediately contact us if any content is not fully understood and requires clarification or further explanation. We value the opportunity to work on this inspection project and wish you all the best as you evaluate this property.

Signed on behalf of:

Residential Reports Pty Limited ABN 38 609 880 122

Derek Taylor

Derek Taylor

Building & Timber Pest Assessor



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INSPECTION SCOPE - INTRODUCTION FOR THE READER

The reader must refer to the comprehensive Warranty & Use and Scope & Limitations at the end of this report. This report is written with reference to the Australian Standards outlined in our Scope & Limitations and is the result of a largely visual inspection only as required by the Standards. The inspection has been conducted to identify notable defects, insofar as an inspector can reasonably identify them and considering the building's age. Comments are provided primarily for items that could impact property value, normal wear and tear for an older building may not be detailed. If there are any discrepancies between the "Summary" and the Detailed Report, the Detailed Report should be relied upon. Where testing is undertaken and there are adverse findings, details will be noted. We do not inspect features such as electrical appliances, utilities, or swimming pool/s and equipment; qualified technicians should be consulted. This report does not quantify ongoing maintenance, upgrades, cosmetic works, or minor defects. If present, significant defects will be noted, and further investigation may be recommended. Where reference has been made to termites (live species, activity or prior activity) and maintenance or defects of significance, we strongly advise that prior to making any critical decisions, that the services of a suitably qualified tradesperson be engaged to quantify remedial action. Report comments may seem repetitive to emphasise that all inspected elements have been reviewed and a summary of inspection items is included at the end of the report for your reference.



STANDARD INDICATORS EXPLAINED

Our Inspector uses the terms below to describe the condition of building elements. The inspection is visual and conducted under normal lighting. These terms consider factors like the building's age, construction quality and type. Keep in mind that what is considered "good" may vary between an older and a modern building. There are no estimates for repair costs reported, as these depend on your service provider and chosen action:

GOOD	The feature is generally in good condition and does not require major repairs. Minor imperfections in the finish or structure may be present. For elements like windows and doors, the observation refers to a visual inspection only, focusing on substantial defects affecting the property, not operational issues.
FAIR	The feature is functional but has deteriorated and would benefit from cosmetic or remedial repair work.
POOR	The feature in the inspector's opinion, requires remedial action. Repairs or replacement are considered necessary rather than discretionary.
NO SIGNIFICANT	This condition is applied when no significant structural or functional defects are observed.
DEFECTS	Minor issues may be present, and any remedial action is discretionary.
DEFECTS HAVE	This condition is applied where the inspector has identified defects that require remedial
BEEN IDENTIFIED	action or investigation considered necessary rather than discretionary.









BUILDING & TIMBER PEST REPORT

IMPORTANT NOTE

Your inspector has conducted a comprehensive visual site assessment following Australian Standards for the Building Report and Timber Pest Report. Whilst the reports are considered separate, we've organised all the data for each area into a single table for your convenience. For example, when commenting on fences, you'll find information on both building maintenance and pest considerations in the one table. Where suspected water leakage, termite activity, active or latent, or building defects have been identified in this report, we strongly suggest further investigation. The reader must refer to the comprehensive Warranty & Use and Scope & Limitations contained in this report as it contains important advice for intending purchasers and for the owner of this building. A proactive approach to building maintenance and timber pest management is essential to the upkeep of the property.

INTERIOR

Entrance	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good

Bedroom One	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good

Bedroom Two	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	fair to goodthere are imperfections to the wall lining from a previous installation
doors and windows internal	good

Bedroom Three	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good

Bedroom Four	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	fair to goodthere are imperfections to the wall lining from a previous installation
doors and windows internal	good



Ensuite	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good
vanity/hand basin	 fair to good the vanity has marks and signs of wear commensurate with its age the vanity has been mildly affected by water penetration the vanity doors require adjustment
shower screen	good
toilet suite	good
ventilation	 ventilation is provided by a ceiling mounted exhaust fan
water leakage	no water leakage detected in accessible areas
wall tiles	good
floor tiles	fair to good • the floor tile grouting requires repairs in some areas
fit-out	good
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good

Bathroom	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	 fair to good the door architrave adjacent to the shower has been mildly affected by water penetration, moisture meter readings were normal at the time of inspection
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good
vanity/hand basin	 fair to good there are water stains visible underneath the sink to the vanity backing. We are unable to determine if there is any ongoing water leakages, however, the area was dry at the time of inspection the vanity has deteriorated due to prolonged exposure to water and humidity
shower screen	good
bath	good
ventilation	 ventilation is provided by a ceiling mounted exhaust fan
water leakage	 no water leakage detected in accessible areas
wall tiles	good
floor tiles	good
fit-out	good
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good



Toilet	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	 fair to good there are visible repairs to the wall lining. This was considered to be of cosmetic significance only. Further repairs are discretionary
doors and windows internal	good
toilet suite	good
water leakage	 no water leakage detected in accessible areas
ventilation	there is no mechanical ventilation
floor tiles	fair to good • replacement of the seal at the intersection between the wall and floor tiles is recommended
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good

Laundry	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	fair to good • there are water stains to the wall lining under the laundry tub, electronic moisture meter testing and our visual inspection did not identify any current water leakage at the time, therefore it is not possible to determine when the leakage occurred, and under what circumstances, or to eliminate the possibility of further leakage in the future. We recommend monitoring changes and consulting a suitably qualified expert if required
doors and windows internal	good
laundry tub	good
water leakage	 no water leakage detected in accessible areas
ventilation	there is no mechanical ventilation
wall tiles	good
floor tiles	 fair to good replacement of the seal at the intersection between the wall and floor tiles is recommended there are cracked floor tiles in some areas
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good



Kitchen, Family and Dining Area	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	 fair to good there are visible repairs to the wall lining. This was considered to be of cosmetic significance only. Further repairs are discretionary
doors and windows internal	good
sink	good
splashback	good
ventilation	 ventilation is provided by an externally ducted range hood
hardware, fixtures and fittings	good
kitchen fit-out	 fair to good the kitchen fit-out is in functional condition with normal wear and tear evident there are some chips and marks in the bench tops
floor tiles	fair to good • there are some chipped floor tiles

Living Room	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good

Hallway	
ceilings and cornices	good
architraves and skirting boards	good
walls	good
doors and windows internal	good

Interior/Main Dwelling	
termites - interior	 no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection
wood decay - interior	 no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection
borers - interior	 no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection



Roof Cavity	
insulation	 the roof cavity has been insulated with fibreglass batts and loose-fill insulation. PLEASE NOTE: We are not licensed to inspect for asbestos and the loose-fill insulation has not been tested. However, we are of the opinion that the loose-fill insulation is not friable asbestos For more information: visit residentialreports.com.au and click on 'resource library'.
sarking	 no sarking has been installed in the roof cavity For more information: visit residentialreports.com.au, click on 'resource library' and refer to the publication - Sarking
roof construction	timber truss construction
termites - roof void	 no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection
wood decay - roof void	 no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection
borers - roof void	 no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection





Inspection Items	
roof exterior	no significant defects
gutters and downpipes	no significant defects
eaves, fascia and barge ends	 no significant defects separation of the mitred corners was identified in some areas, we recommend repairs or sealing of these gaps to prevent deterioration
wall construction exterior	no significant defects • brick veneer construction. For more information: visit residentialreports.com.au, click on 'resource library' and refer to the publication - Brick Veneer Walls
doors and windows external	no significant defects
floor construction	 defects have been identified timber bearers and joists with construction particle board flooring there is no evidence that the floor has any significant defects, floor coverings prohibit a visual inspection so it is possible that some minor defects may be concealed there are some squeaky floor boards. Squeaky floor boards are not generally structurally significant and in this instance we have no concerns regarding structural integrity water stains were observed to the underside of the bathroom, ensuite, laundry and kitchen areas from the subfloor. It is not possible to determine when the stains occurred, however, no leakage or elevated moisture levels were detected at the time of our inspection
driveway	defects have been identified there is significant cracking in the driveway
paths and paving	no significant defects • the condition of the paving is commensurate with the age of the development, typically over time the paving will develop cracks and undulations often as a result of tree root intrusion or the subsidence of the sub soil
steps and stairs external	 no significant defects timber decay was observed in timber stringers located to the laundry deck damage in the area/s noted appears to be slight
retaining walls	defects have been identified • there is a loose masonry capping tile to the retaining walls
grounds	no significant defects
fences and gates	 no significant defects impact damage was evident to some areas of the metal fencing, repair considered discretionary



Subfloor	
subfloor access and general	 our inspection was restricted by low clearances and ductwork
subfloor drainage & ventilation	 efflorescence is present on the wall surface, efflorescence occurs when excess salts within the masonry are leached to the surface due to water transfer. It is typically seen as white salt deposits on the surfaces of concrete pavement or mortar between bricks or tiles. Efflorescence is typically only of aesthetic concern and does not pose any structural threat to the concrete or mortar generally the sub floor was dry, however, there was some surface moisture present at the time of our inspection. Moisture levels should be monitored to determine if this is an ongoing condition. Remedial action should include a review of surface and sub-surface drainage, garden bed location, garden watering and run-off from hard surfaces to ensure that moisture is directed away from the sub-floor. Elevated humidity levels contribute to creating an environment that is conducive to timber pest infestation. Additionally, saturated footings can create conditions that may compromise their structural integrity
termites - subfloor	 no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection
wood decay - subfloor	 evidence of wood decay fungi (wood rot) was found in, but not necessarily limited to, the areas noted below; some joists below the bathroom area damage in the area/s noted appears to be moderate
borers - subfloor	 no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection

Patio under Shade Sail	
patio construction	 fair to good concrete slab there is cracking to the concrete slab in some areas, however this was not considered structurally significant at the time of inspection
drainage	good • grated floor waste - ensure this is not obstructed

Porch	
patio construction	good • concrete slab
balustrades and handrails	good
drainage	 good drainage appears to be directed away from the dwelling, however this was not tested at the time of inspection



Garage	
description	the double garage is under the roof line
roof exterior	good • concrete tile roof covering
gutters and downpipes	good
wall construction exterior	good • brick construction
floor construction	 fair to good concrete slab construction there are cracks in the concrete slab, however, we are of the opinion they are not structurally significant. Cracks need to be monitored over time to determine if any remedial action is required
doors	good • two roller doors have been fitted
walls	good
ceilings and cornices	good
doors and windows internal	good
termites - garage	 no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection
wood decay - garage	 no evidence of wood decay (rot) fungi damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of inspection
borers - garage	 no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection

Deck off Laundry	
decking timbers	good
deck support posts	 fair decking support posts are are covered at ground level, therefore we cannot guarantee that timber decay is not impacting the timber which may lead to structural instability
hand railing/balustrade	fair to poor • deck handrailings require some repairs
structural integrity	fair to good • the structure requires repairs to maintain structural integrity
termites - deck	 no active termites and/or termite damage or workings were observed in the areas accessible at the time of inspection
wood decay - deck	 evidence of wood decay fungi (wood rot) was found was found in, but not necessarily limited to, the areas noted below; sections of the balustrades and handrails and support posts damage in the area/s noted appears to be slight
borers - deck	 no evidence of borer damage was sighted in areas accessible at the time of the inspection



TIMBER PEST - OVERVIEW & RECOMMENDATIONS

Overall risk - pest	considering all of the relevant factors, it is our opinion that the overall degree of risk of
	timber pest infestation to the property is MODERATE to HIGH - we strongly recommend that regular inspections are undertaken
Evidence of timber pests	 no evidence of active subterranean termites (live species) was found at the time of our inspection
	 evidence of wood decay fungi (wood rot) was found exterior to the building at the time of inspection, please read the entire report
Evidence of a termite nest	no, please read the report in full
Evidence of a pest treatment	 we found no evidence of any recent termite treatment or durable notice at the time of inspection
Pest treatment required?	 considering there is no evidence of a pest treatment, we recommend that a regular pest management program in accordance with Australian Standard 3660.1 to prevent subterranean termites from infesting the property be implemented. A proactive approach to Timber Pest Management will offer the highest protection for the building. A management proposal can be obtained by contacting our office on 6288 0402, or please contact your regular inspector.
We recommend pest inspections are conducted every:	6 to 12 months
Drainage and ventilation	 whilst we are not plumbers, our inspection indicates that the subfloor drainage and ventilation is generally fair, inadequate drainage can lead to an environment conducive to timber pests, and improvement options such as vent airflow should be considered
Mould	 mould was not observed at time of inspection Mould on walls and ceilings etc; is an indicator of high moisture or very poor ventilation. If reported you should commission further investigation by a builder or an Industry Hygienist as its presence may indicate a water leak, wood decay or termites behind the wall or ceiling sheeting.
Weep holes	Were the weep holes clear allowing the free flow of air?
	• not applicable, suspended timber floor construction Weep holes are small openings that allow water to drain from within an assembly. Weeps are located at the bottom of the building to allow for drainage. It is important that soil, lawn, concrete paths or pavers do not cover the weep holes. Sometimes they have been covered during the rendering of the brick work. They should be clean and free flowing. Covering the weep holes in part or in whole may allow undetected termite entry.
Slab edge exposure	Is the slab edge exposed?
	• not applicable, suspended timber floor construction Where external concrete slab edges are not exposed there is a high risk of concealed termite entry. In some buildings built since July 1995 the edge of the slab forms part of the termite shield system. In these buildings an inspection zone of at least 75mm should be maintained to permit detection of termite entry. The concrete edge should not be concealed by render, tiles, cladding, flashings, adjoining structures, paving, soil, turf or landscaping etc. Where this is the case, you should arrange to have the slab edge exposed for inspection. Concealed termite entry may already be taking place but could not be detected at the time of the inspection. This may result in concealed timber damage.



In our opinion the termite shields appear to be: Termite shields (ant caps) cont. adequate Termite Shields should be in good order so termite workings are exposed and visible. This helps stop termites gaining undetected entry. Joins in the shielding should have been soldered or sealed with an approved sealant as per AS 3660 during the installation. Whenever it is observed that the joins in the shielding have not been soldered then the shielding must be reported as inadequate. It may be possible for a builder to repair the shielding. If not, a chemical treated zone may need to be installed to deter termites from gaining concealed access to the building. Missing, damaged or poor shields increase the risk of termite infestation. Other physical shield systems are not visible to inspection and no comment is made on such systems. Units that release water alongside or near to building walls need to be connected to a drain. If Hot water, air conditioning this is not possible then their water outlet needs to be piped several meters away from the and water tanks building, as the resulting wet area is highly conducive to termites. Is there a need for work to be carried out? no - all units appear to be connected to a drain or piped away on the day of inspection General As this property is located in an area where subterranean timber pests are commonly recommendations found we strongly recommend that you have regular inspections carried out no later than every 6 - 12 months (or as specifically recommended above) to ensure that there is no termite activity present in your buildings and structures. Large trees (particularly eucalypt variety) are regular nesting sites for the most common termite species found in our region. Trees on the property have been visually inspected up to a height of 2 metres, where possible and practicable for signs of termite activity. It is however, very difficult and generally impossible to locate a termite nest visually as they are underground and evidence in trees is usually well concealed. Drilling and testing of large trees is recommended to determine if they are harbouring a termite nest. There is some moisture on the ground around the perimeter of the subfloor. This is due to the outside ground level being higher than the ground level in the subfloor and allowing water runoff to run into the subfloor, moisture on the ground in the subfloor

It should be noted that if the risk factor specified in this report is considered to be high it is encouraging awareness that increased vigilance is warranted. Any recommendations regarding reducing conditions that are conducive to timber pests or frequency of inspections must be observed. If termite activity, active or latent, has been identified in this report, we strongly suggest an invasive inspection is carried out. To safeguard against potential timber pest attack, we recommend that a full inspection be undertaken every 6-12 months at a minimum or as specifically recommended above. We strongly encourage the property owner to consider implementing a Timber Pest Preventative Management Plan, which includes periodic Termite Inspections. A proactive approach will help ensure the ongoing protection of the property. Please call our office on 6288 0402 for advice and information or to arrange a customised schedule for this building or contact your regular inspector.

increases the likelihood of termite attack.





COMPLIANCE REPORT

Plan No. (if applicable)	Description	Date of COU Approvals (Certificate of Occupancy)	Comments
84327/A	residence	10/12/1993	
	front retaining wall		 approval is required as the structure exceeds allowable dimensions for exemption and is located forward of the building line over 0.4m in height from ground level
	shade sail posts		approval is requiredposts are within 1.5m if boundary over 0.4m in height

COMPLIANCE REPORT NOTATION

IMPORTANT NOTE - We obtained a Building File from Access Canberra to complete this Compliance Report This report relates to Building and Development approvals only. The building file may contain floor plans, elevations, Certificates of Occupancy & Use, index, survey reports, and drainage plans. Our report is based on examining these documents and conducting a visual inspection, focusing on compliance matters from the provided file. Please be aware that if plan details are unclear or compromised, we are not liable for any omissions or errors. Refer to more details about Compliance in our Scope & Limitations. For information regarding current dimensions and approvals you can visit: planning.act.gov.au/topics/design_build/da_assessment/exempt_work

EASEMENTS - An easement is a section of land registered on your property which gives another party the right to access it for a specific purpose. An example is a section of the property that contains municipal services such as electricity, or drainage infrastructure. If a structure requires approval and is located on an easement the appropriate utility provider is consulted during the certification process and it is they who determine if an application for approval will be supported.

TCCS, PLUMBING & ELECTRICAL APPROVAL - If this report notes structures or alterations that require Transport Canberra & City Services (TCCS), Plumbing or Electrical Approval or cites plumbing and electrical additions and or alterations, please note that approval may have been granted, however, documentation is not provided in the building file. The Environment & Planning Directorate or the owner may have further information.

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL - If this report identifies structures that require Development Approval, information relating to the status of Development Approvals will be shown on the Lease Conveyancing Enquiry provided by the solicitor. This will be included in the Conveyancing Contract for Sale. The status of a pending Development Approval is not contained within the building file we receive. **SWIMMING POOLS & SPAS** - The ACT Government has introduced reforms to home swimming pool safety, with a focus on swimming pool safety barriers. The reforms commence on 1 May 2024, with a four-year transition period. The scheme imposes requirements for information about the safety standard of a regulated swimming pool to be disclosed on the sale of a property. Owners must provide prescribed information including: exemption certificate, compliance certificate, swimming pool disclosure statement, certificate of occupancy for the pool and safety barriers that is not older than 5 years and 'Pool Owners Guidance Material' which outlines the obligations on owners of premises on which a regulated swimming pool is located. If this information is not provided in this report, you must request a copy. For more information on the reforms visit the ACT Government's Planning website. **EXTENSIONS** - Where an extension or addition has been made to a property, it can create a potential gap or discontinuity in the termite barrier system. This gap occurs between the original structure and the new addition. Termite barriers are critical in aiding the prevention of undetected subterranean termites from entering the dwelling, and any interruption in the barrier can compromise its effectiveness. We are unable to report on the existence, condition or continuity of the termite barrier system between the existing dwelling and additions or alterations.



PROPERTY ACCESS

Restricted access caused by stored goods, furnishings, window treatments, floor coverings, security devices, vegetation, duct work, confined spaces, insulation and other impediments will limit the scope of this inspection. Whilst every effort has been made to conduct a comprehensive roof cavity and subfloor inspection there are limitations relative to safe access requirements which include low clearances, the availability of safe walk-ways and work-safe temperatures, which when applicable, will limit the inspection. The roof exterior is inspected when accessible from a 3.6 metre ladder, or from ground level where there are height restrictions. Only structures, fences and/or trees within 30m of the building but within the property boundaries were inspected. No inspection was made, and no report is submitted with respect to inaccessible areas. These include, but may not be limited to, cavity walls, concealed frame timbers, eaves, flat roofs, fully enclosed patios, subfloors, soil concealed by concrete floors, wall linings etc. Where a property is furnished at the time of the inspection the furnishings and stored goods may be concealing evidence of Timber Pest Activity. This evidence may only be revealed when the property is vacated. A further inspection of the vacant property is strongly recommended in this case. Please note where a complete inspection of any area was not possible, timber pest activity and/or damage may exist in these areas. Prior to making any critical decisions, further inspections are strongly recommended to areas where reasonable access is unavailable, obstructed or restricted or a high risk of possible timber pests and /or damage exists.

33 Wellington Street Ngunna	awal
Area	Restrictions
INTERIOR	access during inspection of the interior of the property was restricted by: - furniture and stored goods including in cupboards and under sink units - window treatments and floor coverings
SUBFLOOR	access in the subfloor was restricted by: - low clearances - duct work - plumbing/pipe installation
ROOF CAVITY	our inspection of the roof cavity was restricted by: - low clearances - insulation covering the ceiling framing - inspection around the eaves was restricted due to low pitch and clearances
ROOF EXTERIOR	roof exterior: - safety harness anchors and edge restraints were not available. Work Health and Safety regulations required a top of ladder inspection
GROUNDS & EXTERNAL STRUCTURES	access to the inspection of grounds/external structures was restricted by: - vegetation restricted visual inspection to some areas - under the deck was restricted due to low construction

WARRANTY & USE OF OUR REPORTS

This report is intended to be read in its entirety. The report is written solely for the use and benefit of:

The Client named in this report

The Purchaser of the property

No liability or responsibility in contract or tort or statute is accepted to any Other Party who may rely on the report wholly or in part. Any Other Party acting or relying on this report, wholly or in part, does so at their own risk. Additionally, no liability or responsibility will be accepted if the invoice for this report is not paid on or before settlement of the sale contract or within one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date of inspection.

No liability shall be accepted on account of failure of the report to notify any termite activity and/ or damage present at or prior to the date of the report in any areas of the subject property physically inaccessible, or to which access for inspection is denied by or to the Inspector including but not limited to any areas so specified by the Report. Furthermore, we do not assume liability for any omissions, errors, or inaccuracies in documents provided by external agencies, the client, or their representative. The report is only an opinion of Residential Reports and is valid for one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date of inspection as per the Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Act. No liability will be accepted or claims considered after the expiration of this period of liability.



Before the property exchange, you will have the opportunity to attend a pre-settlement inspection to conduct your due diligence. Carefully consider the building's age and its impact on elements like windows, doors, and cupboards. Our inspectors do not assess ongoing maintenance, and as such you or your representative should personally appraise relevant building elements. If it is claimed that there is an omission relating to this report, Residential Reports must be notified in writing before any action is taken. No liability shall be accepted where any costs (including for remedial action or professional advice) are incurred by the claimant prior to Residential Reports receiving written notification along with evidence of the defect or omission, being given a reasonable opportunity to re-inspect the property, obtain professional advice and propose a resolution or arrange for rectification work to be undertaken. Unless costs are specified and agreed to in writing, no liability will be accepted. No liability shall be accepted for any costs incurred in excess of the reasonable costs required to rectify the defect or omission claimed. This report supersedes any other report, verbal or written, given to you by this company in respect of this property. If you have questions or do not understand any part of this document and require clarification, please contact us prior to acting on this report. Copyright remains with Residential Reports, the report content, style and presentation is not to be copied or reproduced without written authority of the Company.

SCOPE & LIMITATIONS OF OUR INSPECTION

This report has been prepared as a result of a largely VISUAL INSPECTION ONLY with limited operational testing conducted as required by Australian Standard AS 4349.0-2007 Inspection of Buildings (General requirements), AS 4349.1-2007 Inspection of Buildings (Prepurchase inspections - Residential Buildings) and AS 4349.3 - 2010 Inspection of Buildings Part 3: Timber Pest Inspections. It is limited to the condition of those areas of the property that were fully accessible (see Safety and Reasonable Access) and visible to the inspector at the time of inspection. In the case of a Strata type property, our inspector only undertakes an examination of the interior of the unit. You must read the entire report and Scope & Limitations sections before reaching any conclusions regarding our opinion of the property's condition. Any person relying on this report acknowledges the following clauses, which define the Scope and Limitations of the inspection and form an integral part of the report.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

This report is valid on the date of inspection. Responsibility is not accepted for any matter that is not evident, or, for any deterioration of the property that occurs after the date of the inspection. The inspection is a visual assessment only.

The operation/working condition of limited features may have been commented on during the course of our inspection. Operational testing is limited, where testing occurs and a defect is identified, this defect may be noted in the Report if it is a major defect and may be investigated further to provide more detail. However, this does not impose on the inspector any further obligation to test each same item, nor does it impose an obligation to make note if in the inspector's reasonable view, the defect is not a major defect. There is no guarantee



that items referenced will operate as intended at a later date. Prior to purchase, the purchaser must conduct their own due diligence most particularly where defects have been documented in this report so that they are able to quantify the extent and cost of required remedial action. The Purchaser acknowledges that they should not solely rely on this Report as to the exact condition of the property and that they should obtain independent advice from a qualified technician relative to required remedial actions.

Concealed areas are not reported on. Concealed defects may include, but are not limited to:

- · Breakage, blockage or interference with concealed pipes, concealed window and door mechanisms
- Defective service installations
- · Any part of the structure which is underground or concealed e.g. footings, wall and ceiling framing, concealed floor structures
- Areas concealed by furnishings, fixtures and fittings or stored goods, low clearances or where safe access is not possible.

Responsibility is not accepted for defects which are latent or otherwise not reasonably detected in a visual inspection without interference with, removal or breaking apart of any of the structure including fixtures, fittings, furniture, insulation or stored items within and around the building. The inspector notes that some defects may be concealed, obstructed and/or inaccessible at the time of the inspection. The reader should be aware that various features of the property such as large and heavy furniture, as well as electrical goods including washing machines and fridges may obstruct the view of the inspector and/or make possible defects inaccessible such that their visibility to the inspector is limited and they may not be identified. The Purchaser acknowledges that Residential Reports will not accept any liability for concealed, obstructed and/or inaccessible defects that the inspector does not identify.



EXCLUSION OF ITEMS FROM INSPECTION

AS 4349.1 – 2007 excludes reporting of the following items: Footings below ground, concealed damp-proof course, electrical installations, operation of smoke detectors, light switches and fittings, TV, sound and communications and security systems, concealed plumbing, adequacy of roof drainage as installed, gas fittings and fixtures, air-conditioning. automatic garage door mechanisms, swimming pools and associated filtration and similar equipment, the operation of fireplaces and solid fuel heaters, including chimneys and flues, alarm systems, intercom systems, soft floor coverings, electrical appliances including dishwashers, incinerators, ovens, ducted vacuum systems, paint coatings, except external protective coatings, health hazards (e.g., allergies, soil toxicity, lead content, radon, presence of asbestos or urea formaldehyde), timber and metal framing sizes and adequacy, concealed tie-downs and bracing, timber pest activity, other mechanical or electrical equipment (such as gates, inclinators, soil conditions, control joints, sustainable development provisions, concealed framing-timbers or any areas concealed by wall linings/sidings, landscaping, rubbish, floor covers, furniture and accessories, stored items, insulation, environmental matters (e.g., BASIX, water tanks, BCA Environmental Provisions), energy efficiency, lighting efficiency.

WHAT THE INSPECTOR EXAMINES TO PREPARE A PROPERTY REPORT...

..AND IMPORTANT NOTES ABOUT THESE AREAS

The following outlines aspects of the property that can be examined through visual inspection, derived from the Australian Standard AS4349.1–2007. Comments are generally provided only if significant issues are found. The inspector didn't move or remove any coverings or furnishings, which could hide defects. Damage to concealed structures or pest activity may not be visible due to foliage or other obstructions. This report is a guide for potential buyers and should complement your own inspection and due diligence. Some aspects are subjective, so consider factors like presentation, past maintenance, and construction age when forming opinions.

DOORS & DOOR FRAMES - Defective hardware - significant, rotting/corroded frames, loose/badly fitting doors, damage.

EXTERNAL ROOF COVERING, FASCIAS, GUTTERS & DOWNPIPES - Tiles/slates, sheet roofing, flashing, skylights, vents, downpipes, valleys, guttering, eaves, fascia boards, barge ends. Roof waterproof integrity and roof drainage is not tested during our inspection therefore it is not possible to determine the effectiveness of the roof cover and drainage system under all conditions. It is important to note that a visual inspection of the roof covering may not identify roof leakages. Roof design can have a significant impact on roof drainage. Low pitched construction can, in adverse weather conditions lead to flooding of the roof cover. Effective roof drainage is absolutely critical for a flat framed or low pitch roof. Flooding of the roof cover can result in water ingress within the building envelope. Roof drainage and the stormwater systems are not tested at the inspection. Inadequate, blocked or non-existent stormwater drains are often accountable for problems relating to roof drainage. Repainting of timber can mask the existence of timber rot. We cannot guarantee that all timbers are sound. A visual inspection may not, in some circumstances, detect roofing timbers affected by rot.



EXTERNAL WALLS & NON-STRUCTURAL RETAINING WALLS - Bricks, mortar, render, cracking/movement, dampness, visible flashing, weep holes, joint sealants, perpends, decay. Settlement cracks, if present, need to be monitored over a period of time to determine if an ongoing structural problem exists. If any reference has been made in this report to cracking, settlement and or movement, it should be noted that we are not experts in this area and further advice, if considered necessary, should be obtained from a Structural Engineer.

FENCES & GATES - Palings/panels, rails, posts, sagging, timber decay (rot).

FLOORS - TIMBER: Springy or squeaky boards/sheeting, timber decay (rot), out of level - significant, undulations - significant, dampness/water damage; CONCRETE: cracking, out of level - significant; HARD FLOORING: cracking, loose or drummy units, dampness/water damage

INTERNAL ROOF SPACE - Framing, insulation, sarking, party walls (if applicable). Sarking is a foil insulation/vapour barrier. Used in conjunction with bulk insulation, sarking provides an ideal insulation system for the control of heat and condensation. Sarking can only be installed during construction.

KITCHEN - Fit out, sealants, ventilation, taps, leakage, sink, drummy/cracked/missing tiles, grout defects. This report does not cover any matters relating to the operation of electrical or gas appliances. Any comments made in this regard are from a general observation only.

PAINTWORK - The condition of painted surfaces is often a subjective matter. Areas that appear to be acceptable when furnished may not always be considered so when devoid of obstructions. Paint work is normally not considered in Property Inspections. To prevent wood decay of timber surfaces and deterioration of metal components, the condition of these surfaces should be monitored, and repainting carried out regularly. Corrosion of any metal roof sheeting should be repaired, treated and painted to avoid water leakages. Painted surfaces can mask areas where timber has deteriorated. Our visual inspection may not detect instances where this has occurred. The opinions provided here are of a general nature only, given that there can be significant differences in the condition of painted surfaces in each area of the property. The reader of this report is urged to conduct their own detailed inspection before reaching a conclusion regarding the acceptability of painted surfaces

PATHS, PAVING & DRIVEWAY - Cracking, movement, uplifting, sinking, alignment, roof penetration.

SPECIAL PURPOSE REPORTS - Improvements such as swimming pools and spas are subject to a Special Purpose Report and are not included in our inspection and reports. We recommend that a qualified technician be engaged to report on these items and to advise on current regulations relating to safety fencing and equipment.

STAIRCASES - Stringers, handrails, balustrades, newel posts, treads (goings), risers

SUB FLOOR -Dampness, debris, drainage, ventilation, cracked or leaking pipes; TIMBER CONSTRUCTION: bearers & joists, framing, piers/stumps; SUSPENDED CONCRETE FLOOR CONSTRUCTION: concrete condition, cracking. If moisture is noted, it is recommended that the sub-floor area be monitored to ensure that surface and sub-surface moisture ingress is not an ongoing issue. If the area remains damp, consideration should be given to upgrading subterranean and surface drainage systems to ensure that moisture is directed away from the building foundations and the sub-floor area is kept dry. A qualified drainage expert should be consulted with regard to drainage issues.

Foundation problems are caused by reactive soil types and trees and gardens being planted too close to the building. Generally, clay soils which are common in the ACT, are reactive soils. Large trees use vast amounts of water and can quickly draw moisture out of the ground during dry periods, this results in destabilised moisture content of the soils around the building and ultimately may cause a foundation problem. Over watering gardens close to the building may have the opposite effect, especially with clay soil. Over watering increases the moisture content of the soil which can result in "heaving" of the foundations adjacent to the garden. When watering close to the building you should avoid 'pooling' of water in a particular area, as this also affects the moisture content of the soil which in turn can cause damage to footings and foundations. Too much or too little water near the perimeter of the building may cause serious problems with foundations and footings and damage can cause major structural problems, resulting in costly repairs.

HINTS FOR AVOIDING PROBLEMS AND COSTLY REPAIRS:

- Water gardens evenly close to the building and do not over water
- Ensure the ground is graded away from the walls of the building and that the property has adequate drainage
- Promptly repair broken downpipes, leaking taps, sewerage pipes and other water services
- Hot water system overflows should be directed away from the area immediately adjacent to the foundations and the services maintained to ensure excessive leakage does not occur
- · Garden beds should not be located against the house



TIMBER PESTS - Our visual inspection is undertaken to identify the following timber pests: Subterranean termites, Borers, Timber decay (rot) fungi. Where applicable and where there is reasonable access, the following areas are examined: interior and exterior of structures, roof cavity, subfloor, garage or carport, garden and storage sheds/outbuildings, retaining walls and garden borders, pergolas and decks, structures, fences and trees within 30m of the building within the boundaries of the property. Water leaks: especially in the subfloor or against external walls e.g. leaking taps, roofs or down pipes, increases the likelihood of termite attack. Leaking showers or leaks from other 'wet areas' also increase the likelihood of concealed timber pest attack. Where evidence of termite activity was found in the grounds then the risk to buildings is very high. A treatment to eradicate the termites and to protect the building(s) should be immediately carried out. Where the evidence of termite workings (including dormant mud leads) was found in the grounds or the building(s) then the risk of a further attack is very high. If live termites or any evidence of termite workings or damage was reported within the building(s) or in the grounds and fences then it must be assumed that there may be concealed termite activity and/or timber damage. This concealed activity or damage may only be found when alterations are carried out such as when wall linings, cladding or insulation are removed or if you arrange for an invasive inspection. In situations where visual evidence of termite activity or damage is reported, but no live termites were observed during the inspection, it's important to recognise that termites might still be active in the immediate vicinity, potentially causing further damage. Determining whether the infestation is active or inactive requires multiple inspections over time, as various factors, such as prior disturbances, climatic conditions, or the termites finding an alternative food source, can influence their presence during a single inspection. To safeguard against potential termite-related issues, we recommend continued, regular inspections. An invasive inspection is also an option for a more comprehensive assessment. We strongly encourage the property owner to consider implementing a Timber Pest Preventative Management Plan, which includes periodic Termite Inspections. This proactive approach will help ensure the ongoing protection of the property against potential termite threats. Please call our office on 6288 0402 for information and to arrange a customised schedule for this building or contact your regular inspector.

WALL CONSTRUCTION - Distortion (significant), nail popping, defective lining, dampness/water damage, cracking, defective or damaged plaster/render. Settlement cracks, if present, need to be monitored over a period of time to determine if an ongoing structural problem exists. If any reference has been made in this report to cracking, settlement and/or movement, it should be noted that we are not experts in this area and further advice should be obtained from a Structural Engineer.

WATERPROOFING - A VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE AREA CANNOT PROVIDE CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE THAT THE AREA IS WATERPROOF.

Compliance with Australian Standard AS 370-2004 Waterproofing of Wet Areas is critical to meeting waterproofing requirements. Should conclusive evidence be required regarding the integrity of waterproofing of wet areas, in particular shower areas, we recommend that a qualified technician be engaged to complete a comprehensive test to include:

- Capping the shower rose and leaving the water reticulation system under pressure and then checking for evidence of water leakage
 around tap spindles etc. (the sound of escaping air when the shower rose cap is removed indicates a watertight system). The technician
 may be engaged to complete a comprehensive pressure test of the entire water reticulation system.
- Plugging the floor drain of the shower cubicle and filling the base with water to the maximum level. Allowing the water to remain in the
 base for an extended period and checking that the level has not dropped. If the water has diminished it is most likely that the
 waterproofing system has failed.

WET AREAS - Fixtures and fittings, ventilation, cistern/pan, taps, basins, tubs, leakage, sealants, drummy/cracked/missing tiles, grout defects, vanity, shower leakage, broken/cracked glass. If a wet area was not in service prior to and or at the time of inspection and no elevated moisture readings were recorded, or there was no visible evidence of current water leakage, then it is possible that an existing water leak will remain undetected.

WINDOWS - Putty/glazing sealant, broken glass, rotting frames (timber), corrosion (metal), sills, fittings/hardware, damage. In most cases access to windows is restricted by window treatments, furniture or security locks. Older style timber windows can sometimes bind with the frame. This is viewed as a general maintenance issue. Sash windows sometimes require maintenance to the window balance mechanism or sash cords. A visual inspection cannot provide a guarantee that windows will operate smoothly. Sometimes window runners, sashes and balance mechanisms will require maintenance or replacement.





SAFETY & REASONABLE ACCESS

Australian Standard 4349.1 – 2007 3.2.2 The extent of accessible areas shall be determined by the inspector at the time of inspection, based on the conditions encountered at the time of inspection. The inspector shall also determine whether sufficient space is available to allow safe access. The inspection shall include only accessible areas and areas that are within the inspector's line of sight and close enough to enable reasonable appraisal. The Australian Standard 4349.3 defines reasonable access as "areas where safe, unobstructed access is provided and the minimum clearances are available; or, where these clearances are not available, areas within the consultant's unobstructed line of sight and within arm's length. NOTE: Reasonable access does not include removing screws and bolts to access covers." Reasonable access is determined in accordance with the provisions of the following WHS requirements;

Area	Access Manhole MM	Crawl Space MM	Height
Subfloor	500 x 400	VERTICAL CLEARANCE - Timber Floor: 400* Concrete Floor: 500	Height
Roof Interior	400 x 500	600 x 600	Accessible from a 3.6 m ladder
Roof Exterior			Accessible from a 3.6 m ladder

^{*} To underside of bearer, joist or other obstruction to access.

ROOF COVER INSPECTION

Work Health and Safety requirements determine that an inspector accessing a roof cover must be protected by harnessed safety lines and or edge protection. These safety measures are not practical during a presale inspection, therefore, this report is restricted to a "top-of-ladder" inspection. This report is not a guarantee that defects and/or damage do not exist in any part of the property not specifically seen and described by the inspector. This report is not a warranty against problems that may develop in the future.

CEILING CAVITY INSPECTION

Work Health and Safety requirements determine that an inspector entering a ceiling cavity or similar space must have direct access to properly constructed walkways (sometimes referred to as catwalks) to eliminate the possibility of falling through the ceiling lining to the floor below, a fall that could result in serious injury. Generally, walkways are limited in a ceiling cavity so invariably sections of the roof structure will be inspected from a distance with the inherent limitations associated with limited access and often an impaired line-of-sight. Safety requirements prevent the inspector from traversing a ceiling cavity where safety elements are not available This report is not a guarantee that defects and/or damage do not exist in in inaccessible areas.

WORK HEALTH & SAFETY ACT 2011

A non-residential building and the common property of some group residential buildings will fall within the definition of a workplace for the purposes of the Work Health and Safety Act 2011, The owners of workplaces must ensure that:

- Premises are safe and without risk
- · Plant and substances are used without risk
- Workers are trained in WHS, are aware of their obligations and do, in fact, act in a safe manner

A pre-purchase building inspection may identify some safety issues in the common area but it is not an audit conducted for that specific purpose. It is essential that every Owners' Corporation or Company consult an appropriately qualified specialist to ensure it meets its legislative obligations.

SAFE WORKING TEMPERATURES FOR THE INSPECTOR

When the temperature of a workspace (for example a ceiling cavity) exceeds the level considered to be safe according to WHS guidelines, the inspector will complete a risk assessment and the inspection will be limited accordingly. In the event that the inspector determines that the temperature exceeds safe working limits, generally, the inspection will be limited to the area immediately adjacent to the access for inspection.

PROPERTY REPORT

This report does not and cannot make comment upon: defects which may have been concealed; the assessment or detection of defects (including rising damp or leaks) which may be subject to the prevailing weather conditions; whether or not services have been used for some time prior to the inspection and whether this will affect the detection of leaks or other defects; the presence or absence of timber pests; gas fittings; environmental concerns; the proximity of the property to flight paths, railways, or busy traffic; noise levels; health and safety issues; heritage concerns; security concerns, fire protection; site drainage (apart from surface water drainage). The operation of swimming pools and spas; detection and identification of unapproved building work; detection and identification of illegal or inadequate plumbing or electrical work: durability of exposed finishes; neighbourhood problems; document analysis; any matters solely regulated by statute; any area or item that could not be inspected by the inspector. Unless otherwise specified, no examination has been made of any documentation of any type. We have not referred to statutory authority records nor have we examined any survey or water and sewerage service diagram, or any other document prepared by any statutory authority or other party. Stock images in the report are for presentation purposes only and are not images of the subject property.



PURPOSE OF THE REPORT - The purpose of this report is to identify major defects in the building, decks, pergolas, garages and other similar significant improvements insofar as a property inspector can reasonably identify those defects. Structures, not limited to but including, garden sheds, play equipment, garden trellis', swimming pools and spas are not inspected or included in this report. A Special Purpose Report may be commissioned for these types of improvements. This report contains numerous observations but is not intended to list every defect. Defects are common to all structures and generally are commensurate with the age of the construction and use. Ongoing maintenance, upgrading or replacement requirements, cosmetic works and minor defects or faults are subjective and have not been included.

CONCEALED SURFACES - The inspection did not include breaking apart, dismantling, removing or moving objects, including but not limited to foliage, mouldings, roof insulation or sisalation, floor or wall coverings, sidings, ceilings, floors, furnishings, equipment, appliances, or personal possessions. The inspector cannot see inside walls, between floors, inside skillion roofing, behind stored goods or any other areas that are concealed or obstructed. The inspector did not dig, gouge, force or perform any other invasive procedures. Visible timbers have not been destructively probed or hit. In an occupied property, furnishings or household items may be concealing defects. Some defects may only be visible once furniture and other items have been removed from a property or when alterations are carried out. Built-in cupboards are usually filled with personal items and clothing. Some exterior surfaces may be obscured due to overgrown vegetation. Therefore, we cannot comment on the condition of the surfaces obscured or concealed by these or other items.

WATER PENETRATION & ROOF DRAINAGE - Some water penetration problems and/or dampness within a building do not become apparent and may not be detected unless there has been recent heavy rain or prolonged periods of rain. If moisture has been identified by the inspector using electronic testing equipment, then it will be noted in the report. Roof drainage is not tested. Therefore, no guarantee is given or implied that the roof will remain weatherproof in all weather conditions. If there is reference in the report to water stains within the interior of the property this may be evidence that the roof and or drainage system has previously leaked. We recommend that you contact a suitably qualified roofing expert to discuss the probability of ongoing water leakages in the building. Particularly with respect to older properties and where the roof has a low pitch, engaging the services of qualified roof plumber to provide an expert opinion should be considered. The very best roof drainage systems can fail in extreme weather conditions sometimes impacted by conditions not related to the property under review. (Blocked or impaired stormwater drains for example).

FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT & ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS - These are not covered by this report and these matters should be checked with the statutory authority. Any fire protection equipment has not been tested, e.g. smoke detectors etc.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS & CONTAMINATION - Our inspection and report does not cover any hazardous materials or prior use of the land and building or any chemicals applied to land and buildings, which may have caused contamination.

RETAINING WALLS & STRUCTURAL COLUMNS - We are not engineers. Comment in respect of large and/or structural retaining walls and columns are beyond the scope of this report. It is not possible to determine from a visual inspection whether a retaining wall or column has been built in accordance with sound engineering principles and, even if it has, whether it is or will remain sound. An engineer should be consulted in any case where there are large, or structural, retaining walls, columns or similar building elements.

INTERNAL WALLS & CEILINGS – Movement cracking in ceiling and wall linings are common to most structures particularly older developments. Mostly they are cosmetic and generally have no structural implications. Reparation is usually undertaken during routine maintenance. Undulations in ceiling linings are often associated with older structures and are a result of the deterioration of the adhesive used to fix plasterboard to the ceiling battens. Typically, this is a cosmetic defect, however, in some circumstances the plasterboard may require refixing to the battens.

CRACKING/SETTLEMENT/MOVEMENT & STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY - Where reference has been made in this report to cracking, settlement, movement or an opinion has been provided on structural integrity, it is important to note that we are not experts in this area and our advice is limited accordingly. If considered necessary, further advice should be obtained from a Structural Engineer before critical decisions are made. Any cracking reported should be monitored for further movement. If further movement is noted, a Structural Engineer should be consulted at the earliest opportunity. Cracking of masonry walls is very common in the ACT, particularly where there are volatile clay soils. There may be some superficial or hairline cracks that we consider have no structural implications which have not been identified.

ELECTRICAL, GAS & OTHER SERVICE INSTALLATIONS - We are not licensed electricians, gas fitters or mechanical engineers. This report does not cover any matters relating to electrical and gas installations or any apparatus operated by electronic, mechanical or hydraulic means. This report does not cover any matters relating to the operation of electrical or gas appliances. Any comments made in this regard are from a general observation only. You should satisfy yourself as to the operation and condition of any appliances or other installations. Any comments made in this regard are from general observation only. There has been no electrical, data, security or fire detection system testing or investigation.

PLUMBING & DRAINAGE - We are not licensed plumbers and a specialist inspection of the water service, plumbing and drainage system including roof drainage is excluded from this report. We recommend an inspection by a licensed plumber and drainer to identify any plumbing faults or drainage problems.

TIMBER PESTS - If this report does not include one, we strongly recommend that an independent inspection and report be obtained from an accredited Pest Inspector to determine whether the property is free from infestation (whether active or dormant).

BOUNDARIES - Unless otherwise stated, the inspector has not gained access to any neighbouring properties and is therefore unable to comment upon the external state of any boundary fences and walls. The common areas of unit developments are not inspected. Any comments made in relation to common areas are strictly observational.



RURAL PROPERTY INSPECTION - This inspection and report relates to the residential structure; rural improvements on the property are not inspected or reported on, any comments contained in this report relative to rural improvements are strictly observational.

AREAS AND DIMENSIONS - Whilst every care has been taken to accurately quantify dimensions referenced in this report, we accept no responsibility for inaccuracies as supplying this information exceeds the requirements of a standard building inspection as per Australian Standard 4349.1-2007. In many instances scale plans are not available and therefore the reader should not rely on this report when making critical decisions relating to dimensions.

ELEVATED STRUCTURES - Where reference has been made in this report to an elevated structure such as a deck balcony or veranda, it is important to note that we are not Structural Engineers and accordingly our advice is limited. Any opinion relating to structural integrity is relative to weight loadings typical of a normal household event. Prior to loading the structure beyond normal, which may occur at a larger gathering, we recommend that professional advice be obtained to determine that the structure will safely cope with the weight loading. Additionally, the structure should be regularly inspected to ensure that structural integrity is maintained.

SPECIAL PURPOSE REPORTS - This Property Report does not contain any assessment or opinion in relation to any item which is the subject of a Special Purpose Property Report, or any matter where the inspection or assessment of which is solely regulated by Statute. Special Purpose Property Reports include comment on the following: common property areas, environmental concerns such as sunlight, privacy, streetscape and views, proximity of property to flight paths, railways and busy traffic or other neighbourhood issues; noise levels; WHS issues including, but not limited to the presence of asbestos, lead or other hazardous materials; heritage concerns; security or fire protection systems; climate control or water heating systems; analysis of site drainage apart from surface water drainage; swimming pools and spas; detection and identification of illegal and unauthorised plumbing work; durability of exposed finishes.

COMPLIANCE REPORT

The information within this report relies on the plans, survey reports, certificates of occupancy and other relevant documents supplied by the Environment & Planning Directorate (EPD), the appropriate local council or Directorate, the client or their agent. Our company or its employees are not responsible for any omissions or errors where incomplete, inaccurate or illegible information is supplied. It is the responsibility of the property owner to resolve any file discrepancies with the relevant authority. Documentation of any plumbing or electrical alterations is not included in the building file. If required, this documentation can be obtained by the title holder from the relevant utilities provider. If the subject property features a second driveway or verge crossing, Transport Canberra & City Services approval may be required. This information is not supplied in the building conveyancing file. If this report confirms that certification is 'pending' for an unapproved structure, it is important that you are aware that this process can take weeks and involve more than one agency including but not limited to the Environment & Planning Directorate, Icon & Transport Canberra & City Services. Whilst it is rare, in some instances throughout the approvals process an application may be rejected. The Compliance Report relies on documentation provided in the Building File. Residential Reports Inspectors are not Building Surveyors. Certifications included in the file are not cross referenced with the Building Code of Australia (BCA) applicable at the time of construction to confirm that the improvements are compliant with the BCA. This is the responsibility of the Building Surveyor prior to issuing a Certificate of Occupancy. No attempt is made in this inspection and reporting process to confirm that the existing improvements on the subject property are in strict accordance with approved plans. There may be variations in design, features and dimensions that conflict with each other. Additionally, there is no quarantee given that improvements are in accordance with the current Building Code of Australia. In most circumstances, there is no requirement to upgrade specifications to the current Building Code.

SWIMMING POOLS & SPAS - The ACT Government has introduced reforms to home swimming pool safety, with a focus on swimming pool safety barriers. The reforms commence on 1 May 2024, with a four-year transition period. The scheme imposes requirements for information about the safety standard of a regulated swimming pool to be disclosed on the sale of a property. Owners must provide prescribed information including: exemption certificate, compliance certificate, swimming pool disclosure statement, certificate of occupancy for the pool and safety barriers that is not older than 5 years and 'Pool Owners Guidance Material' which outlines the obligations on owners of premises on which a regulated swimming pool is located. If this information is not provided in this report, you must request a copy. For more information on the reforms visit the ACT Government's Planning website.

TIMBER PEST REPORT

This report is the result of a VISUAL INSPECTION ONLY. Inspection of the property and this report has been completed with reference to AUSTRALIAN STANDARD AS 4349.3 - 2010 Inspection of buildings Part 3: Timber Pest Inspections. In all instances throughout this report the inspector is referring to accessible areas only. Areas that were not accessible at the time of inspection or were concealed from view are not covered by this report. The inspector does not imply that inaccessible or partly inaccessible areas of the property were not, or have not been, infested by Timber Pests. This Report is not a guarantee that an infestation or future infestation and/or damage does not exist in any inaccessible or partly inaccessible areas of the property. This inspection DID NOT include breaking, removing or moving objects, floor and wall coverings, roof insulation, foliage, furniture, appliances stored goods and personal possessions - these all limit the scope of inspection. The inspector does not have access to the inside of walls, between flooring, inside eaves and skillion roofing. This Report is confined to reporting infestation and/or damage caused by white ants (subterranean and damp wood termites), borers of seasoned timber and timber pests (wood decay fungi), present on the date of the Inspection. The Inspection did not cover any other pests and this Report does not comment on them. Dry wood termites and European House Borer (Hylotrupes bujulus Linnaeus) are excluded from the inspection due to the extreme difficulty in locating the small colonies. Some species of termite and house borers, if discovered, will be reported (by law) to Government Authorities.



TERMITE RECOMMENDATIONS - Where evidence of termite activity or workings was found in any structure then the risk to buildings is very high and the risk of further attack is also high. A treatment to eradicate the termites and to protect the building(s) should be carried out. If live termites or any evidence of termite workings or damage was reported within the building(s) or in the ground and fences then it must be assumed that there may be concealed termite activity and/or timber damage. This concealed activity or damage may only be found when alterations are carried out such as when wall linings, cladding or insulation are removed or if you arrange for an invasive inspection. We claim no expertise in engineering or building. We strongly recommend that you have a qualified person such as a Builder, Engineer, Architect or other qualified expert in the building trade determine the full extent of the damage, if any. This may require an invasive inspection. We take no responsibility for the repair of any damage whether disclosed by this report or not.

Where visual evidence of termite workings and/or damage is reported but no live termites were present at the time of inspection, you must realise that it is possible that termites are still active in the immediate vicinity and the termites may continue to cause further damage. It is not possible, without benefit of further investigation and a number of inspections over a period of time, to ascertain whether any infestation is active or inactive. Active termites may simply have not been present at the time of inspection due to a prior disturbance, climatic conditions, or they may have been utilising an alternative feeding source. Continued, regular, inspections are essential. Unless written evidence of a termite protection program in accord with "Australian Standard 3660" with ongoing inspections is provided, you must arrange for a treatment in accord with the standard to be carried out immediately to reduce the risk of further attack.

Where the evidence of live termite or termite damage or termite workings (mudding) was found in the building (s) then the risk of a further attack is very high. Where evidence of live termites or termite damage or termite workings was found in the grounds but not in the buildings then the risk to buildings is very high.

If evidence of drill holes in concrete or brickwork or other signs of a possible previous treatment is reported then the treatment was most likely carried out because of an active termite attack. Extensive structural damage may exist in concealed areas. You should have an invasive inspection carried out and have a builder determine the full extent of any damage and the estimated cost of repairs as the damage may only be found when wall linings etc are removed. Normally if a termite treatment has been carried out then a durable notice should be located in the meter box indicating the type of termite shield system, treated zone or combination has been installed.

BORER RECOMMENDATIONS - Borer activity is usually determined by the presence of exit holes and/or frass. Since a delay exists between the time of initial infestation and the appearance of these signs, it is possible that some borer activity may exist that is not discernible at the time of inspection. If borers are identified replacement of all susceptible timbers is always preferred since, in the event of selling the property in the future it is probable that an inspector will report the borers as active. A chemical treatment to control and/or protect against Furniture beetle and/or Queensland pine beetle can be considered as a less effective, lower cost option. Before considering this option You should consult with a builder to determine if the timbers are structurally sound. Following the initial treatment, a further inspection is essential in twelve months' time to determine if further treatment is needed. Treatments over a number of consecutive years may be required. The Lyctus brunneus (powder post beetle) is not considered a significant pest of timber. Damage is confined to the sapwood so treatment or timber replacement is not usually required. However, you should have a building expert investigate if any timber replacement is required. Anobium punctatum (furniture beetle) and Calymmaderus incisus (Queensland pine beetle) must always be considered active, unless proof of treatment is provided, because, unless the timber is ground up, one cannot determine conclusively if activity has ceased. Total timber replacement of all susceptible timbers is recommended. A secondary choice is treatment. However, the evidence and damage will remain, and the treatment may need to be carried out each year for up to three years.

HIGH MOISTURE READINGS, DRAINAGE & VENTILATION - High moisture readings can be caused by any one of the following: poor ventilation, ineffective drainage, leaking pipes, leaking roofs, defective flashing or by concealed termite activity. The areas of high moisture should be investigated by way of an invasive inspection. High moisture levels also increase the likelihood of termite attack and may also be conducive to borer activity and wood decay. If high moisture was reported then you must have a building expert investigate the moisture and its cause and determine the full extent of damage and the estimated cost of repairs.

If drainage is considered inadequate, a plumber or other building expert should be consulted, and remedial measures should be taken. Ventilation of the sub-floor region is important in minimising the opportunity for subterranean termites to establish themselves. Consideration should be given to installing high air flow vents and/or improve the cross flow of air within the subfloor to produce ventilation equivalent to 8400 sq mm net ventilation area per lineal metre on external and internal walls.

INFILL AND CONCRETE SLABS - Any building or part of a building that is constructed on a concrete slab is always more susceptible to termite attack because of possible concealed termite entry. A very high proportion of termite attacks are over the edge of both infill and other concrete slab types. If the edge of the slab is concealed by concrete paths, patios, pavers, garden beds, lawns, foliage, etc then it is possible for termites to conceal their entry into the property. Termites can then cause extensive damage to concealed framing timbers. Even the most experienced inspector may be unable to detect their presence due to concealment by wall linings. Only when the termites attack timbers in the roof void, which may in turn be concealed by insulation, can their presence be detected. Infill slab type construction has an even higher risk of concealed termite ingress as the slab edge is concealed due to the construction design and is not exposed. The type of slab may only be determined by assessment of the construction plans by a qualified person such as a Builder, Certifier or Architect. Construction Plans may be obtainable by your conveyancer. Termite activity and or damage may be present in concealed timbers of the building. We strongly recommend frequent regular inspections



in accordance with AS 3660.2. Where the slab edge is not fully exposed, or the slab is an infill slab or the slab type cannot be determined then we strongly recommend inspections every 3 to 6 months in accordance with AS 3660.2. Infill slab: A slab on the ground cast between walls. Other slabs should be in accordance with AS 2870 - 1996 and AS 3660.1-2000.

TIMBER (FUNGAL) DECAY - We claim no expertise in building and if any evidence of fungal decay or damage is reported you should consult a building expert to determine the full extent of damage and the estimated cost of repairs or timber replacement.

DETERMINING EXTENT OF DAMAGE - This Report is NOT a structural damage report. You agree that we are not responsible or liable for the repair of any damage, whether disclosed by our report or not. Our inspectors are not necessarily specialised builders and any inexpert opinion provided with respect to timber damage cannot be relied upon. The Report will not state the full extent of any timber pest damage; rather, we may provide comment on the damage for your information. If evidence of Timber Pest activity and/or damage is reported in the structure(s) or the grounds of the property, then you must assume that there may be further concealed structural damage within the building(s). This concealed damage may only be found when invasive procedures are applied to reveal previously concealed timbers. In the case of Timber Pest activity and/or damage WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND an invasive Timber Pest Inspection is undertaken and a qualified person such as a Builder, Structural Engineer, or Architect be engaged to carry out a structural inspection to determine the full extent of the damage and repairs that may be required.

MOULD - Mould (also referred to as Mildew and non-wood decay fungi) is not considered a Timber Pest. This report does not extensively cover the inspection of Mould. If evidence of mould was observed during the inspection, it may be noted for your information. If you are concerned as to the possible health risk resulting from the presence of mould, then you should seek advice from your local State or Commonwealth Government Health Department expert.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Report reflects the condition of the property existing at the time of the inspection date and may not reflect the current state. Timber Pests, particularly termites, may have gained entry to the property since the inspection date. Termites can, in a relatively short period, cause significant damage to both structural and non-structural timbers within and around the buildings of the property. Termites are difficult to detect and much of the damage caused may not be readily visible, if damage exists, it may be costly to repair. If the Report indicated the presence of termites, termite damage, previous activity or treatments, or recommends a treatment, you should obtain copies of the treatment proposal, any certificates of treatments carried out, details of all repairs including copies of quotations, invoices and any other reports. It is strongly recommended that you arrange for an inspection in accordance with AS 4349.3 to verify that the treatment has been successful and carried out in accordance with AS 3660.2 and arrange for a further building inspection in accordance with AS 4349.1. The person carrying out the inspection and this company will have no liability to you for any damage or loss you may suffer as a result of your entering the contract to purchase the property or in connection with completing the purchase of the property as a result of your failure to heed the advice given in this report and may use such failure in defence of any claim that you may later make against any of them.

Where a property is furnished at the time of inspection, you will appreciate that the furnishings, floor coverings and stored goods may be concealing any evidence of Timber Pest Activity which may only be revealed when the items are moved. Where fences are obscured by foliage, overgrowth or structures, evidence of timber pest activity or damage may be concealed. Poor subfloor drainage increases the likelihood of termite attack. If the risk factor stated in this report is high, this is the opinion of the inspector and should encourage awareness that increased vigilance is warranted and that recommendations for the reduction of unfavourable conditions that increase the chances of termite activity must be strictly observed. It is strongly recommended that a comprehensive timber pest inspection by a qualified timber pest inspector is under-taken every 6-12 months (or more frequently if specified in the report). Regular inspections DO NOT prevent timber pest attack. Regular inspections increase the chance of the early detection of timber pest activity thereby limiting the structural damage that may occur. The overall degree of risk of Timber Pest Infestation cited in this report is a subjective assessment by the inspector at the time of the inspection, taking into account many factors which include, but are not limited to, location and proximity to bushland and trees and/or other timber structures, evidence of timber pest damage or activity close to the inspected structure or within the inspected structure, conducive conditions that raise the potential of timber pest attack, such as timbers in contact with soil, inaccessible areas, slab on ground construction, or other factors that, in the inspector's opinion, raise the risk of future timber pest attack.

A more thorough INVASIVE INSPECTION is available. Where any current visible evidence of Timber Pest activity is found it is strongly recommended that a more invasive inspection is performed. Trees and stumps on the property with a diameter in excess of 100mm have been visually inspected for evidence of termite activity to a height of 2m where access was possible and practical. It is very difficult, and generally impossible to locate termite nests since they are underground and evidence in trees is usually well concealed. We therefore strongly recommend that you arrange to have trees test drilled for evidence of termite nests.

RESOURCE LIBRARY

Where reference is made to the Residential Reports Resource library, you may access this content by clicking here.



ENERGY EFFICIENCY RATING FACT SHEET

QUICK FACTS

- Sellers of residential properties are required to provide an Energy Efficiency Rating (EER) to potential buyers. (This is known as mandatory energy efficiency disclosure.)
- The EER forms part of the Sale Contract and must be published in all advertising material.
- The EER rating system uses computer simulations to assess the potential thermal comfort of your home.
- The more stars, the less likely the occupants need cooling or heating to stay comfortable.
- The ACT Government has two systems in place for Energy Ratings:

One is for established homes (1st Generation Software)

One is for new homes (2nd Generation Software)

Residential Reports (and all other companies preparing reports for the sale of a property on an existing Canberra home that has been previously occupied) are required to use 1st Generation Software.

- The consumption of energy in the home for heating, cooling, hot water or lighting and other appliances IS NOT considered in the application of 1st generation software when calculating the EER rating.
- Many aspects of solar passive designs are also not able to be accounted for in 1st Generation Software.

WHAT IS RATED?

The rating is dependent on:

- Layout of the home
- Construction of its roof, walls, windows and floor
- Wall, floor and ceiling insulations
- Orientation of windows and shading of the sun's path and local breezes
- Influence of the local climate

WHY IS THERE A DISCREPANCY BETWEEN MY OLD EER AND MY NEW EER?

 Increasingly, in a number of circumstances particularly where new homes have been rated using 2nd generation software and are now being offered for sale where the rating must be conducted using 1st generation software, there can be a significant variation between the two ratings:

1st generation software rates to 6 stars

2nd generation software may rate up to 10 stars

 ACT Legislation currently PROHIBITS Inspectors from assuming insulation values which may have been the case previously. Documented proof or visual sighting is now required to verify the existence and rating of insulation.

Your Energy Rating is calculated using software approved by the ACT Government.





Certificate of Currency

Policy Number BP20200022

Item 1 The Insured: Residential Reports Pty Ltd

Item 2 Address: 35 Poynton Street

HUGHES ACT 2605

Item 3 Professional Services covered by this policy:

Pre Purchase Building Inspections (AS4349.1)

Special Purpose Building Inspections

Energy Rating Reports Urban Pest Management

Termite Management including inspections - existing buildings and structures (AS3660.2)

Timber Pest Inspections (AS4349.3)

Item 4 Description of the Policy: Professional Indemnity & Broadform Liability (CGU PIB 03-17)

Item 5 Period of Insurance: From 20/07/2025 To 4.00 pm on 20/07/2026

Item 6 Particulars of Risk:

Civil Liability Professional

Indemnity

6.1 The Policy Limit is \$5,000,000 which includes all policy sections

6.2 The Policy Excess is \$20,000 6.3 The Retroactive Date is 20/07/2020

Public Liability

6.4 Sum Insured \$20,000,000 6.5 Excess \$2,500

Date and Place of Issue 21/07/2025 Melbourne, Victoria

Signed for and on behalf of Insurance Australia Limited ABN 11 000 016 722

BUSE

Najibi Bisso, Manager

This Certificate of Currency Indicates policy cover effective as at the date of Issue only



YOUR HOUSE ENERGY RATING IS: $\bigstar \bigstar \bigstar$ 3.5 STARS

in Climate: 24 SCORE: -17 POINTS

Name: David John Cahill Ref No: 43989

House Title: Block 14 Section 18 Date: 1-09-2025

Address: 33 Wellington Street

Ngunnawal 2913

Reference: C:\REPORTS\...\33 WELLINGTON STREET NGUNNAWAL

IMPROVING YOUR RATING

The table below shows the current rating of your house and its potential for improvement.

		РО	OR		AVERAGE			GOOD				V.	GOOD	
Star Rating	0 \$	Star	7	*	*	*	*	**	**	**	**	***	**	***
Point Score		-71	-70	-46	-45	-26	-25	-11	-10	4	5	16	17	
	Г								ſ					
Current	-17													
]
Potential	21													

Incorporating these design options will add the additional points required to achieve the potential rating shown in the table Each point represents about a 1% change in energy efficiency. This list is only a guide to the range of options that could be used.

Design options	Α	dditional points
Change added wall insulation Change added floor insulation Change glass to Double Glazing	R 2.5 R 2.5 100 %	3 12 8
Change curtain to	Heavy Drapes & Pelmet	s 15

FirstRate Mode	
Climate: 24	

RATING SUMMARY for: Block 14 Section 18, 33 Wellington Street, Ngunnawal

Assessor's Name: Lindsay Collison

A3363301 3 Nai		isay Collison						Points	
Feature							Winter	Summer	Total
CEILING							7	1	7
Surface Area:	0	Insulation:	8	8			1		
WALL							3	0	3
Surface Area:	-1	Insulation:	4	4 N	lass:	0			
FLOOR							-3	0	-3
Surface Area:	0	Insulation:	-	3 N	lass:	0			
AIR LEAKAG	E (Percen	tage of sco	re shown	for eac	ch element)		-1	-1	-2
Fire Place		0 %	Vented S	Skylights		0 %			
Fixed Vents		0 %	Windows	6		19 %			
Exhaust Fans		24 %	Doors			49 %			
Down Lights		0 %	Gaps (ar	ound frai	mes)	8 %			
DESIGN FEA	TURES						0	1	1
Cross Ventilation	า	1							
ROOF GLAZI	NG						0	0	0
Winter Gain		0	Winter Lo	oss		0			
WINDOWS							-26	-7	-33
Window	А	rea		Poi	nt Scores				
Direction	m2	%NCFA	Winter* Loss	Winte Gain		Total			
NNE	8	6%	-15	10	-2	-7			
ESE	2	2%	-4	1	-1	-3			
SSW	9	7%	-14	3	-3	-13			
NNW	7	6%	-13	5	-1	-9			
Total	26	21%	-46	20	-7	-33]		

^{*} Air movement over glazing can significantly increase winter heat losses. SEAV recommends heating/cooling duct outlets be positioned to avoid air movement across glass or use deflectors to direct air away from glass.

The contribution	of heavyweight materials to th	e window score is -1 points	Winter	Summer	Total
RATING	***	SCORE	-20	-6	-17*

^{*} includes 10 points from Area Adjustment

Detailed House Data

House Details

ClientName HouseTitle StreetAddress Suburb

David John Cahill Block 14 Section 18 33 Wellington Street Ngunnawal 2913

Postcode AssessorName

Lindsay Collison 1-09-2025 FileCreated

Comments

Climate Details

State Town

Canberra Postcode 2600 Zone 24

Floor Details

<u>ID</u>	<u>Construction</u>	Sub Floor	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Shared</u>	<u>Foil</u>	Carpet	Ins RValue	<u>Area</u>
1	Timber	Enclosed	No	No	No	Carp	R0.0	82.7m ²
2	Timber	Enclosed	No	No	No	Tiles	R0.0	34.2m ²
3	Timber	Enclosed	No	No	No	Float Ti	mb	
							R0.0	19.4m²

Wall Details

ID	<u>Construction</u>	<u>Shared</u>	Ins RValue	Length	Height
1	Brick Veneer	No	R1.5	44.1m	2.4m
2	Brick Veneer	No	R2.0	4.0m	0.0m

Ceiling Details

<u>ID</u>	<u>Construction</u>	<u>Shared</u>	<u>Foil</u>	<u>Ins RValue</u>	<u>Area</u>
1	Attic - Standard	No	No	R5.0	136.3m ²

Window Details

								Fixed &	Fixed	Head to
<u>ID</u> <u>Dir</u>	<u>Height</u>	Width	<u>Utility</u>	<u>Glass</u>	<u>Frame</u>	<u>Curtain</u>	<u>Blind</u>	<u>Adj Eave</u>	<u>Eave</u>	<u>Eave</u>
1 NNW	2.1m	0.3m	No	SGT	TIMB	NC	No	1.8m	1.8m	0.1m
2 NNW	1.8m	1.8m	No	SG	ALSTD	HB	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
3 NNW	1.8m	1.8m	No	SG	ALSTD	HB	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
4 ESE	1.0m	1.8m	No	SG	ALSTD	HB	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
5 NNE	2.1m	2.7m	No	SG	ALSTD	VB	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
6 NNE	1.2m	1.8m	No	SG	ALSTD	HB	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
7 ESE	1.0m	0.6m	Yes	SG	ALSTD	HB	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
8 SSW	0.7m	0.6m	Yes	SGT	ALSTD	NC	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
9 SSW	1.0m	1.6m	Yes	SGT	ALSTD	NC	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
10 SSW	1.2m	1.8m	No	SG	ALSTD	HB	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
11 SSW	1.2m	1.8m	No	SG	ALSTD	HB	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
12 SSW	1.0m	0.6m	No	SGT	ALSTD	NC	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m
13 SSW	1.2m	1.8m	No	SG	ALSTD	HB	No	0.8m	0.8m	0.1m

Window Shading Details

				Obst	Obst	Obst	Obst	LShape	LShape	LShape	LShape
1	<u>D</u> <u>Dir</u>	<u>Height</u>	Width	<u>Height</u>	<u>Dist</u>	Width	Offset	Left Fin	Left Off	Right Fin	Right Off
1	NNW	2.1m	0.3m	2.2m	1.8m	1.9m	-0.9m	1.8m	0.9m	0.0m	0.0m
2	NNW	1.8m	1.8m	2.2m	1.8m	1.9m	0.0m	7.7m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m

3	NNW	1.8m	1.8m	2.2m	1.8m	1.9m	-3.0m	7.7m	3.0m	7.7m	3.2m
4	ESE	1.0m	1.8m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	7.9m	1.2m
5	NNE	2.1m	2.7m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0m	4.0m	0.8m	0.0m	0.0m
6	NNE	1.2m	1.8m	0.0 m	0.0m	0.0m	0.0 m	4.0m	5.4m	4.0m	0.8m

Zoning Details

Is there Cross Flow Ventilation? Good

Air Leakage Details

Location	Suburban
Is there More than One Storey?	No
Is the Entry open to the Living Area?	Yes
Is the Entry Door Weather Stripped?	No
Area of Heavyweight Mass	0m²
Area of Lightweight Mass	0m²

7 3 2. <u>2. g</u> 3.g		•
Chimneys Vents Fans Downlights Skylights Utility Doors External Doors	<u>Sealed</u> 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	UnSealed 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 0
Unflued Gas Heate Percentage of Win Windows - Average External Doors - Av Gaps & Cracks Se	dows Sealed e Gap verage Gap	0 98% Small Small Yes

Rater Comments

House Details

ClientName David John Cahill
HouseTitle Block 14 Section 18
StreetAddress 33 Wellington Street
Suburb Ngunnawal

Postcode Ngunna Postcode 2913

AssessorName Lindsay Collison FileCreated 1-09-2025

Rater Comments

MEASUREMENTS USED IN THIS ASSESSMENT

The Energy Rating recorded in this assessment is determined by assessing many elements of the structure and interior treatments including window and floor coverings. The area of external walls and windows, ceiling and floors are part of the assessment.

Some measurements used in this assessment may be nominal. Every effort is made by the assessor to accurately calculate the dimensions of property. However, often accurate and comprehensive plans indicating all dimensions of an existing property, particularly following alterations and extensions are not always available. The reader of this report should not rely on the accuracy of any dimensions used when making critical decisions relating to those dimensions. The assessor will not accept any liability should any discrepancy be revealed.

DESIGN OPTIONS

The design option suggestions to improve this energy rating may be additional to elements already in place. For example, the option to install 'Heavy Drapes and Pelmets' will take into account windows that already have Heavy Drapes and Pelmets installed. Insulation recommendations will take into account existing insulation values.

Some recommendations for improvement will not be practical in all circumstances. For example, if the dwelling is built on a concrete slab, it will be possible to install floor insulation.

DOOR SEALS AND WEATHER STRIPS

A wooden framed door is only considered to be sealed when a draft extruding device is fitted to the bottom of the door AND sealing tape or felt is fitting to the timber frame around the door opening.

WINDOW GLAZING RATIOS

Glazing areas in one direction greater than 25% of the nett conditioned floor area will reduce the Energy Efficiency Rating.

CONVEYANCING BUILDING FILE INDEX

_										
CLIBLIBB.	NICHININI AVAZAT	CECTION	40	DI OCK	4.4	LINUT.	NI/A	EX GOV:	NO	ı
SUBURB:	NGUNNAWAL	SECTION:	18	BLOCK:	14	UNIT:	N/A	EX GOV:	NO	1

COU ISSUED Y/N	PLAN NUMBER	FOLIO NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	AMEND	DETAILS	PERMIT NUMBER	COU PLAN NO. & DATE
Y	84327/A	1	NEW RESIDENCE				
		7				84327/A	
		24					84327/A 10/12/1993

For any incomplete approvals please email acbuildingconveyance@act.gov.au for further information on how to complete.

Drainage Plan Number: 58260

Survey: Y (1)

Comments:





CONVEYANCING PART 2

No information is provided in respect of electrical, drainage or sewer matters and or to the location of overhead power lines or underground cables in relation to the building.

		<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
1.	(a) Is this a government or ex government house?		
	(b) If yes, is there a building file with approvals on it?		
2.	Is there any record of incomplete building work on the building file? If yes - file copies attached		
3.	Are there any records on the building file of current (within 5 years) housing Indemnity insurance policies for building work? If yes - file copies attached		
4.	Are there any records on the building file showing building applications still being processed? (Current within 3 years) If yes - file copies attached		
5.	Are there any records on the building file in relation to loose-fill asbestos insulation?		
	If available, copies of the following documents are provided:		
	Certificate/s of Occupancy and Use		
	Survey Certificates		
	 Unit Plan/Unit Entitlements (if property is unit titled) 		
	Approved Building Plans		
	Ex- government Building Plans*		
	If requested:		
	Drainage Plan(s)		
You shou insulatio www.asl	Government is not able to guarantee the accuracy of the information in this report. Ild make your own enquiries and obtain reports (from a licensed Asbestos Assessor) in relation to the (and other forms of asbestos) on the premises. For more information go to the Asbestos Awarer pestos.act.gov.au	ness Webs	site –
part of a	ote: Development Approval plans will not be included in this report (We do not receive Developme Building Approval in which case they become Building Approval Plans), if development approval was evelopment Approval plans from ACEPDcustomerservices@act.gov.au .		
Initial bu Certifica The first	ote: Building approvals that have been generated via eDevelopment will be issued with a project nilding approval documentation will be identified with project number B20XXXXX only but will be refer of Occupancy and Use. Any amendments to the original approval will be issued with the project amendment will be identified as B20XXXX/B, the second amendment B20XXXX/C etc. Not all eDevelopment number.	ferenced a	as B20XXXX/A on the and an alphanumeric digit.
	ernment plans: Plans are typical and not specific to each residence. There may be slight changes to e not required to be approved.	the layou	t or window locations
Search	officer comments (if any?)		
Search	officer initials: Lisa Cost of application: \$ 144.79 Date comp	leted:	30/07/2025

SCOTT D McNIVEN & ASSOCIATES
CONSULTING LAND & ENGINEERING SURVEYORS

Pty Ltd

ACN 052 870 747

Telephone: Mobile: (06) 290 2369 (018) 625 324

Rybak & Co Pty Ltd 8 Endeavour Cres WESTMEADOWS VIC 3049

PUNDING SEC

46 Colling St Pearce ACT 2607

OUR REF: 93/76

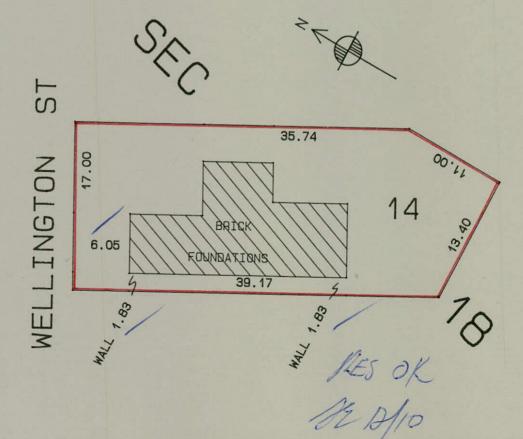
93/76

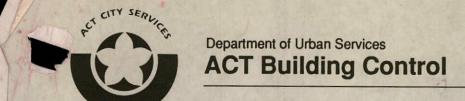
Dear Sir.

As instructed by you we have surveyed for identification purposes only the land being Block 14 Section 18 in Deposited Plan 8368 with a frontage to Wellington St, Ngunnawal in the District of Gungarlin of the Australian Capital Territory.

- * The subject land is shown by red edging on the diagram.
- * Standing upon and wholly within the boundaries of the subject land are the brick foundations of a residence in the course of construction.
- * The relationship of the foundations with respect to the boundaries is as indicated on the diagram.
- * This survey report is with respect to the brick foundations only.
- * This survey report is for the purpose of obtaining a Building Certificate only and should not be used to set out future additions.

Yours Faithfully
Scott D. McNiven
Registered Surveyor
31 August, 1993





GPO Box 158, Canberra ACT 2601

Certificate of Occupancy or Use

Persuant to Part V	V of the Buildi	ing Act 1972,	the buil	ding consistin	ng of a
situated at Division: Ngunawal	Section:	Block:	Unit:		
is considered to be requirements for considered to be requirements.					
Approved plan id's	s included in t	chis certifica	ite:		
Project Number: 22 Classes of occupar Name of Permit Hol	ncy: 01		1:	TRIMS Number:	84327
Fit for occupancy	or use pursuar	nt S 53[3]			
Endorsements:					
			N 1998 May 1999 MAY 1998 MAY 1998 (
and the seed and part and the man and and are only gard that has been and the					
	Mark Sales				1000000

The issue of this Certificate does not affect the liability of a person to comply with the provisions of a law of the Territory (including the Building Act) relating to the building work nor does it authorise the user of the land contrary to a provision, convenant or condition of lease.

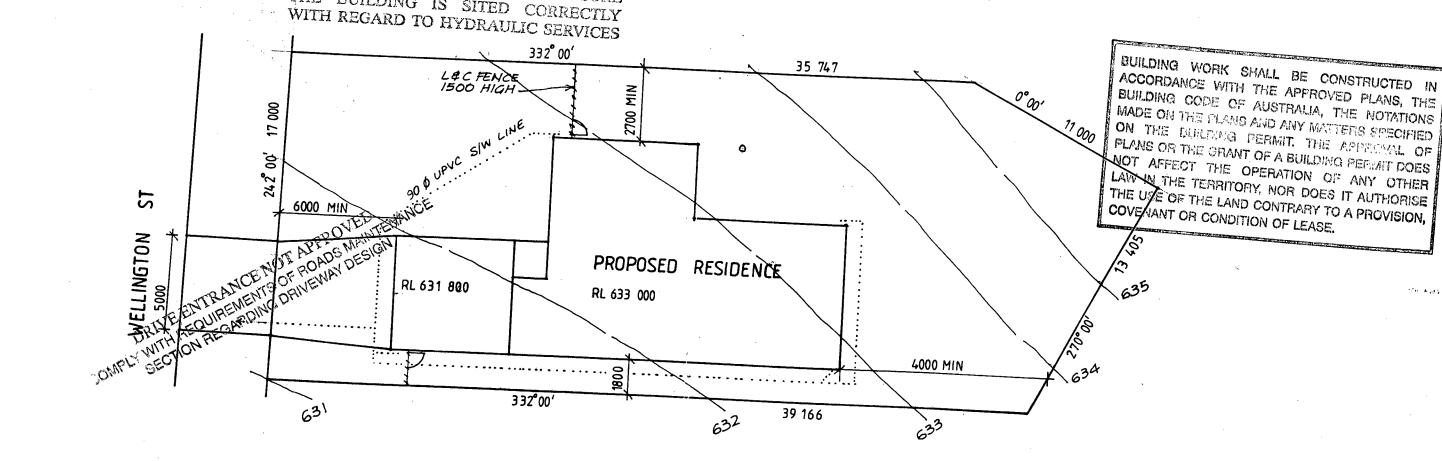
Deputy Building Controller

10,12,93

CANBERRA SEWERAGE AND WATER SUPPLY REGULATIONS THIS PLAN INCLUDES WORK SUBJECT TO THE ABOVE "EGULATIONS WHICH MUST BE CARRIED OUT BY A LICENSER!



THE FERMIT HOLDER IS TO LIAISE WITH THE LAND DEVELOPER TO ENSURE THE BUILDING IS SITED CORRECTLY



PERMIT HOLDER TO ZIMISE WITH ACTEW FOR ELECTRICAL SERVICE LAYOUT.

APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION BY THE HOLDER OF A " CLASS LICENCE."

CLASS OF OCCUPANCY.

LASS OF OCCUPANCY.

DEPUTY BUILDING CONTROLLER UNDER BUILDING ACT 1872 /// 600 A 8 JUN 1993/

SITE PLAN

BUILDINGS (DESIGN & SITING) ACT 1830 (AS AMENDED) APPHO L. GRANTED PURSUALT TO SECTION 6

- JUN 1993

AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY
PLANNING AUTHORITY

THIS APPROVAL DOES NOT SUPERSEDE THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE BUILDING CODE OF



PROPOSED RESIDENCE BLOCK 14 SECTION 18 NGUNNAWAL

SCALE 1: 200 DATE 22 5 93

DRG No 93-19-1

PLANS/FILE No. \$432777 Received ACT Building Control 2 8 MAY 1993

ACT Government Services 6010 7500 8000 7700 3010 250 4050 90 510 90 3010 250 See Building Note 3 and Part B1.3 of the **Building Code of Australia** 5440 5660 living 2100±2400 1200 × 1800 S DOOR Mandatory In Eation see Building Note: an page 1200 × 1200 1500 ARCH dining 1510 porch Building Code of Australia garage 84 2-720 SD bed 2 bed 1 2-720 SD BATH 1200 × 1800 1000-1500 5690 230 90, 2010 90,510,90 27/0 90, 1810 90,900 90 1610 250 **AREAS** 23,200 BUILDINGS RESIDENCE SITIRE)

ACT 193 PORCAMENDED) 3

APP GARAGERAN BED

PURSUANT TO SECTION 6 FLOOR PLAN AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY PLANNING AUTHORITY

FORCE HOMES

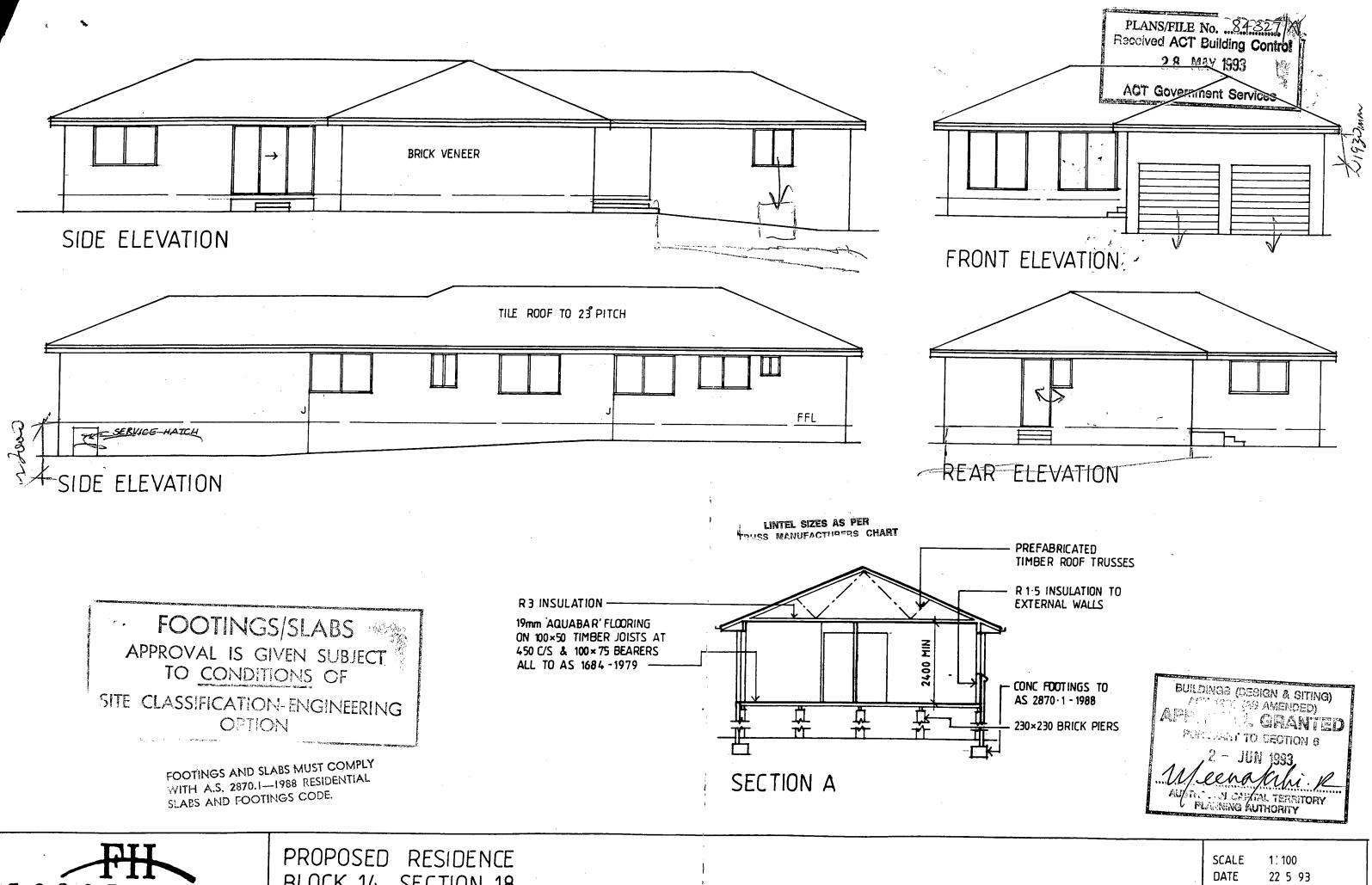
Sutto 2 21 Albert Read South Melbourne 3025

[elephone (7) 590 5909 Mobile (79) 353 503 504 504 505

PROPOSED RESIDENCE BLOCK 14 SECTION 18 NGUNNAWAL

SCALE 1: 100 DATE 22 5 93

DRG No 93-19-2



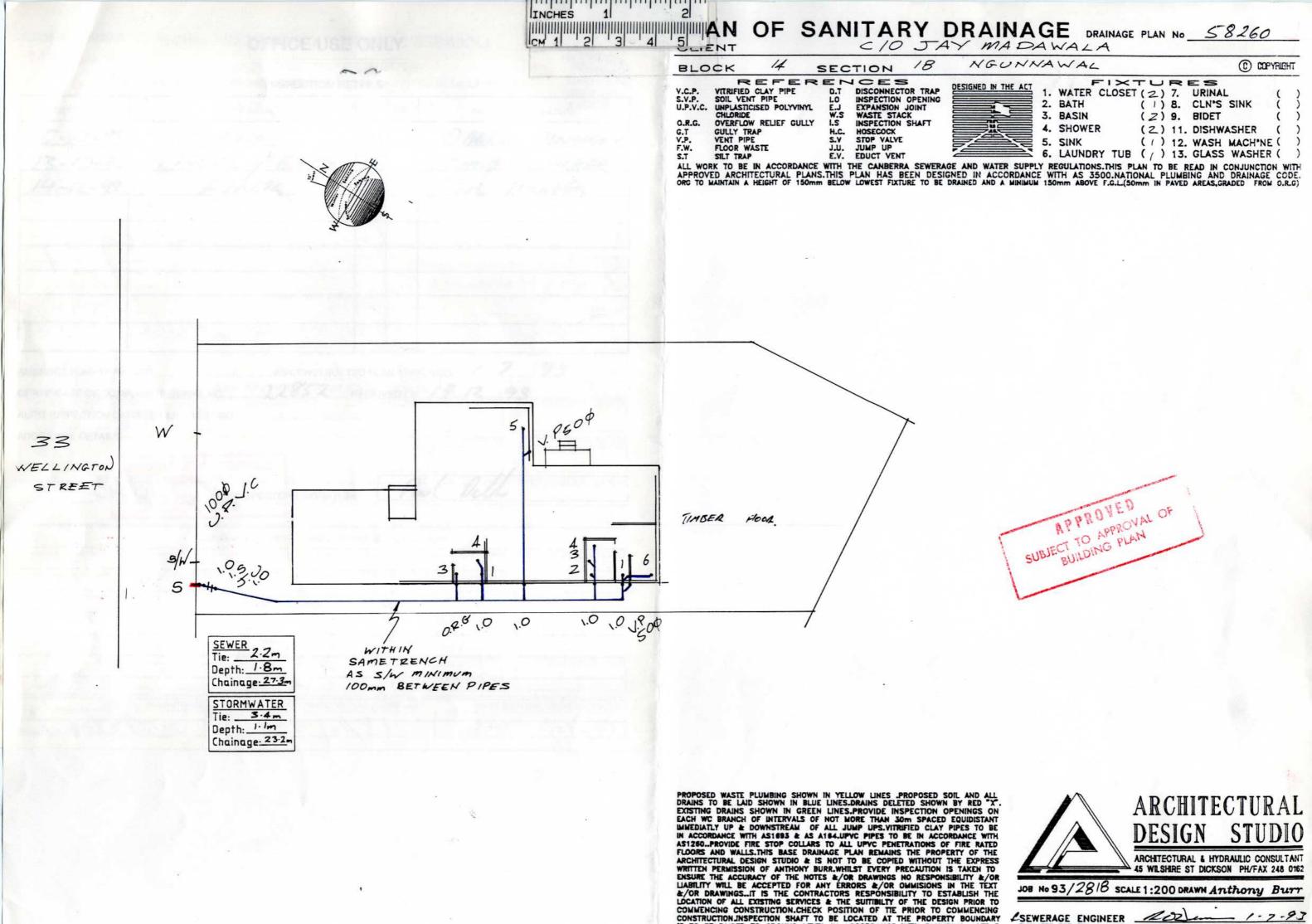
FORCE HOMES

Sulto 2 24 Albert Read South Melbourne 2025

Telephone 03 690 5999 Mobile 018 352 183 Fax 83 890 0018

PROPOSED RESIDENCE BLOCK 14 SECTION 18 NGUNNAWAL

DRG No 93-19-3



PAYMENT PENDING

As per terms and conditions in the Residential Reports Client Guarantee

Tax Invoice



Inspection Number 43989

Please ensure this number is used when making payment

24 July 2025 David John Cahill

For the Property at: 33 Wellington Street Ngunnawal ACT 2913

PRE-ASSESSMENT + RAPID INSPECTIONS PACKAGE	
Pre-Assessment Inspection & Report (Vendor's expense \$500 + gst)	\$550.00
Access Canberra conveyancing fees (no GST)	181.00
Property Inspection and Report (package price)	520.00
Timber Pest Inspection and Report (package price)	490.00
Building Compliance Inspection and Report (package price)	475.45
First Rate Energy Efficiency Inspection & Report	0.00
Subtotal	1,666.45
Total GST	148.55
TOTAL INC GST	\$2365.00

Thank you for your business

We offer comprehensive Pest Management Solutions! Call now to book your regular Pest Control Service

No Pay Package Conditions: This invoice must be paid on settlement or within 180 days of the date of inspection, whichever comes first. We must be notified immediately if the property is not marketed within 3 months or is withdrawn from the market and the invoice must be settled within 14 days. Failure to adhere to these terms will result in associated legal and collection fees being applied to amount due.

PAYMENT OPTIONS	
X PEXA	To avoid unallocated payments please use reference number: 43989
Credit Card	Please call 6288 0402 to provide card details. Your account is not debited until the day reports are released. Providing these details as soon as possible will ensure there is no delay when reports are ready.
Direct Deposit	Account Name: Residential Reports BSB: 012-997 Account Number: 2269 05945 Reference: 43989 IMPORTANT : <u>PLEASE</u> ensure this unique ID is used



A PERCENTAGE OF EVERY JOB IS DONATED TO OUR WITHOUT A ROOF PROGRAM

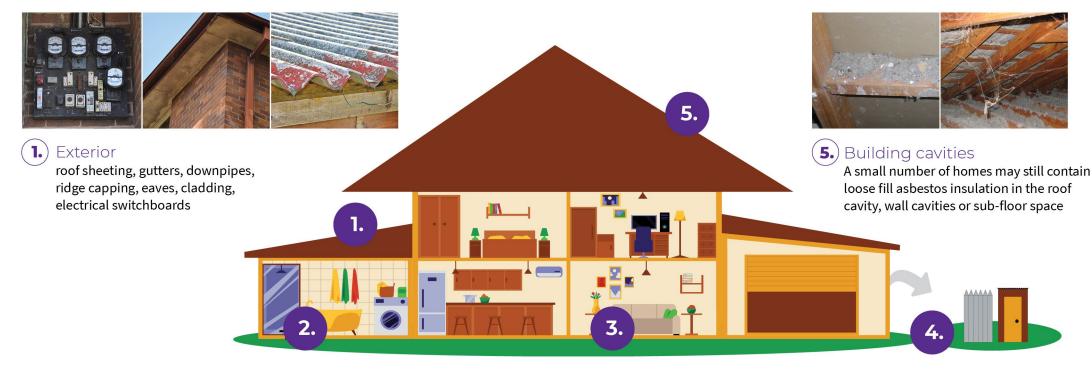
Every year we step into hundreds of homes, yet in our region there are still so many people living without acceptable, permanent or safe shelter. A percentage from each inspection we conduct is contributed to our in-house program 'Without a Roof' and periodically donated to make small changes to this big issue. To find out more visit residentialreports.com.au

If a home was built before 1990

it may contain dangerous asbestos material



Identify where asbestos materials might be. Five common places are:





2. Wet areas - bathroom, laundry and kitchen wall and ceiling panels, vinyl floor tiles, backing for wall tiles and splashbacks, hot water pipe insulation



 Internal areas wall and ceiling panels, carpet underlay, textured paints, insulation in domestic heaters



4. Backyard fences, sheds, garages, carports, dog kennels, buried or dumped waste, letterboxes, swimming pools

If a home was built before 1990

it may contain dangerous asbestos material



Assess the risk

A licensed asbestos assessor can help identify asbestos in your home and its condition.

Asbestos materials become dangerous when:



Broken or in poor condition



Damaged accidentally



Disturbed during renovation or repairs







- Monitor the condition of asbestos in your home
- · Inform tradespeople of locations of asbestos in your home
- · Avoid disturbing or damaging asbestos if working on your home
- Engage a licensed asbestos removalist to remove asbestos



Loose fill asbestos insulation



If you suspect your home contains loose fill asbestos insulation, contact Access Canberra.